368-15	( 8/10/2009	(		Jack
Offi Regi	RONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY ce of Pesticide Programs stration Division (7505P) Ariel Rios Building ) Pennsylvania Ave., NW	EPA Reg. Number: 71368-15	Date of Issuance: AUG <b>10</b> 2009	
NOTICE OI	/ashington, D.C. 20460 F PESTICIDE:	Term of Issuance:		
<u> </u>	gistration registration A, as amended)	Name of Pesticide Pro Weedone 2,4-1		
registration must be submitted	ering in substance from that accepte to and accepted by the Registration idence on this product always refer	Division prior t	to use of the label	
in no way to be construed as an	e Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and endorsement or recommendation environment, the Administrator, or	of this product b his motion, may	y the Agency. In y at any time	
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3) The Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals must be revised to read:

## "DANGER

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Corrosive. Causes skin burns. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals."

4) The handler PPE section must be revised to read:

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"Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, or viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixer, loaders and pilots and any handler using engineering controls must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,

Shoes and socks,

In addition mixers and loaders

In addition, mixers and loaders must wear chemical-resistant gloves and a chemical-resistant apron.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

All other handlers (including handlers performing tasks such as spill clean-up) must wear: Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, Goggles or faceshield, Chemical-resistant gloves, Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure, and Chemical-resistant apron, if exposed to the concentrate."
5) The text in **bold type** below must be added to the following User Safety Requirements:

"... If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water..."

6) The first sentence of the Environmental Hazard text must be revised to read "This pesticide *is* toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates."

7) The text "Do not forage or feed corn fodder for 7 days following application" conflicts with the required text "Do not permit meat or dairy animals to consume treated crop as fodder or forage for 30 days following application," both in the sorghum use directions, and must be deleted.

Note: Replace "s" with "as" in the text that reads "Do not permit meat or dairy animals to consume treated crop  $\underline{s}$ ..." also appearing in the sorghum use directions.

8) The rate up to 2 2/3 quarts (3.59 lbs ae) per acre to treat sand sage, sagebrush, shinnery oak

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and other 2,4-D susceptible woody species under the heading 'Pasture and Rangeland' exceeds the allowable rate of 2.0 lbs ae per acre per application. The label must be revised.

9) The rate of up to 2 2/3 pints (1.79 lb ae) per acre to treat ornamental turf exceeds the allowable rate of 1.5 lbs ae per acre per application. The label must be revised.

10) To the label add "Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in Washington Toxics Coalition, et. al. v. EP, C01-0132C, (W.D. WA). For further information, please refer to http://www.epa.gov/espp".

11) On page 13, specify "other grass areas". On page 14, change "such as fencerows" to "including fencerows". On page 16, change "such as forest site" to "including forest site".

12) Delete "General Use" on page 3. This is an implied safety claim which is prohibited on pesticide labeling.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. You must submit one copy of the final printed label before you release the product for shipment. Products shipped after 12 months from the date of this letter or the next printing of the label whichever occurs first, must bear the new revised label. This label supercedes all previously accepted labels. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA. If you have any questions please call Erik Kraft at 703-308-9358 or email at Kraft.Erik@epa.gov.

# WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> 2,4-D 2-EHE GEL

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## **Broadleaf Herbicide**

**GEL-TEC<sup>™</sup> Water Soluble Paks** 

Weed and Brush Control in Small Grains, Corn, Soybeans, Rangeland, Pastures, Roadsides Fencerows, Turf and other Non-Crop Areas.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:		
2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester*		
OTHER INGREDIENTS:		<u>14.5%</u>
	TOTAL:	
By Isomer Specific AOAC Method, Equivalent to:		
2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid		

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER / PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

SEE INSIDE BOOKLET FOR FIRST AID AND ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call (877) 325-1840

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated: AUG 10 2009

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Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

Manufactured For NUFARM INC. 150 Harvester Drive Burr Ridge, IL 60527



EPA REG. NO. 71368-15 EPA EST. NO.

NET CONTENTS

71368-00015.20090205.2,4-D RED

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER / PELIGRO

Corrosive. Causes burns and irreversible eye injury. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

#### All mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks plus
- Chemical resistant gloves, when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, applying with any handheld nozzle or equipment, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate
- Chemical-resistant apron when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.
- Protective eyewear

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

#### Engineering Control Statement:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE (personal protective equipment) requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS. Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (6)].

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Users Should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

	FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
IF SWALLOWED	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>	
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
IF INHALED	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
HOT LINE NUMBER Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-325-1840 for emergency medical treatment information.		
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the usage of gastric lavage.		

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide may be toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

This product has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this product in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

MIXING AND LOADING: Most cases of ground water contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of ground water supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent ground water contamination.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read the entire label before using this product. Use strictly in accordance with label precautionary statements and directions.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statement of this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to users of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the WPS, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material and shoes plus socks.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the WPS for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural crops on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

#### **GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS**

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not use in or near a greenhouse. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not use the same spray equipment for other purposes unless thoroughly cleaned. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

Do not apply WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL Broadleaf Herbicide directly to, or permit spray mist to drift onto cotton, okra, grapes, tomatoes, fruit trees, vegetables, flowers or other desirable crop or ornamental plants which are susceptible to 2,4-D herbicide. Do not apply near susceptible plants since very small quantities of the 2,4-D will cause severe injury during the growing or dormant periods. Crops contacted by WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL Broadleaf Herbicide sprays or spray drift may be killed or suffer significant stand loss with extensive quality and yield reduction.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL is formulated as a gelatinous mixture containing 5.4 lb of 2,4-D acid equivalent per gallon present as the 2ethylhexyl ester (2-EHE). In cropland, this product is more effective than amines for controlling hard-to-kill weeds such as bindweed, thistle, smartweeds, wild garlic, curled dock, tansy ragwort and wild onions. INJURY TO CROPS FROM THIS HERBICIDE MAY OCCUR. IF YOU ARE NOT PREPARED TO ACCEPT SOME DEGREE OF CROP INJURY, DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT.

Crop varieties vary in response to 2,4-D and some are easily injured. Apply this product to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. If you are uncertain concerning tolerant varieties or local use situations that may affect crop tolerance to 2,4-D, consult your seed company, state Agricultural Extension Service or qualified crop consultant for advice.

#### MIXING, LOADING AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS: Each WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL water soluble pak comes sealed in a clear plastic outer sleeve. Do not break the seal until the time of use. To use, open the end of the outer sleeve by tearing along the printed solid black line. Do not use a knife or other sharp object to break the seal. Once the outer protective sleeve is open, the water soluble pak inside can be dropped into the spray tank at the appropriate time without touching it.

WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL ALONE: Add enough water to the spray tank to prime the system (about 6 to 8 inches for most sprayers), and drop the needed number of WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL water soluble paks into the tank, distributing them across the bottom. After the paks have soaked for 2 minutes, start the agitation and agitate thoroughly for 2 minutes. With the agitation on, continue to fill the spray tank to the desired level. Agitate during spraying. If spraying must be stopped before emptying the sprayer, resume agitation prior to completing application of the load.

WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL TANK-MIXTURES: Follow all use directions as listed above under WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL ALONE with the following exception: After the WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL water soluble paks have been thoroughly mixed and after water was added to fill the tank 1/2 full, add the recommended amount of wettable powder, soluble powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, or soluble liquid product, while maintaining agitation. If a spray additive is needed, add a liquid fertilizer, surfactant, or crop oil concentrate to the spray tank. Continue adding water to the tank to achieve the desired level, while maintaining agitation.

WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL TANK-MIXTURES WITH PRODUCTS IN WATER-SOLUBLE PACKAGING: Follow all use directions as listed above under WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL ALONE with the following exception: Add the desired number of other water-soluble paks to the tank (if allowed by their label instructions) at the same time the WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL paks are added to the spray tank.

NOTE: Do not mix WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL when using liquid fertilizer as a carrier.

#### HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- Do not allow the empty outer sleeve or the tear-strip to fall into the spray tank as they are not water soluble and may clog the sprayer.
- Do not handle the inner pak with wet gloves as the pak will begin to dissolve on contact with even a small amount of water.
- Do not open the inner paks or attempt to remove the gel from them. The gel is not designed to be re-measured or subdivided.
- The PVA pak should not be opened and partial pak not used for a tankmix.
- The entire contents of the water soluble pak must be used.
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#### WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL RATE RECOMMENDATIONS

WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL is a 5.4 lb per gallon formulation packaged in water-soluble paks. Each WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL watersoluble pak contains one liter of the herbicide. To determine how many paks of WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL to use, consult the application rate tables and recommendation charts for the crop to be sprayed. In those charts, the WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL use rates are given in pints/acre. Once the WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL application rate per acre is selected, consult the following tables to determine how many paks to use per acre when mixing the spray.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, air blast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

#### Droplet Size

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D as the sole active ingredient, or when applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with active ingredients that require a Coarse or coarser spray, apply only as a Coarse or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 385 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with other active ingredients that require a Medium or more fine spray, apply only as a Medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

#### Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind. If applying a Medium spray, leave one swath unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

#### Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

#### Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

#### Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

#### Equipment

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Additional requirements for aerial applications:

The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. This requirement does not apply to forestry or rights-of-way applications.

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Additional requirements for ground boom application:

Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Additional requirements for liquid products applied as a spray and containing an ester form of 2,4-D (e.g. 2,4-D butoxyethyl ester, 2,4-D ethylhexyl ester, 2,4-D isopropyl ester):

2,4-D esters may volatilize during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures. Do not apply during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures.

#### WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL APPLICATION RATE CHART

- 1. Select the WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL use rate in pints per acre.
- Select number of acres to be treated in the column under the recommended use rate.
- The number of WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL paks needed is listed in the far left hand column.

WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL USE RATE/A	1/3 Pint	1/2 Pint	2/3 Pint	1-1/3 Pint	2 Pints
NUMBER OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL PAKS TO USE	ACRES TREATED PER PAK				
1	10	6-2/3	5	2-1/2	1-2/3
2	20	13-1/3	10	5	3-1/3
3	30	20	15	7-1/2	5
4	40	26-2/3	20	10	6-2/3
5	50	33-1/3	25	12-1/2	8-1/3
6	60	40	30	15	10
7	70	46-2/3	35	17-1/2	11-2/3
8	80	53-1/3	40	20	13-1/3
9	90	60	45	22-1/2	15
10	100	66-2/3	50	25	16-2/3

Note: Each pak contains 3-1/3 pints of WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL.

#### **GENERAL WEED LIST**

#### ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL WEEDS

annual yellow sweetclover \*beggarticks bull thistle coffeeweed common broomweed \*knotweed \*mallow (venice, dward, little) marshelder morning glory (common, ivy, woolly) mustards (except blue mustard) salsify (western or common) \*smartweeds (annual species) sowthistle (annual or spiny) sunflower velvetleaf common burdock common cocklebur common evening primrose common lambsquarters croton Texas or woolly) hairy galinsoga jimsonweed pepperweeds (except perennial) \*\*pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.) prickly lettuce ragweed (common, giant) rough fleabane \*Russian thistle

#### PERENNIAL WEEDS

\*alfalfa \*bindweeds (hedge, field & European) blue lettuce \*Canada thistle catnip chickory dandelion \*docks \*dogbames \*goldenrod \*ground ivy \*hawkweed (orange) healall \*hoary cress Jerusalem – artichoke \*many-flowered aster \*nettles (including stinging) plantains \*vervains vetches \*wild carrot wild lettuce wild parsnips wild radish

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sowthistle (perennial) \*tansy ragwort \*vervains \*western ironweed \*wild garlic \*wild onion

\*These species may require repeat applications and/or use of the higher rate recommended on this product label even under ideal conditions for applications.

\*\*Control of pigweeds in the High Plains area of Texas and Oklahoma may not be satisfactory with this product.

### SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

### **CEREAL GRAINS**

Wheat, Barley and Rye

(not underseeded with legumes)

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Postemergence: Annual and biennial weeds Perennial broadleaf weeds	1/3 to 1-1/3* 2/3 to 1-1/3*	Apply after grain is fully tillered (usually about 4 to 8 inches high) but not forming joints in the stem. Do not spray grain in boot to dough stage.
Wild onion or garlic	1 to 1-1/3*	Apply 1 pint when grain is fully tillered and wild garlic or onion plants are small. Apply 1-1/3 pints after harvest in the crop stubble. For control of new fall growth of wild onion or garlic, refer to FALLOWLAND use directions.
Emergency Weed Control in Wheat Perennial broadleaf weeds	1-4/5*	Apply when weeds are approaching bud stage, but do not spray grain during the boot to dough stage. The 1.85 pints per acre application can produce injury to wheat. Balance the severity of your weed problem against the possibility of crop damage. Where perennial weeds are scattered, spot treatment is suggested to minimize the extent of crop injury.
Preharvest	2/3 to 3/4*	Apply when grains are in the hard dough stage to suppress large weeds that may interfere with harvest. Best results will be obtained when soil moisture is sufficient to induce succulent weed growth.

\*Use the lower rate if small annual and biennial weeds are the major problem. Use the higher rate if perennial weeds or annual and biennial weeds are present which are in the hard-to-kill categories as determined by local experience. The higher rates increase the risk of grain injury and should be used only where the weed control problem justifies the risk of grain damage. Do not apply to grain in the seedling stage.

#### TANK MIXTURES FOR CEREAL GRAINS WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL and BUCTRIL Tank Mixture on Wheat, Barley and Rye

WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL/ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Cereal areas (except Washington, Oregon, idaho, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana)	1/2 to 1 pint + 1 to 1-1/2 pints BUCTRIL <sup>®</sup>	BUCTRIL <sup>®</sup> Broadleaf Herbicide will control some annual weeds that are resistant to WEEDONE <sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL and may be tank mixed with WEEDONE <sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL for broader spectrum weed control on cereal grains.
Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana	1/3 to 2/3 pint + 1-1/2 pints BUCTRIL <sup>®</sup>	TO PREPARE THE SPRAY: First mix WEEDONE <sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL in water, then add the BUCTRIL <sup>®</sup> . Use the higher rates for larger weeds or where weed growth is slow due to dry or cold weather. Apply before weeds are 6 inches high. Use 10 to 20 gallons total spray volume per acre with ground equipment or use 5 to 10 gallons total spray volume with air application. Use higher volume on larger weeds.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON CEREAL GRAINS

- For aerial application on grain: a minimum of 3 to 5 or more gallons of water per acre is recommended. Allow sufficient mixing to dissolve water soluble pak.
- For ground application: a minimum of 10 to 15 gallons of water per acre is recommended for proper spray coverage. Do not mix with oil for crop uses.
- Do not permit dairy animals or meat animals being finished for slaughter to forage treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment.
- · Do not feed treated straw to livestock if a preharvest treatment or emergency treatment as described below is applied.
- · Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- For postemergence applications do not make more than 1 application per crop cycle and do not apply more than 1.85 pints of product per acre per application.
- For preharvest applications do not make more than 1 application per crop cycle and do not apply more than 0.75 pints of product per acre per application
- Do not apply more than 2.6 pints of product per acre per crop cycle.

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Preplant	2/3 to 1-1/3	To control emerged broadleaf weed seedlings or existing cover crops prior to planting corn, apply 7 to 14 days before planting. Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where soil moisture is inadequate for normal weed growth. Use high rate for control of less susceptible weeds or cover crops such as alfalfa.
Preemergence	1-1/3 to 1-1/2	To control broadleaf weeds and suppress annual grasses, apply 3 to 5 days after planting, but before corn emerges. Use high rate on soil high in organic matter. Do not use on light, sandy soil, or where soil moisture is inadequate for normal weed growth.
Postemergence:		
Annual broadleaf weeds	1/3	Avoid spraying just after corn leaves unfold, as injury may occur. Apply when weeds are small and corn is less than 8 inches tall. If corn more than 8 inches tall must be sprayed, use drop pipes.
Perennial broadleaf weeds	1/2 .	Spray when weeds are in the bud to bloom stage. If corn is more than 8 inches tall, use drop pipes to keep spray off corn leaves. Do not spray corn from tassel to dough stage. 2,4-D may make corn brittle. Winds or cultivation may cause stalk breakage while brittle.
Preharvest	2/3 to 1-1/3	After the hard dough (denting) stage, to suppress weeds that interfere with harvest, such as bindweed, cocklebur, dogbane, jimson-weed, ragweed, sunflower and velvetleaf, and to decrease production of weed seeds, spray with air or ground equipment. The high rate will be needed for tough weeds under stress.

FIELD CORN

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#### POPCORN

WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL/ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Preharvest	2/3 to 1-1/3 pints	After the dent stage to suppress weeds that interfere with harvest, such as bindweed, cocklebur, dogbane, jimsonweed, ragweed, sunflower and velvetleaf, and to decrease production of weed seeds, spray with air or ground equipment. The high rate will be needed for weeds under stress. DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON FIELD CORN AND POPCORN

- A minimum application volume of 3 to 5 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground is recommended. Allow sufficient mixing to dissolve water soluble pak.
- Do not use treated crop as fodder for 7 days following application.
- · Do not apply within 7 days of harvest
- For preplant or preemergence applications do not make more than 1 application per crop cycle and do not apply more than 1.5 pints of product per acre per application.
- For postemergence applications do not make more than 1 application per crop cycle and do not apply more than 0.75 pint of product per acre per application.
- For preharvest applications do not make more than 1 application per crop cycle and do not apply more than 2.2 pints of product per acre per application
- Do not apply more than 4.45 pints of product per acre per crop cycle.

Note: Hybrids vary in response to 2,4-D and some are easily injured. Contact seed company or your Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension weed specialists for this information.

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SOYBEANS (Preplant Only)		
WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints_per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Postemergence	1/2 to 2/3	Apply not less than 7 days prior to planting soybeans, when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate on larger weeds and when perennials are present. Some weeds may require repeat treatment for adequate contro (see GENERAL WEED LIST and below).
	2/3 to 1-1/3	Apply not less than 30 days prior to planting soybeans, when weeds are actively growing Some weeds may require repeat treatment for adequate control (see GENERAL WEED LIST and below).
		In addition to those weeds found on the GENERAL WEED LIST, WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL will suppress or control the following broadlear weeds frequently encountered in reduced tillage soybean production systems: bullnettle smallflowered bittercress, Carolina geranium smallflowered bittercup, common and rough cinquefoil, red clover*, horseweed or marestail mousetail, wild mustard, field pennycress, cutlea evening primrose, common purslane, speedwell and Virginia copperleaf.
		*These weeds are only partially controlled.
		Apply no more than 1-1/3 pints of WEEDONE0 2,4-D GEL in one season prior to planting soybeans. After applying, plant soybean seed a deep as practical or at least 1-1/2 to 2 inche deep. Adjust the planter press wheel, necessary, to ensure that planted seed i completely covered.
		If desired, WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL may b applied pre-plant to soybeans in tank mixture with other herbicides such as Poast®, Poas Plus, Roundup®, Roundup D-Pak, Honcho® Gramoxone® Extra, Prowl®, Pursuit® Plus Scepter®, Scepter 70 DG, Squadron® and other that are registered for pre-plant soybean use.
		NOTE: Unacceptable injury to soybeans planter in fields previously treated with WEEDONE® 2,4 D GEL may occur. Whether or not soybean injur occurs and the extent of the injury will depend of weather and agronomic factors such as the amount of weed vegetation and previous cro residue present that may be in effect between the time of WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL application and the emergence of the soybean plant.
		DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.

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#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS (PREPLANT)

- Do not apply WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL when weather conditions, such as temperature, air inversions, or wind, favor drift from • treated areas to susceptible plants.
- A minimum application volume of 2 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground is required. •
- Do not cut for feed or graze treated cover crops to
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- Do not cut for feed treated hay, forage, or fodder or graze treated soybeans to livestock. Do not replant fields treated with WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL in the same growing season with crops other than those labeled for 2,4-• D pre-plant use.
- Do not apply WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL prior to planting soybeans if you are not prepared to accept the results of soybean injury including possible loss of stand and yield.
- Do not mow or cultivate weeds prior to treating with WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL as poor control may result.
- Preplant:
  - Do make more than 2 applications per crop cycle and do not apply more than 0.75 pints of product per acre per preplant application. Apply not less than 7 days prior to planting soybeans.

OR

- Do make more than 1 application per crop cycle and do not apply more than 1.5 pints of product per acre per preplant application. Apply not less than 15 days prior to planting soybeans.

• Do not apply more than 1.5 pints of product per acre per crop cycle.

#### GRAIN SORGHUM (Milo)

WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1/2	Treat when sorghum is 6 to 15 inches tall (to top of canopy). If sorghum is taller than 8 inches to
Perennial broadleaf weeds	3/4	top of canopy, use drop nozzles to keep spray off crop foliage. Do not treat during boot, flowering, or early dough stages.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON SORGHUM

· Do not forage or feed corn fodder for 7 days following application.

Do not permit meat or dairy animals to consume treated crop s fodder or forage for 30 days following application.

• A minimum application volume of 5 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground is recommended. Allow sufficient mixing to dissolve water soluble pak.

• Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

• Do not make more than 1 application per year and do not apply more than 0.75 pint of product per acre per application.

#### **GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED PRODUCTION**

WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	2/3 to 1	Apply to established stands in the spring before the seed head comes into the boot stage. Do
Biennial and Perennial broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 to 2	not spray in boot stage of growth. In seedling grasses, apply in the spring after the grass has tillered or has at least 5 leaves but before the boot stage. Use only the low rate on seedling grasses. DO NOT USE IN CALIFORNIA.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON GRASSES FOR SEED PRODUCTION

• Do not graze dairy animals or cut forage for hay within 7 days of application.

• Do not make more than 2 applications per year and do not apply more than 3.0 pints of product per acre per application.

Do not apply more often than every 21 days.

#### PASTURE AND RANGELAND

(Established Grass Pastures, Rangeland, and Perennial Grasslands Not in Agricultural Production)

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 2 to 2-2/3	Apply when weeds are small and actively growing and prior to bud stage. Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass is well established. Do not apply when grass is in the boot-to-milk stage if grass seed production is desired. Bentgrass and legumes may be injured by this treatment.
Sand sage, sagebrush, shinnery oak and other 2,4-D susceptible woody species	2/3 to 2-2/3 quarts	Apply aerially to brush in 2 or more gallons of water per acre. One gallon of fuel oil may be included in the mixture. Consult state or local brush control specialists for most effective rate, volume and timing of spray applications.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON PASTURES, RANGELAND, AND FALLOW LAND

- · For ground application: a minimum of 10 to 15 gallons of water per acre is recommended for proper spray coverage.
- For aerial application, a minimum of 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre is recommended. Allow sufficient mixing to dissolve water soluble pak.
- Do not cut forage for hay within 7 days of application.
- Postemergence
  - For susceptible annual and biennial weeds do not use more than 1.5 pints of per acre per application.
- For moderately susceptible biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds use 1.5 to 3 pints of product per acre per application.
- For difficult to control weeds and woody plants do not use more than 3 pints of product per acre per application.
- For spot treatments do not use more than 3 pints of product per acre.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications.
- Do not apply more than 6 pints of product per acre per year.
- If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use Requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable.

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	2/3 to 1-1/3	Use the lower rate when weeds are small (2 to 3 inches tall) and growing actively. Use the higher rate on older and drought-stressed plants.
Biennial broadleaf weeds	2/3 to 1-2/3	Spray while musk thistles or other biennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage, and before flower stalks are initiated. The lower rate can be used in spring during rosette stage. In fall or after flower stalks have developed, use the highest rate.
Perennial broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 to 3	Spray weeds in bud to bloom stage, or in good vegetative growth. Do not disturb treated area for at least 2 weeks after treatment, or until weed tops are dead.
Wild garlic or onions	2-2/3 to 3	Apply to new regrowth of wild onion or garlic which occurs in the fall following harvest of small grains, soybeans, corn or grain sorghum.

#### FALLOWLAND

(Crop Stubble on Idle Land, or Postharvest to Crops, or Between Crops)

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE ON FALLOWLAND

· Plant only labeled crops within 29 days following application.

• Do not make more than 2 applications per year and do not apply more than 3.0 pints of product per acre per application.

Do not apply more often than every 30 days.

**ORNAMENTAL TURF AREAS** (Golf Courses, Cemeteries, Parks, Sports Fields, Turfgrass, Lawns and Other Grass Areas)

WEEDS IN CROP	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1-1/3	Apply any time weeds are growing vigorously. Cool-season weeds such as common chickweed, henbit and pepperweeds should be sprayed when they appear in fall or early spring. Warm-season weeds such as knotweed respond best when they are small. If there is additional germination, repeat treatment. Also controls cocklebur, galinsoga, lambquarters, pigweed, ragweed and sunflower.
Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds	2 to 2-2/3	To control dandelion, plantain and most other common broadleaf weeds in turf, apply in spring or fall when these weeds are growing actively. Treat wild garlic or onion in three successive seasons (Example: spring, fall, spring). Do not apply to newly seeded areas until sod is formed and grass has been cut at least twice. Do not use WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL for susceptible southern grasses such as St. Augustine. Bentgrass and clover may be injured by this treatment. Also controls bindweed, chicory, docks, ground ivy, hawkweed, thistles (Canada, musk, bull and Scotch), smartweed, tansy ragwort, wild onion and wild garlic.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTAL TURF

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· For ground application in turf areas, use enough water for good coverage (minimum 10 gallons per acre). Allow sufficient

If needed, irrigate ornamental turf thoroughly before application. Spray when air is calm to avoid drift. Avoid treatment when temperatures exceed 85° F or are expected to do so within 24 hours after application.
Do not make more than 2 broadcast applications per year per treatment.

• Do not apply more than 2.2 pints of product per acre per application.

Do not apply more than 4.4 pints of product per acre per year, excluding spot treatments.

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL (Pints per Acre)	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 to 2-2/3	Apply when most weeds are still young and growing vigorously.
Perennial and biennial broadleaf weeds	2 to 3	Apply when weeds are actively growing and near the bud stage, but before flowering. For best results on tansy ragwort and musk thistle, treat in rosette stage, before bolting. A second application is usually needed for best results on thistle, nettle and bindweed. Treat wild onion or garlic in early spring and in fall when they are young and growing actively.
Cattails and tules	6	Mix 1-1/3 quarts WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL in 2 quarts kerosene or diesel oil then add this mixture to 100 gallons of water. Apply 300 to 500 gallons of spray per acre, depending on the stand. The addition of a wetting agent is suggested.
Woody Plants	6	Apply in 30 to 100 gallons of spray per acre, preferably through low volume equipment such as DIRECTA-SPRA WOBBLER, MINI- WOBBLER or SPIROMETER. Treat when 2,4- D-susceptible species are in full leaf and growing actively. Repeated applications, oil or wetting agent and/or high volume spraying (300 to 500 gallons of spray per acre) may be needed for acceptable control of some species or if brush is dense.

NON-CROPLAND (Such as Fencerows, Hedgerows, Roadsides, Ditches, Rights-of-Way, Utility Power Lines, Railroads, Airports and industrial Sites)

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## TANK MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL And Garlon-4 Or Garlon-3A Tank Mixtures For Non-Crop Areas

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WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Broadleaf weed control	1-1/3 to 2-2/3 pints WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL + 2 to 6 pints Garlon-4 or 3 to 8 pints Garlon-3A	For wider spectrum control of broadleaf weeds and woody plants: Apply as a broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spry per acre. Apply when broadleaf weeds are actively growing.
Woody plant control Broadcast foliar spray	6 pints WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL + 1-1/2 to 3 quarts Garlon-4 or 2 to 4 quarts Garlon-3A	Apply as broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre. Apply when woody plants are actively growing.
Woody plant control High volume leaf-stem treatment with ground equipment	6 pints WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL + 1-1/2 to 12 pints Garlon-4 or 2 to 16 pints Garlon-3A	Mix 2/3 to 1-1/3 quarts of WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL plus 1-1/2 to 3 pints Garlon-4 or 2 to 4 pints Garlon-3A in enough water to make 100 gallons of spray. Apply at a volume of 100 to 400 gallons of total spry per acre, depending on size and density of woody plants. Thoroughly wet all leaves, stems and root collars of plants to be controlled.
Woody plant control Aerial application (helicopter only)	6 pints WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL + 3 to 4 quarts Garlon-4 or 4 to 6 quarts Garlon-3A	Apply total spray volume of 10 to 30 gallons per acre using drift control equipment such as MICRO-FOIL boom or an effective drift control agent. Use the higher rates and volumes when plants are dense or under drought conditions.

#### WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL AND DIABLO® HERBICIDE TANK MIXTURES FOR NON-CROP AREAS

WEEDS	AMOUNT OF WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 to 2-2/3 pints WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL + ½ to 1-1/2 pints Diabl0	For wider spectrum control of broadleaf weeds and woody plants: Apply as a broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre. Apply when broadleaf weeds are actively growing. Use the higher rates when treating dense or tall vegetative growth.
Perennial and biennial Broadleaf weeds	2 to 3 pints WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL + ½ to 6 pints Diablo	Apply as broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre. Apply when broadleaf weeds are actively growing but prior to flowering. Use the lower rates for biennials less than 3 inches rosette diameter. Use the higher rates for perennial weeds or for biennial weeds past the 3-inch rosette stage.
Woody plant control Broadcast, high volume, stem foliage or aerial	6 pints WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL + 2 to 8 quarts Diablo	Apply as broadcast spray in enough water to deliver 20 to 100 gallons total spray per acre or apply as a high volume stem foliage spray in enough volume to thoroughly wet leaves, stems and root collars (100 to 400 gallons per acre) or apply aerially in enough water to deliver total spray volume of 10 to 30 gallons per acre using drift control equipment such as the MICRO- FOIL boom or an effective drift control agent. Use the higher rates and volumes when plants are dense or under drought conditions.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN NON-CROPLAND

- For aerial application to solid stands of susceptible brush, use 1-1/3 to 2-2/3 quarts in 3 to 12 gallons volume per acre. Two to 4 quarts of fuel oil may be included in this mixture.
- · Applications will be less effective when conditions such as deficient soil moisture reduce brush growth.
- For postemergence annual and perennial weeds, do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not apply more than 3 pints per acre per application and do not apply more than every 30 days.
- For postemergence woody plants, do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not apply more than 6 pints per acre per application.
- Applications to non-cropland areas are not applicable to treatment of commercial timber or other plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

#### FOREST MANAGEMENT

(Such as Forest Site Preparation, Forest Roadsides, Brush Control, Established Conifer Release, Christmas Trees, Reforestation Areas)

#### CONIFER RELEASE

To control alder, apply 1 to 1 1/3 quarts WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL Broadleaf Herbicide in 9 1/2 to 15 gallons water per acre as a foliage spray. Treat when 3/4 of the brush foliage has attained full size leaves and before new conifer growth reaches 2 inches in length. This is usually between early May and mid-June. Adjust treatment date depending on stage of growth of conifers and brush species. This may cause leader deformation on exposed firs, but they should overcome this during the second year after spraying.

To control tanoak, madrone, ceanothus, canyon live oak, and manzanita, and to release Douglas fir, hemlock, Sitka spruce or grand fir, apply 2 quarts WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL plus 3 quarts fuel oil in 8-1/2 to 15 gallons water per acre before new growth on Douglas fir is 2 inches long. To control manzanita and ceanothus in ponderosa pine, apply 2 quarts WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL before pine growth begins in spring.

To control hazel brush in the Lake states, apply 1-1/3 quarts WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL in 6 to 25 gallons of water per acre when new shoot growth of hazel is complete (usually mid-July).

In northern areas, if possible conifer injury can be tolerated, 1-1/3 to 2 quarts of WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL applied aerially in 8 to 25 gallons of water per acre after conifers such as jack pine, red pine, black spruce, and white spruce have hardened off (usually mid-July) will provide control of competing hardwoods including alder, aspen, birch, hazel, and willow.

#### SITE PREPARATION

Budbreak Spray: To control alder and other susceptible species before planting forest seedlings, apply 1-1/3 to 2-2/3 quarts WEEDONE<sup>®</sup> 2,4-D GEL in 9 to 15 gallons of water plus 2 quarts of fuel oil per acre after alder buds break, but before foliage is 1/4 full size.

Foliage Spray: To control alder before planting forest tree seedlings, apply 1-1/3 quarts WEEDONE® 2,4-D GEL plus 2 quarts fuel oil in 9 to 15 gallons of water per acre after most alder leaves are full size.

Consult your regional or extension forester or state herbicide specialist for recommendations to fit local conditions.

#### RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR USE IN FORESTRY

 For broadcast applications do not make more than 1 application per year and do not apply more than 6 pints of product per broadcast application.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a dry secured storage area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate ground water. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill outer bag. Dispose of outer bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product must be followed carefully. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, (1) THE GOODS DELIVERED TO YOU ARE FURNISHED "AS IS" BY MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND (2) MANUFACTURER AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES, GUARANTEES, OR REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY KIND TO BUYER OR USER, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OR BY USAGE OF TRADE, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, WITH REGARD TO THE PRODUCT SOLD, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, USE, OR ELIGIBILITY OF THE PRODUCT FOR ANY PARTICULAR TRADE USAGE. UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO INEFFECTIVENESS, MAY RESULT BECAUSE OF SUCH FACTORS AS THE PRESENCE OF ABSENCE OF OTHER MATERIALS USED IN COMBINATION WITH THE GOODS, OR THE MANNER OF USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING WEATHER, ALL OF WHICH ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER AND ASSUMED BY BUYER OR USER. THIS WRITING CONTAINS ALL OF THE REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS BETWEEN BUYER, MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, AND NO PERSON OR AGENT OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER HAS ANY AUTHORITY TO MAKE ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OR AGREEMENT RELATING IN ANY WAY TO THESE GOODS.

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If you do not agree with or do not accept any of directions for use, the warranty disclaimers, or limitations on liability, do not use the product, and return it unopened to the Seller, and the purchase price will be refunded.

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