UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

PMO3 59639-34

10ME

MAR 2 9 1996

Eric D. Bruce Valent U.S.A. Corporation 1333 N. California Blvd., Suite 600 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

Dear Mr. Bruce:

Subject: Revised Pre-Harvest Interval and Maximum Use Rate

Cobra Herbicide

EPA Registration No. 59639-34

Your Submission Dated May 3, 1995

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable with the following provisions:

- 1) Add the statement "Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist" to the Precautionary Statements.
- 2) Correct the typographical error in the heading for tank mixes with the Assure products so that it reads "Tank Mix With Assure/Assure II Herbicide...".
- 3) Revise the substatement appearing after the application table for use in southern pine seedbeds to read "...0.406 lbs. active ingredient...".

A stamped copy is enclosed for your records. Please submit one (1) final printed copy for the referenced label, incorporating the above changes, before releasing the product for shipment.

Sincerely yours,

Joanne I. Miller Product Manager (23) Fungicide-Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

DK: 30	05-75461	FHB/P	M23 0	MCURRENCES		
SYMBOL >	7505C					
SURMANN >	D. KENNY					
DATE	3/22/96					

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated

MAR 2 9 1996

Under the Pederal Insecticide, Pundicide, and Redenticide Act as amended, for the posticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 59639-34



COBRA® Herbicide

Active Ingredient By Wt.

*Lactofen 23.2%
Inert Ingredients 76.8%

*1-(carboethoxy) ethyl 5-[2-chloro-4-(tri-fluoromethyl) phenoxy]-2-nitrobenzoate
Contains 2 lbs. active ingredient per gallon

Do not apply this product through any type of Irrigation system.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER - PELIGRO

SEE BELOW FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detaile. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

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NET WEIGHT 1 GALLON

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes skin burns and irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing.

This product contains lactofen, which has been determined to cause tumors in laboratory animals (mouse, rat). Risks can be reduced by closely following use directions and precautions, and by wearing the protective clothing specified elsewhere on this label.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If in eyes:

Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. If swallowed: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin

solution, or if these are not available, large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Get medical

attention immediately.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

Note to Physicians: Emergency Information - call 1-800-892-0099.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemicalresistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, protective eyewear, chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure, and chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses; and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific statements on this label about personal protective equipment(PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, protective eyewear, and chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

COBRA® is a selective, broad spectrum herbicide for preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds. COBRA is formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate containing 2 lbs. of active ingredient per gallon.

COBRA works primarily through contact action. Good coverage of young, actively growing weeds is essential for maximum weed control. The use of an EPA approved spray adjuvant is usually required. Refer to the label section on ADJUVANTS AND ADDITIVES for specific recommendations.

When COBRA is applied post emergence, a portion of the spray solution may contact the soil surface. If soil moisture conditions are favorable for preemergence activity following the application, suppressed germination of small-seeded broadleaf weeds, such as nightshade species, pigweed species, and prickly side may be expected for a 2 to 3 week period. The presence of excessive crop or weed foliage at the time of application will reduce the amount of herbicide spray contacting the soil surface and will reduce the level of soil activity.

A temporary crop response should be expected following a postemergence application of COBRA. Soybean leaves which are open at the time of application will show some burn, bronzing and specifing. Trifoliate soybean leaves which have emerged but are unopened at the time of application may appear cupped at the tip and/or crinkled along the edges of the leaf. Soybeans quickly outgrow all initial herbicide effects. When COBRA is used as directed, under commercial conditions soybean yields will not be adversely affected. Under conditions of normal weed growth COBRA is rainfast 30 minutes after application.

PRECAUTIONS

Apply COSRA once per growing season, not later than 90 days before harvest.

Apply COBRA preplant, preemergence, and/or postemergence, but do not apply later than 45 days before harvest or after growth stage R6 (full seed).

Do not exceed a total of 25 fl. oz. (0.4 lb. a.i.) per acre per season.

Do not graze animals on green forage or stubble. Do not fee treated soybean silage (ensiled soybeans) to cattle. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding.

APPLICATION CONVENTIONAL ROW APPLICATION TIMING

For best results, COBRA and COBRA Tank Mixes should be applied to small actively growing weeds that are not larger than indicated in Table 2S or Tank Mix Tables of this label. Normally this occurs 14 to 21 days after planting or after last field preparation, when soybeans are at the first to second trifoliate leaf stage.

Soybeans at or larger than the third trifoliate stage may interfere with the spray pattern and reduce coverage of the weed leaves. Do not apply COBRA when the soybeans or the weeds are under stress. Applying COBRA under conditions that do not promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, and low humidity. Weeds under stress tend to "harden off" and become less susceptible to herbicidal action.

Do not cultivate prior to or during application. Do not generate excessive dust while spraying. Excessively dusty conditions may interfere with the coverage of the weed leaf suiface by the spray solution. A timely cultivation approximately one week after application will assist in weed control.

DRILLED/SOLID SEEDED APPLICATION TIMING

Under drilled/solid-seeded soybean cropping systems, a dense crop canopy develops more rapidly than conventional row spacings. The crop canopy may restrict penetration of the herbicide spray pattern and reduce coverage of the weed foliage. Applications should be made when soybeans are at the first trifoliate leaf stage usually 7 to 10 days after planting. Delaying application beyond the first trifoliate leaf stage may result in unsatisfactory weed control. For improved weed coverage and canopy penetration in drilled or solid seeded soybeans, the higher range of spray volume and pressure is required. See the BROADCAST GROUND APPLICATIONS section of this label for application information.

EARLY APPLICATION TIMING

For early control of Pigweeds, Eastern Black Nightshade, Common Ragweed, Giant Ragweed, Common Lambsquarter, Copperleaf, Common Purslane, Hairy Galinsoga, Cutleaf Groundcherry, and Jimsonweed, apply COBRA Herbicide when soybeans have emerged and are in the cotyledon to unifoliate stage, normally 5 to 7 days after planting. Weed growth may not be visible or may be in the cotyledon stage of growth at early application.

BROADCAST GROUND APPLICATION

COBRA and COBRA tank mixes can be applied by ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. COBRA is a contact herbicide. Special attention should be given to preparing and operating the sprayer to assure proper coverage of the weed leaf surface.

Use COBRA on a broadcast basis in 20 to 30 gals, of water per acre and a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI measured at the boom. Apply COBRA using a flat fan or hollow cone nozzle designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume. Avoid use of flat fan nozzles larger than 8006 (or equivalent) because they do not break up spray patterns into small enough droplets to provide adequate weed coverage for foliar herbicides. Spray nozzles should be centered at a 20 inch spacing to provide adequate coverage. Ground speed should not exceed 10 mph to provide proper spray coverage. Boom height, ground speed, and pressure recommendations should not exceed those recommended by the spray nozzle manufacturer for the type and size of nozzle being used. Improper use of the selected spray nozzle will adversely affect the spray pattern, prevent proper coverage of weed leaf surface, and reduce weed control. Refer to the manufacturer's spray chart for nozzle selection and operating information.

REFER TO THE AERIAL APPLICATION SECTION FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR AERIAL APPLICATION.

DO NOT USE THE FOLLOWING DELIVERY SYSTEMS TO APPLY COBRA HERBICIDE:

- 1 Flood Nozzies
- 2 Control Droplet Applicators (CDA)
- 3 Flat Fan Nozzles Larger than 8006
- 4 Spray rigs which utilize wheel driven pumps

BAND APPLICATION

Row banding equipment should be adjusted to provide maximum coverage of weeds in the row. Base the band use of COBRA and COBRA tank mixes on from a broadcast use rate of 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre by reducing the spray galions in proportion to the area actually treated. The spray pressure should be 40 to 60 PSI measured at the boom. A minimum of two nozzles per row is required to provide optimum coverage of the weed foliage.

DO NOT make band applications while cultivating or create excessive dust while spraying. Excessively dusty conditions will interfere with proper coverage of the weed leaf surface, thereby reducing contact activity.

LOW VOLUME GROUND APPLICATION

Application of COBRA and COBRA tank mixes using a low volume application require a minimum of 10 gais, of spray solution per acre.

A minimum of 20 gals, of spray solution per acre is required in North Dakota, South Dakota and Minnesota.

Applications at less than 10 gals, per acre will provide inconsistent weed control. The spray pressure at the boom should be between 40 to 60 PSI. Flat fan nozzles are recommended at 20 inch spacing for proper spray poverage. To provide adequate coverage flat fan nozzles larger than 8006 (or equivalent) should not be used. Height of the spray boom should be adjusted so as not to exceed the manufacturer's recommendation for proper coverage by the spray nozzle being used. Maximum speed of operation should not exceed 10 mph as spray coverage of weed foliage may be adversely affected.

Crop oil concentrate is required at the rate of 2% v/v to achieve optimum control with low volume applications.

AERIAL APPLICATION

To obtain satisfactory weed control with aerial applications of COBRA, and COBRA tank mixes, except 2,4-DB, uniform coverage must be obtained. Do not spray when drift is possible or when wind velocity is more than 5 mph. Avoid spraying COBRA within 200 ft. of dwellings, or adjacent sensitive crops such as ornamentals, cotton, tobacco, or sorghum. To obtain satisfactory application and minimize drift, the following directions must be observed:

Volume and Pressure: Use COBRA in 5 to 10 gals, water per acre and a maximum spray pressure of 40 PSI. Applications at less than 5 gals, per acre will provide inadequate control. The higher gallonage applications generally afford more consistent weed control.

Nozzle and Nozzle Orientation: Use nozzles which produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles such as diaphragm-type nozzles to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzles must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0 and 15 downward, Jo not place nozzles on the outer 25% of wings or rotors.

CROP OIL CONCENTRATE: With aerial applications the use of crop oil concentrate at the rate of 2% v/v in the spray solution is recommended.

IMPORTANT: In dry conditions, the use of less than 2% v/v of crop oil concentrate or use of an adjuvant other than crop oil concentrate will result in unsatisfactory weed control.

SOUTHERN STATES: In low-laying areas of Southern states which typically experience excessive soil moisture in the spring, the state recommendation for adjuvants may call for either a non-ionic surfactant or reduced rate of crop oil concentrate. Where this situation exists, use the adjuvant recommendations of the state extension service.

ADJUVANTS AND ADDITIVES

Control of weeds by COBRA Herbicide at or near the maximum growth stage indicated in Table 2S of this label is enhanced by the addition of an adjuvant to the spray mixture. Use an EPA approved petroleum-based crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% arraising, or Nitrogen liquid fertilizer, AMMONIUM SULFATE (spray grade,) or non-ionic surfactant containing at least 30% surfactant (see Table 1S). Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test. The addition of a spray adjuvant may intensify the initial crop response.

Crop Oil Concentrate: Crop oil concentrate is the preferred adjuvant for COBRA for weed control over a wide spectrum of application conditions. Higher levels of crop response are also generally observed with the use of a crop oil concentrate; however soybeans quickly outgrow all initial herbicide effects. The rate of crop oil concentrate will depend on the environmental conditions preceding the application and the weed species and weed size at the time of application. If environmental conditions are good and weeds are growing vigorously, use of the low rate of crop oil concentrate is recommended. The higher rate is required when the weeds are under environmental stress such as low temperature, low humidity, or low soil moisture. Refer to Table 1S for the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate by state, rate and environmental conditions.

Surfactant: When soil moisture is good and weeds are actively growing, the addition of an EPA approved non-ionic surfactant will improve the wetting and contact activity of COBRA Herbicide. Refer to Table 1S for the recommended rate of non-ionic surfactant by state and environmental conditions.

AMMONIUM SULFATE: A spray grade of AMMONIUM SULFATE fertilizer may be substituted for crop oil concentrate in the spray solution when weeds are actively growing. Refer to Table 1S for the recommended rate of AMMONIUM SULFATE fertilizer and additives by environmental conditions.

Table 1S.

RELATIVE HUMIDITY ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS PERCENT RELATIVE HUMIDITY

	100%> 80% (High)	80%> 60% (Medium)	60% > Less (Low)
NON-IONIC SURFACTANT	0.25% v/v	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
CROP OIL. CONCENTRATE/ ACRE* (AL, DE, FL, GA, MD, NC, PA, SC, VA)	0.125 to 0.25% v/v	0.25% v/v	0.25% v/v
(ALL OTHER STATES)	0.25% v/v	0.5% v/v	0.5 to 1% v/v
28, 30, 32% NITROGEN liquid fertilizer	4% v/v	4% v/v + non-ionic surfactant 0.25% v/v	4% v/v + crop oil concentrate 0.5% v/v
AMMONIUM SULFATE spray grade	4 lbs.	2-4 lbs. + non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v	4 lbs. + crop oil concentrate at 0.5% v/v

v/v is volume surfactant or COC / volume of the tank solution.

MIXING

Add about 1/2 of the required amount of water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of COBRA Herbicide and mix thoroughly. Then add the correct amount of adjuvant and the remaining water. Maintain agitation during filling and spraying to ensure a uniform spray mixture.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY COBRA HERBICIDE

Identify your weed species as early as possible and determine the stage of growth by counting the true leaves. Ignore the cotyledon (seed leaves) when you count.

Use Table 2S of this label to determine the maximum weed leaf stage at before which you must apply COBRA for effective weed control of the species desired.

Table 2S.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY COBRA HERBICIDE IN SOYBEANS Weed Growth Stages 12.5 fl. oz. per acre

Common Name	Maximum Leaf Stages
Balloonvine	4
Beggarticks	6
Bristly Starbur	4
Buffalobur	4
Burcucumber	4
Carpetweed	8 in. diameter
Common Cocklebur	6
Common Purslane	8 in. diameter
Copperleafs	
Hophornbeam	6
Virginia	4
Croton	
Tropic	4
Woolly	4
Devilsclaw	4
Eclipta	6
Florida Beggarweed	2
Florida Pusley	6
Groundcherry	
Cutleaf	6
Lanceleaf	6
Hairy Galinsoga	4
Hemp Sesbania	6
Jimsonweed	4
Lanceleaf Sage	4
Mexicanweed	4
Morningglories	
Cypressvine	4
Entireleaf*	2
lvyleaf*	2
Palmleaf*	4
Pitted*	4
Purple Moonflower*	4
Smallflo ver*	4
Tali*	4

Date

Nightshades	
Black	6
Eastern Black	6
Hairy	4
Pigweeds	
Palmer Amaranth	6
Prostrate	6
Redroot	6
Smooth	6
Spiny Amaranth	6
Poorjoe	6
Prickly Sida(Teaweed)	4
Puncturevine	. 1.5 in. diameter
Ragweeds	
Common	6
Giant	4
Showy Crotalaria	4
Smell Melon	6
Spurge	
Prostrate	1 in. diameter
Spotted	4
Toothed	4
Tall Waterhemp	4
Velvetieaf**	4
Venice Mallow	4
Wild Mustard	6
Wild Poinsettia	4
Wild Sunflower*	2
Witchweed	6-8 in. prior to bloom

^{*} Crop oil concentrate is required at the rate of 0.5% v/v for control.

Table 3S.

WEEDS SUPPRESSED BY COBRA HERBICIDE Weed Growth Stages

12.5 fl. oz. per acre

Common Name	Maximum Leaf Stages
Coffee Senna*	2
Pennsylvania Smartweed	4
Sicklepod*	2
Spurred Anoda	2

^{*}Suppression may be improved when COBRA is applied following a preemergance application of LASSO® or DUAL® at the recommended rates.

The addition of crop oil concentrate at 0.5% v/v is required for suppression of these weeds. Cultivation 1 week to 10 days after treatment will usually aid in obtaining satisfactory suppression of these weeds.

^{**}Crop oil concentrate at 0.5% v/v or 28% N liquid fertilizer at 4% v/v plus non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v of solution or AMMONIUM SULFATE (spray grade) at 2-4 lbs./acre plus non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v of solution is required for control.

Suppression of growth, not acceptable, commercial control, may be expected when these weeds are treated with COBRA.

Table 4S.

PERENNIAL WEEDS SUPPRESSED BY COBRA HERBICIDE Weed Growth Stages 12.5 fl. oz. per acre

Common Name	Maximum Leaf Stages
Canada Thistle	. 6
Milkweeds	
Climbing	6
Common	6
Morningglory	
Bigroot(Wild Sweet Potato)	6
Rédvine	6
Swamp Smartweed	6
Trumpetcreeper	6

The addition of crop oil concentrate at 0.5% v/v is required to burn back existing above-ground vegetation and may retard the growth of new foliage.

Table 5S.

TALL WEEDS SUPPRESSED BY COBRA HERBICIDE Weed Growth Stages

12.5 fl. oz. per acre

Common Name	Weed Height-Inches*
Burcucumber	15-36
Jimsonweed	15-36
Ragweed	
Common	15-36
Giant	15-36
Volvetions	15 28

^{*}When COBRA Herbicide is applied at this height, complete control should not be expected.

The addition of crop oil concentrate at 0.5% v/v is required for suppression of these weeds.

DO NOT APPLY LATER THAN 90 45 DAYS BEFORE HARVEST OR AFTER GROWTH STAGE R6 (FULL).

SEED):

COBRA HERBICIDE PREEMERGENCE FOLLOWED BY REDUCED RATES OF COBRA HERBICIDE POSTEMERGENCE

GENERAL INFORMATION

COBRA Herbicide may be utilized as a preemergence soil applied herbicide for control of annual broadless weeds in soybeans. Following a preemergence application of COBRA Herbicide, a postemergence application of COBRA Herbicide may be applied in combination with other broadless herbicides for the control of escaped weeds.

Best results will be obtained when soybeans are planted and preemergence applications of COBRA are made in warm, moist soils which promote rapid emergence of target weeds. To not apply COBRA during periods when soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions

do not favor active weed growth:

Do not apply more than 0.3 lb. a.f. preemargance par acre per season:

TABLE 8S

COBRA Herbicide Preemergence Control Followed by Postemergence Application to Control Escaped Weeds - Soybean - Rate and Time of Application.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION OF COBRA HERBICIDE

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled Adjuvant
COBRA	12.5 to 15 ft. oz /A	Black Nightshade Nightshade None Pigweed Smooth Redroot
COBRA	15 to 19 ft oz./A	Copperient Jimson Weed Common Lambsquarter Common Ragweed Prickly Sida (Teaweed) Tall Waterhemp

FOLLOWED BY POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION OF COBRA HERBICIDE

Product R	ate Weeds Controlled Adjuvant
COBRA 12.5 fl. bz./	A Refer to Table 2S for Refer to Table 1S Postemergence Control of Escaped Weeds:
COBRA 4 to 12.5 ft.	. pz./A Refer to Tables 79 to 139 See Tables 7° to 139 when lank mixing with other broadleaf herbicides.

Use Restrictions for Cobra Herbicide Applied Preemergence Followed by Cobra Herbicide Applied Postemergence:

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any peaticide alone or sequentially. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- 2. For preemergence control of grasses, tank mix COBRA with appropriate grass herbicide,
- 3. Do not apply COBRA less than 45 days before harvesting soybeans or after growth stage HH (full seed).
- 4. Do not graze treated fields or harvest forage or hay,
- 5. Do not apply COBRA postemergence if rain is expected within 30 minutes of application of unsatisfactory weed control may-result.
- 6. Do not apply more than 25 ft, oz/A of COBRA per season.
- 7. Do not apply to soils containing more than 3.5% organic matter,

KAHB

BROADLEAF HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH COBRA HERBICIDE

TANK MIX WITH BASAGRAN® HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results the COBRA plus BASAGRAN tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA tank mixtures during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBRA Soybean Label for application timing.

Table 7S.

COBRA Herbicide & BASAGRAN Herbicide Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

			·		
Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adj	uvant	
COBRA	6 to 12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S For Weeds Con- trolled at 12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to	Table 1	S
		COBRA RATE/A	10 oz.	8 oz.	6 oz.
plus	BASAGRAN_				
				ximum if Stage)
BASAGRAN	1 pt./A	Black Nightshade	6	4	2
	•	Common Cocklebur	6	4	4
		Common			
		Lambsquarter	4	4	4
		Pigweed			
		Smooth	6	4	C**
		Redroot	6	4	C**
		Ragweed			
		Common	8	6	4
		Giant	6	4	2 4
		Smartweed	4	4	4
		Tall Waterhemp	6	4	C**
		Velvetleaf*	6	4	3
		Wild Sunflower	4	2	2
		Yellow Nutsedge	6 ir		n. 6 in
	Refe	r to BASAGRAN Label for othe	r weeds claim	ed	
		COBRA RATE/A	10 oz.	8 oz.	6 oz.
or p	olus BASAGRAN				

or plus BASAGRAN	COBRA RATE/A	10 oz.	8 oz.	6 oz.
vi piu		Maxin Leaf S		ı
BASAGRAN 2 pt./A	Common Cocklebur Common	10	10	10
	Lambsquarter	8	8	8
	Pennsylvania			
٠	Smartweed	10	10	10
	Pigweed			
	Smooth	6	4	C**
	Redroot	6	4	C**

Refer to BASAGRAN Label for other	weeds claimed	i	
Wild Sunflower	6	6	6
Tall Waterhemp	6	4	C**
Giant	6	4	2
Common	8	6	4
Ragweed			

*Add 4 v/v Nitrogen liquid fertilizer or 4 lb./A Ammonium Sulfate (spray grade) plus 0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant for best control.

**C is the cotyledon leaf stage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Herbicide Plus BASAGRAN Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of BASAGRAN and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or the Nitrogen fertilizer and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Herbicide Plus BASAGRAN Herbicide Tank Mix:

 Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.

2. Do not apply the COBRA plus BASAGRAN tank mix less than 90 80 days before harvesting soybeans.

3. Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.

4. Do not apply the COBRA plus BASAGRAN tank mix if rain is expected within 8 hours of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.

TANK MIX WITH CLASSIC® HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results, the COBRA plus CLASSIC tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply the COBRA and CLASSIC tank mix during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing.

Table 8S.

COBRA Herbicide & CLASSIC Herbicide Tank Mix -- Soybeans -- Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adj	uvant	
COBRA	6 to 12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S for weeds controlled at 12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to	Table 1S	
		COBRA RATE/A	10 oz.	8 oz.	6 oz.
plu	is CLASSIC			dmum if Stage	
CLASSIC	0.38 oz./A	Black Nightshade	6	4	2
		Common Cocklebur	8	6	C**
		Common Ragweed Florida Beggar-	6	4	C**
		weed	6	2	C**
		Florida Pusley Pennsylvania		6	C**
		Smartweed	4	2	C**
		Pigweed			_
		Smooth	6	4	C**
	Redroot	6	4	C**	
		Ragweed			
		Common	8	6	4
		Giant	6	4	C**
		Tall Waterhemp	6	4	C**
		Velvetleaf*	4	C**	
		Wild Mustard	6	4	C**
		Wild Sunflower	6	4	C**
	plus CLASSIC	COBRA RATE/A	10 oz.	8 oz.	6 oz
Oi	pius CDASSIO			ximum Stage	
CLASSIC	0.5 oz/A	Black Nightshade Copperleafs	6	4	2.
		Hophornbeam	6	4	C**
		Virginia	4	2	C**
		Prickly Sida	4	2	Č**
	•	Ragweed	•	_	-
		Common	8	ę	4
		Giant	6	4	C**
		Sicklepod	3	3	C**

Smooth Pigweed	6	4 3
Tall Waterhemp	6	4 C**
Velvetleaf*	5	C**
Yellow Nutsedge	6	

Refer to CLASSIC Label for other weeds claimed

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Herbicide Plus CLASSIC Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of CLASSIC and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or the Nitrogen fertilizer and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Herbicide plus CLASSIC Herbicide Tank Mbc

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- 2. Do not apply the COBRA plus CLASSIC tank mix less than 90 60 days before harvesting soybeans.
- 3. Do not graze animals on green forage or stubble. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding.
- 4. Do not apply the COBRA plus CLASSIC tank mix if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.
- 5. Refer to the CLASSIC label for restrictions on soil pH. minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines.

^{*} Add 4% v/v Nitrogen liquid fertilizer or 4 lb./A Ammonium Sulfate (spray grade) plus 0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant for best control.

^{**}C is the cotyledon leaf stage.

TANK MIX WITH CLASSIC® PLUS PINNACLE® HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results, the COBRA plus CLASSIC plus FinnACLE tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds.

Do not apply the COBRA and CLASSIC plus PINNACLE tank mix during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth.

Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing.

Table 9S.

COBRA Herbicide & CLASSIC Plus PINNACLE Herbicide Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adjuvant			
COBTA	4 to 8 fl. oz./A		0.125% v/v n surfactant or	on-ionic		
					non-ionic surfactant liquid Nitrogen	
			Do Not use oil concentra		egetable	
	- 01 40010 - t DIAMAGE	COBRA RATE/A	8 oz.	8 oz.	4 oz.	
piu:	s CLASSIC plus PINNACLE _			Maximu Leaf St		
CLASSIC plus	0.25 oz./A	Black Nightshade Ragweed	4	2	C**	
PINNACLE	0.25 oz./A	Common	6	4	C**	
Refer to	CLASSIC plus PINNACLE I	Giant abels for weeds claimed.	2	C**		

^{**}C is the cotyledon leaf stage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Herbicide Plus CLASSIC Plus PINNACLE Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of CLASSIC and PINNACLE and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or the Nitrogen fertilizer and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Herbicide plus CLASSIC plus PINNACLE Herbicide Tank Mix:

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus CLASSIC plus PINNACLE tank mix less than 90 60 days before harvesting soybeans.
- 3. Do not graze animals on green forage or stubble. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal food or bedding.
- 4. Do not apply the COBRA plus CLASSIC plus PINNACLE tank mix if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.
- 5. Refer to the CLASSIC label for restrictions on soil pH, minimum recropping interval and rotational guidelines.

Day 43

TANK MIX WITH 2,4-DB PRODUCTS FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use only the amine formulations of 2,4-DB registered for use on soybeans. For best results, the COERA plus 2,4-DB tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA and 2,4-DB product tank mixtures during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing. The use of a 2,4-DB tank mix may cause crop injury.

Table 10S.
COBRA Herbicide & 2,4-DB Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adjuvent
COBRA	12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S	0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant.
			Do Not Use crop oil concentrate or vegetable oil.
plu	s	2,4-DB	Maximum
			Leaf Stage
2,4-DB	2 oz./A	Morningglories	6
		Sicklepod	2

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Herbicide Plus 2,4-DB Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of 2,4-DB and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of non-ionic surfactant and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Herbicide plus 2,4-DB Tank Mix:

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- 2. Do not apply the COBRA plus 2,4-DB tank mix by air.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus 2,4-DB tank mix less than 99 60 days before harvesting soybeans.
- 4. Do not graze animals un green forage or stubble. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding.
- 5. Do not apply the COBRA plus 2,4-DB tank mix if rain is expected within 2 hours of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.
- 6. Do not allow 2,4-DB to come into contact with cotton, okra, grapes, tomatoes, fruit trees, vegetables, flowers, or other desirable crop or ornamental plants. Do not permit spray mist to drift onto susceptible plants since very small quantities of 2,4-DB can cause severe injury during growing or dormant periods.

Water=

TANK MIX WITH PINNACLE® HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results, the COBRA plus PINNACLE tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA tank mixtures during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth.

Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing.

Table 11S.

COBRA Herbicide & PINNACLE Herbicide Tank Mbx - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adjuvant
COBRA	6 to 8 fl. oz./A		,125 % v/v non-ionic surfactant
			or
			.125% v/v non-ionic surfactant
			plus
			4% v/v liquid nitrogen fertilizer 28% or 32%.
			Do Not Use crop oil concentrate or vegetable oil.
		COBRA RATE/A	8 oz. 6 oz.
plus	PINNACLE		
			Maximum Leaf Stage
PINNACLE	0.25 oz./A	Black Nightshade	4 2
		Common Cocklebur Copperleafs	6 4
		Hophornbeam	4 C**
		Virginia	2 C**
		Prickly Sida Ragweed	2 C**
		Common	6 4
		Giant	2 C**
	Refer to	o PINNACLE Label for other	weeds claimed.

^{**}C is the cotyledon leaf stage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test. COBRA Herbicide Plus PINNACLE Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of PINNACLE and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of non-ionic surfactant and the 28% N liquid fertilizer and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for the COBRA Herbicide plus PINNACLE Herbicide Tank Mix:

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions viter using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus PINNACLE tank mix less than 90 60 days before harvesting soybeans.
- 3. Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus PINNACLE tank mix if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.

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TANK MIX WITH PURSUIT® HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results the COBRA plus PURSUIT tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA tank mixtures during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing.

Table 12S.

COBRA Herbicide & PURSUIT Herbicide Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adj	uvant	
COBRA	6 to 12.5 fl oz./A	Refer to Table 2S for weeds con- trolled at 12.5 fl. oz./A	Ref	er to Tab	le 1S*
plus	PURSUIT	COBRA RATE/A	10 oz.	8 oz.	6 oz.
				ximum of Stage	
PURSUIT	4 oz./A	Common Lambsquarter Copperleafs	4	4	2
		Hophornbeam	6	4	C**
		Virginia	4	2	C**
		Prickly Sida Ragweed	4	2	C**
		Common	6	6	4
		Giant	4	4	4
	<u>-</u>	Tail Waterhemp	6	4	4
	Refer	to PURSUIT Label for weeds cla	almed.		

*Sun-IT IITM may be substituted for Crop Oil Concentrate, and liquid Nitrogen fertilizer may be used at 1 to 2% v/v.

^{**}C is the cotyledon leaf stage.

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Table 12.1S.
COBRA Herbicide & PURSUIT Herbicide Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adjuvant
COBRA	4 fl. oz./A	Common Ragweed 4 leaf	Refer to Table 1S*
plus	PURSUIT		
PURSUIT	4 oz./A	Refer to PURSUIT label for week	da claimed.

*Sun-IT IITM may be substituted for Crop Oil Concentrate, and liquid Nitrogen fertilizer may be used at 1 to 2% v/v.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Herbicide Plus PURSUIT Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of PURSUIT and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of surfactant or the 28% N liquid fertilizer or Ammonium Sulfate (spray grade) or crop oil concentrate or Sun-It and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Herbicide Plus PURSUIT Herbicide Tank Mix:

- Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- 2. Do not apply the COBRA plus PURSUIT tank mix less than 90 85 days before harvesting soybeans.
- Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus PURSUIT tank mix if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.
- 5. Refer to the crop rotational restrictions stated on the PURSUIT label.

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TANK MIX WITH SCEPTER® HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results, the COBRA plus SCEPTER tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA and SCEPTER tank mix during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing.

Table 13S.

COBRA Herbicide & SCEPTER Herbicide Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adjuvant
COBRA	12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S	0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant.
			Do Not Use crop oil concentrate or vegetable oil.
plus	SCEPTER	_	
•			Maximum Leaf Stage
SCEPTER	4 oz./A	Cocklebur	12
or 70DG	1 oz./A	Pigweed	12

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Herbicide Plus SCEPTER Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of SCEPTER and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of non-ionic surfactant and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Herbicide plus SCEPTER Herbicide Tank Mix:

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- 2. Do not apply the COBRA plus SCEPTER tank mix less than 90 days before harvesting soybeans.
- 3. Do not apply the COBRA plus SCEPTER tank mix by air.
- 4. Do not graze animals on green forage or stubble. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus SCEPTER tank mix if rain is expected within 2 hours of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.
- 6. Refer to the SCEPTER label for regional use and rotational crop restrictions.

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GRASS HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH COBRA HERBICIDE

TANK MIX WITH SELECT® 2EC HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results the COBRA plus SELECT tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA tank mixtures during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing.

TANK MIX GEOGRAPHIC USE AREA

Refer to the SELECT Herbicide label for defined application areas and area rates. COBRA Herbicide does not have application area restrictions.

Table 14S.

COBRA Herbicide & SELECT Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Weed Size	Adjuvant
COBRA	12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S	0.5 to 3% v/v Crop Oil Concentrate/A for ground
plu			1 % V/V Crop Of Concentrate for serial applications
SELECT*		Refer to the SELECT labe grasses controlled and s	of for ANNUAL and PERENNIAL use rate.

^{*} If regrowth of grasses occur, make a second application of SELECT 2EC Herbicide timed to grass weed size noted on the SELECT 2EC Herbicide label.

SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION WITH COBRA HERBICIDE AND SELECT

Sequential Applications with COBRA Herbicid

Some reduction in grass control is possible when SELECT is sequentially applied immediately prior to or after an application of COBRA Herbicide.

- After an application of SELECT wait a minimum of 24 hours before applying COBRA Herbicide.
- In fields treated with COBRA Herbicide, do not apply SELECT until grass plants are again developing new leaves (generally 7 days after the COBRA Herbicide application).
- Refer to the SELECT label for application areas and rates.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Herbicide Plus SELECT Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of SELECT and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Herbicide Plus SELECT Tank Mix:

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus SELECT tank mix less than 90 60 days before harvesting strybeans.
- 3. Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.

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- 4. Do not apply the COBRA plus SELECT tank mix if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.
- 5. Do not apply COBRA plus SELECT to plants stressed due to insufficient moisture. Weeds under this condition frequently become less sensitive to herbicide activity.
- 6. Do not cultivate within 7 days before or 7 days after an application of SELECT as control may be unsetisfactory.
- 7. Do not apply COBRA plus SELECT when environmental conditions are such that drift to other crops and non-target areas is possible.

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TANK MIX WITH ASSURE#/ASSURE I HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results the COBRA plus ASSURE/ASSURE II tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA tank mixtures during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBFA soybean label for application timing.

TANK MIX GEOGRAPHIC USE AREA

Refer to the ASSURE/ASSURE II Herbicide label for defined application areas and area-rates. COBRA Herbicide does not have application area restrictions.

Table 15S.
COBRA Herbicide & ASSURE/ASSURE II Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Leaf Stage	Adjuvant
COBRA	12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S	0.5% v/v Crop Oil Concentrate/A
plu	sASSURE/ASS	URE II	
ASSURE* ASSURE II**		pel for ANNUAL and PERENNIAL g label for ANNUAL and PERENNIA	

^{*}The COBRA Herbicide and ASSURE Tank Mix may show some reduction in grass control over application of ASSURE alone. The label rate of ASSURE should be increased by 4 oz. product/A when grasses are at maximum size.

SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION WITH COBRA HERBICIDE AND ASSURE/ASSURE II

Sequential Applications with COBRA Herbicide

Some reduction in grass control is possible when ASSURE/ASSURE II is sequentially applied immediately prior to or after an application of COBRA Herbicide.

- After an application of ASSURE/ASSURE II wait a minimum of 24 hours before applying COBRA Herbicide.
- In fields treated with COBRA Herbicide, do not apply ASSURE/ASSURE II until grass plants are again developing new leaves (generally 7 days after the COBRA Herbicide application).
- Refer to the ASSURE/ASSURE II label for application areas and rates.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Plus ASSURE/ASSURE II Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of ASSURE/ASSURE II and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBPA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate and the remaining water.

^{**}The COBRA Herbicide and ASSURE II Tank Mix may show some reduction in grass control over application of ASSURE II alone. The label rate of ASSURE II should be increased by 2 oz. product /A when grasses are at maximum size.

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Use Restrictions for COBRA Herbicide Plus A3SURE/ASSURE II Tank Mix:

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- 2. Do not apply the COBRA plus ASSURE/ASSURE II tank mix less than 90 80 days before harvesting soybeans.
- 3. Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.
- 4. Do not apply the COBRA plus ASSURE/ASSURE II tank mix if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.
- 5. Do not use vegetable (crop origin) oils as spray adjuvant or carrier,
- 6. Do not apply ASSURE/ASSURE II to plants stressed due to insufficient moisture. Grass weeds under this condition frequently become less sensitive to herbicide activity.
- Do not cultivate within 7 days before or 7 days after an application of ASSURE/ASSURE II as control
 may be unsatisfactory.
- 8. Do not apply ASSURE/ASSURE II when environmental conditions are such that drift to other crops and non-target areas is possible. Grass crops such as corn, sorghum, wheat, rice, etc. are highly sensitive to ASSURE/ASSURE II.
- 9. Do not apply after pod set.

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TANK MIX WITH FUSILADE® 2000 HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results the COBRA plus FUSILADE 2000 tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA tank mixtures during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing.

TANK MIX GEOGRAPHIC USE AREA

Refer to the FUSILADE 2000 Herbicide label for defined application areas and area-rates. COBRA Herbicide does not have application area restrictions.

Table 16S.

COBRA Herbicide & FUSILADE 2000 Herbicide Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Weed Size	Adjuvant
COBRA	12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2\$	0.5% v/v Crop Oil Concentrate/A
plus	FUSILADE		<u> </u>
FUSILADE		Refer to the FUSILADE PERENNIAL grasses control	label for ANNUAL and liled and use rate.

SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION WITH COBRA HERBICIDE AND FUSILADE 2000

Sequential Applications with COBRA Herbicide

Some reduction in grass control is possible when FUSILADE 2000 is sequentially applied immediately prior to or after an application of COBRA Herbicide.

- After an application of FUSILADE 2000 wait a minimum of 24 hours before applying COBRA Herbicide.
- In fields treated with COBRA Herbicide, do not apply FUSILADE 2000 until grass plants are again developing new leaves (generally 7 days after the COBRA Herbicide application).
- Refer to the FUSILADE label for application areas and rates.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain egitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Herbicide Plus FUSILADE 2000 Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1 2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of FUSILADE 2000 and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Plus FUSILADE 2000 Herbicide Tank Mix:

- Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus FUSILADE 2000 tank mix less than 90 days before hervasting soybeans.
- 3. Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.
- 4. Do not apply the COBRA plus FUSILADE 2000 tank mix if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.
- 5. Make the last FUSILADE 2000 application to soybeans before bloom.
- 6. Do not plant rotational grass crops such ac corn, sorghum, and cereals within 60 days of last application of FUSILADE 2000.
- Avoid drift to all other crops and nontarget areas. Grass crops are highly susceptible to FUSILADE 2000 Herbicide.

- DAY 13

TANK MIX WITH OPTION HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEEDS IN SOYBEANS

GENERAL INFORMATION

For best results the COBRA plus OPTION tank mix should be applied to actively growing weeds. Do not apply COBRA tank mixtures during periods when the soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. Refer to the COBRA soybean label for application timing.

TANK MIX GEOGRAPHIC USE AREA

Refer to the OPTION Herbicide label for defined application area and area-rates. COBRA Herbicide does not have application area restrictions.

Table 17S.

COBRA Herbicide & OPTION Herbicide Tank Mix - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Weed Size	Adjuvant
COBRA	12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S	0.5% v/v Crop Oil Concentrate/A
plus OPTION	OPTION	Refer to the OPTION laborates controlled and u	el for ANNUAL and PERENNIAL

SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION WITH COBRA HERBICIDE AND OPTION HERBICIDE

Sequential Applications with COBRA Herbicide

Some reduction in grass control is possible when OPTION is sequentially applied immediately prior to or after an application of COBRA Herbicide.

- After an application of OPTION, wait a minimum of 24 hours before applying COBRA Herbicide.
- In fields treated with COBRA Herbicide, do not apply OPTION until grass plants are again developing new leaves (generally 7 days after the COBRA Herbicide application).
- Refer to the OPTION lat I for application areas and rates.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatinfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

COBRA Plus OPTION Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of OPTION and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of COBRA and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate and the remaining water.

Use Restrictions for COBRA Plus OPTION Tank Mix:

- 1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- Do not apply the COBRA plus OPTION tank mix less than 90 days before harvesting soybeans.
- 3. Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.
- 4. Do not apply the COBRA plus OPTION tank mix if rain is expected within 4 hours of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.

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COBRA HERBICIDE SEQUENTIAL AFTER SOIL APPLIED HERBICIDE

PURSUIT PLUS® Herbicide Followed by Reduced Rates of COBRA Herbicide

GENERAL INFORMATION

Do not apply COBRA during periods when soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. COBRA should be applied to small, actively growing weeds (normally 14 to 21 days after planting). A timely cultivation approximately one week to ten days after the application of COBRA will assist in weed control.

IMPORTANT

Read and carefully observe all the precautionary statements, instructions, rotational restrictions and other information appearing on each product's package label.

Table 18S.

PURSUIT PLUS Herbicide and COBRA Herbicide Sequential — Soybeans — Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Weed Size	Adjuvant
PURSUIT PLUS		Refer to PURSUIT PLUS label for weeds claimed	None
post_	emerge		
COBRA	6 to 12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S for weeds controlled at 12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 1S
		COBRA RATE/A	10 oz. 8 oz. 6 oz.
			Maximum Leaf Stage
		Common Cocklebur Common Ragweed	6 4 2 4 3 2

Use Restrictions for PURSUIT PLUS followed by COBRA Herbicide:

- Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or sequentially. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.
- 2. Do not apply the COBRA less than 90 days before harvesting soybeans.
- 3. Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.
- Do not apply the COBRA if rain is expected within 30 minutes of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.

PASSPORT® Herbicide Followed by Reduced Rates of COBRA Herbicide

GENERAL INFORMATION

Following an application of PASSPORT, a postemergence application with COBRA may be applied for control of additional broadleaf weed species at lower rates than possible following other proomergent preemergence herbicides.

Do not apply COBRA during periods when soybeans and the weeds are under stress or when conditions do not favor active weed growth. COBRA should be applied to small, actively growing weeds (normally 14 to 21 days after planting). A timely cultivation approximately one week to ten days after the application of COBRA will assist in weed control.

IMPORTANT

Read and carefully observe all the precautionary statements, instructions, rotational restrictions and all other information appearing on each product's package label.

Table 19S. PASSPORT Herbicide and COBRA Herbicide Sequential - Soybeans - Rate and Time of Application

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Cintrolled/ Weed Size	Ad	uvant	
PASSPORT		Refer to PASSPORT label for weeds controlled	No	ne	
post_	emerge_				
COBRA	6 to 12.5 fl. oz./A	Refer to Table 2S for weeds con- trolled at 12.5 fl. oz./A		er to ble 1S	
Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled/ Weed Size	Ad	juvant	
		COBRA RATE/A	10 oz.	8 oz.	6 oz.
				odmum af Stage)
		Common Cocklebur Common Ragweed	6	4 3	2 2

Use Restrictions for PASSPORT Herbicide followed by COBRA Herbicide:

1. Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or sequentially. The most

restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.

Do not apply the COBRA less than 90 85 days before harvesting soybeans.

Do not graze treated fields or harvest for forage hay.

Do not apply the COBRA if rain is expected within 30 minutes of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result.

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COBRA HERBICIDE FOR POST DIRECTED APPLICATION IN COTTON

GENERAL INFORMATION

COBRA Herbicide is a broadspectrum contact herbicide for postemergence directed control of broadleaf weeds in cotton. Apply COBRA postemergence as a directed spray application following a preplant incorporated or preemergence herbicide(s) for early season control of grasses and broadleaf weeds. Use COBRA Herbicide as a postemergence directed application when the cotton plant has reached a minimum height of 6 inches and a height difference of 3 to 5 inches has been established between the lower leaves of the cotton plant and the top of the broadleaf weeds.

COBRA Herbicide may also be applied as a layby application after cotton has reached a height of 12 inches or more. Layby applications of COBRA Herbicide will control broadleaf weeds that do not exceed leaf stage recommendations listed in Table 6C of this label. For enhanced control of large mid to late season problem broadleaf weeds, a tank mix of COBRA Herbicide with BLADEX, KARMEX, or MSMA is required. Refer to the label section on TANK MIXES for specific recommendations. Use of a petroleum base crop oil concentrate or a non-ionic surfactant is required. Refer to the label section on ADJUVANTS for specific recommendation.

Under conditions of normal weed growth, COBRA may be applied up to 30 minutes before rainfall without reducing weed control.

PRECAUTIONS

COBRA Herbicide should not be applied later than 70 days before harvest. Do not graze animals on green forage or stubble. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding.

COTTON TOLERANCE

Apply COBRA Herbicide to cotton ONLY as a DIRECTED SPRAY application with nozzles set to deliver the spray mixture toward the base of the cotton plant, as specified in the "Timing" and "Application" sections of this label. Lower leaves which are contacted by the spray mixture will appear spotted or light brown to bronze in color. This response will have no effect on the growth or development of the cotton crop, and all growth following application will be normal.

It is essential to establish a height differential of 3 to 5 inches between the crop and the target weeds prior to application to ensure full coverage of the weed leaf surfaces while minimizing direct contact of the spray mixture with the upper leaves and terminal area of the cotton plant.

COBRA is a contact herbicide. It does not move throughout the cotton plant and it will not vaporize off the soil surface.

DO NOT apply COBRA Herbicide OVER-THE-TOP of cotton.

TIMING

Post-Directed: COTTON 6" or More For best results, COBRA Herbicide should be applied to small, actively growing weeds. Nozzles should be set to spray no higher than the bottom 2 to 3 inches of the cotton stalk (or the top of the bark formation) and still fully cover the target weeds. A properly timed directed spray application will provide control of labeled weeds not larger than indicated in Table 6C.

Layby: COTTON 12" or More When weed heights are larger than those listed in Table 6C, a tank mix of COBRA plus BLADEX, KARMEX, or MSMA is required. Nozzles should be set to spray no higher than the bottom 1/3 of the cotton stalk (up to the first fruiting node) and still fully cover the target weeds. Use of tank mix combinations will provide better control of larger late season troublesome weeds in cotton. See Table 7C for weed size recommendations for COBRA tank mix combinations. Refer to the label section on TANK MIXES for specific use directions.

Apply COBRA under conditions that promote active weed growth. DO NOT apply COBRA Herbicide when weeds are under stress. Weeds under stress tend to "harden off" and become less susceptible to herbicide activity. DO NOT apply COBRA Herbicide under conditions of drought or when rainfall has been less than 1 inch in a consecutive 2-week period, when excessive water has saturated the field for 3 or more consecutive days or when high temperatures are in combination with low soil moisture or in combination with low humidity. Applying COBRA Herbicide under these conditions may result in unsatisfactory weed control.

Conditions such as those described above which precede or immediately follow a COBRA application may adversely affect the performance of the herbicide.

DIRECTED BAND APPLICATION

Directed row banding is required for use of COBRA Herbicide in cotton. Two nozzles per row, one on each side, are required for postemergence directed application. Tractor ground speed should not exceed 5 mph. The spray equipment used should accurately direct the spray pattern to the base of the cotton plant to minimize contact with the cotton plant and provide good coverage of the target weeds. Spray nozzles should be positioned a minimum of 3 inches above the soil surface and angled backward so that the spray solution discharges to the rear and under the row canopy. The use of leaf lifters or shields on application equipment is recommended to help reduce spray contact with the cotton plant. Row banding equipment should be adjusted to provide maximum coverage of weeds in the banding area.

SPRAYER CALIBRATION

FIELD CALIBRATE YOUR SPRAYER: Improper calibration will adversely affect the spray pattern and reduce weed control. Delivery rates shown in equipment catalogs may not accurately reflect your actual delivery rate. When calibrating, spray pressure should be measured at the spray nozzie to assure accurate delivery rates. Refer to manufacturer's chart for recommended spray volume, spray pressure, and ground speed for the nozzies and the directed spray system you are using.

speed for the nozzles and the directed spray system you are using.
HERBICIDE RATES, ADJUVANT RATES AND SPRAY VOLUME RECOMMENDATIONS are presented as BROADCAST EQUIVALENTS, and must be reduced in proportion to the area actually treated. Use the

following formulas to calculate the correct rate and volume per planted (field) acre:

BandWidth (inches)
Row Width (inches)

Broadcast Rate/Acre Amount of Herbicide Needed per Field Acre

BandWidth (inches) x Row Width (inches)

Broadcast Volume/Acre

= Amount of Water
 Needed per Field Acre

CULTIVATION

When postemergence directing COBRA Herbicide at the same time as cultivation, the spray nozzles must be positioned in front of the cultivation equipment. Applying COBRA Herbicide at the time of cultivation under dry soil conditions will cause excessive dust which will prevent proper contact between COBRA Herbicide and the weed surface. This reduced contact will decrease weed control activity. In addition, applying COBRA Herbicide while cultivating at ground speeds greater than 5 mph will prevent good coverage of the weed surface by the spray solution and reduce weed control activity.

APPLICATION RATES

COBRA APPLIED ALONE - Apply COBRA Herbicide at a rate of 12.5 fl. oz. per acre on a broadcast basis. The sprayer must be equipped with flat fan or off-center fan nozzles designed to deliver 10 to 30 gals. of water per acre when operated at a spray pressure of 20 to 30 PSI measured at the nozzle. Pressures greater than 30 PSI may cause the spray mist to move upward into the cotton canopy resulting in severe crop injury.

Table 1C.

APPLICATION RATES Post-Directed: COTTON 6" or More OR Layby: COTTON 12" or More COBRA HERBICIDE

Application Timing	Broadcast Rate/Acre	Comments
Post-directed: COTTON 6" or more		Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to band area
OR Layby: COTTON 12*or more	12.5 fl. oz.	actually treated (See SPRAYER CALIBRATION).

ADJUVANTS

The use of recommended adjuvants has consistently enhanced weed control over a wide range of application conditions.

For Post-directed application of COBRA to cotton at least 6" tall, use either a non-ionic surfactant at 2 pts. per 100 gals, spray solution; OR crop oil concentrate at .5 to 1 pt. per acre (broadcast basis), if bark formation has begun.

For Layby application of COBRA to cotton 12" tall (or more), use a crop oil concentrate at 1 to 2 pts. per acre (broadcast basis).

Table 2C.

ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS

Application Timing	Adjuvant	Broadcast Rate/Acre	Comments
Post-directed: COTTON 6* or more	Crop Oil Concen- trate	.5 to 1 pt. (8 to 16 fl. oz.)	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to band area actually treated (See SPRAYER CALIBRATION).
OR		•	•
	Non-ionic Surfactant	2 pts. per 100 gals. spray solution	Use prior to bark formation to minimize stalk discoloration.
Layby: COTTON 12* or more	Crop Oil Concen- trate	1 to 2 pts. (16 to 32 fl. oz.)	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to band area actually treated (See SPRAYER CALIBRATION).

TANK MIXES

COBRA plus BLADEX®: Apply a tank mix combination of JOBRA Herbicide plus BLADEX 90DF, 80W or 4L at layby after cotton has attained a minimum height of 12 inches and before weeds are larger than listed in Table 7C. Apply COBRA Herbicide at a rate of 12.5 fl. oz. per acre plus BLADEX at a rate of 0.68 to 1.11 lbs. of 90DF, 0.75 to 1.25 lbs. of 80W or 0.7 to 1.0 qt. of 4L per acre on a broadcast basis. The sprayer must be equipped with flat fan or off-center fan nozzles designed to deliver 10 to 30 gals. of water per acre when operated at a spray pressure of 20 to 30 PSI measured at the nozzle. Pressures greater than 30 PSI may cause the spray mist to move upward into the cotton canopy resulting in crop injury. Use of a crop oil concepts at a spray additive is required at the rate of 1 to 2 ats. per acre. of a crop oil concentrate spray additive is required at the rate of 1 to 2 pts. per acre.

Table 3C.

COBRA + BLADEX (90DF, 80W or 4L) TANK MIX APPLICATION RATES

Application Timing	Product/F	ormulation	Broadcast Rate/Acre	Comments
Layby: COTTON 12*	COBRA +	2E	12.5 fl. oz.	Reduce broadcast
or more	BLADEX	90D	.66 to 1.11 lbs. (10.5 to 17.5 oz.)	rate in proportion to the band area actually treated (See SPRAYER CALIBRATION.).
	OR			CALIBRATION.
	•	WOB	.75 to 1.25 lbs. (12 to 20 oz.)	
	OR		,	
		4L	.7 to 1 qt. (22 to 32 fl. oz.)	

COBRA plus KARMEX®: Apply a tank mix combination of COBRA Herbicide plus KARMEX 80W, at layby after cotton has attained a minimum height of 12 inches but before weeds are larger than listed in Table 7C. Apply COBRA Herbicide at a rate of 12.5 fl. oz. per acre plus KARMEX at a rate of 8.0 to 12.0 oz. per acre on a broadcast basis. The sprayer must be equipped with flat fan or off-center fan nozzles designed to deliver 10 to 30 gals, of water per acre when operated at a spray pressure of 20 to 30 PSI measured at the nozzle. Pressures greater than 30 PSI may cause the spray mist to move upward into the cotton canopy resulting in crop injury. Use of a crop oil concentrate spray additive is required at the rate of 1 to 2 pts. per acre.

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Table 4C.

COBRA + KARMEX 80W TANK MIX APPLICATION RATES

Application Timing	Product/Fo	rmulation	Broadcast Rate/Acre	Comments
Layby: COTTON 12*	COBRA +	2E	12.5 fl. oz	Reduce broadcast rate
or more	KARMEX	BOW	.5 to .75 lbs. (8 to 12 oz.)	in proportion to the band area actually treated (See SPRAYER CALIBRATION).

COBRA plus MSMA - (COTTON 6" or more): Apply a tank mix combination of COBRA Herbicide plus MSMA after cotton has attained a minimum height of 6 inches but before cotton reaches the bloom stage. Apply to weeds no larger than listed in Table 6C. Apply COBRA Herbicide at a rate of 12.5 fl. oz, per acre plus MSMA at a rate of 4 pts. per acre of a 4 lbs./gal, or 2.4 pts. per acre of a 6.6 lbs./gal. MSMA on a broadcast basis. The sprayer must be equipped with flat fan or off-center fan nozzles designed to deliver 10 to 30 gals, of water per acre when operated at 20 to 30 PSI measured at the nozzle. Pressure greater than 30 PSI may cause the spray mist to move upward into the cotton canopy resulting in crop injury. While some formulations of MSMA contain added surfactant and provide enough wetting action to enhance COBRA activity, the use of either a non-ionic surfactant at 2 pts. per 100 gals, of spray solution; OR, a crop oil concentrate at .5 to 1 pt. per acre (broadcast basis) may further enhance control of larger weeds.

COBRA plus MSMA - (COTTON 12" or more): Apply a tank mix combination of COBRA Herbicide plus MSMA after cotton has attained a minimum height of 12 inches but before cotton reaches the bloom stage. Apply to weeds no larger than listed in Table 6C. Apply COBRA Herbicide at a rate of 12.5 fl. oz. per acre plus MSMA at a rate of 4 pts. per acre of a 4 lbs./gal. or 2.4 pts. per acre of a 6.6 lbs./gal. MSMA on a broadcast basis. The sprayer must be equipped with flat fan or off-center fan nozzles designed to deliver 10 to 30 gals. of water per acre when operated at 20 to 30 PSI measured at the nozzle. Pressures greater than 30 PSI may cause the spray mist to move upward into the cotton cancpy resulting in crop injury. While some formulations of MSMA contain added surfactant and provide enough wetting action to enhance COBRA activity, the use of a crop oil concentrate at 1 to 2 pts. per acre (broadcast basis) may further enhance control of larger weeds.

Table 5C.

COBRA + MSMA TANK MIX Post-Directed: COTTON 6° or More OR Layby: COTTON 12" or More APPLICATION RATES

Application Timing	Product/	Formulation	Broadcast Rate/Acre	Comments
USE BEFORE BLOOM Post-Directed:	COBRA	2E	12. 5 fl. oz.	Reduce
COTTON 6 ^c or more OR	MSMA	4 lbs./gal.	4 pts. (64 oz.)	broadcast rate in proportion to the band area actually
Layby: COTTON 12* or more	OR			treated (See SPRAYER CALIBRATION).
		6.6 lbs./gal.	2.4 pts. (38.4 oz.)	٠,٠ <u>٠٠</u> ,٠

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Table 6C.

WEEDS CONTROLLED BY COBRA and COBRA + MSMA TANK MIX Cotton 6" to 8" Tall - Directed Postemergence OR Cotton 12" (or more) — Layby COBRA RATE - 12.5 fl. oz./Acre

COBRA RATE - 12.5 fl. oz	L/Acre
Common Name	Maximum Leaf Stage
Balloonvine	4
Beggarticks	6
Bristly Starbur	4
Buffa ^j obur	4
Burcucumber	4
Carpetweed	8 in. diameter
Common Cocklebur	6
	8 in. diameter
Copperient	
Hophornbeam	. 4
Virginia	4
Croton	
Tropic	4
Woolly	4
Devilsclaw	4
Eclipta _	6
Florida Beggarweed	2
Florida Pusley	6
Groundcherry	
Cutleaf	6
Lanceleaf	6
Hairy Galinsoga	4
Hemp Sesbania	6
Jimsonweed	4
Mexicanweed	4
Morningglory	_
Cypressvine	4
Entireleaf	2
lvyleaf	4 2 2 4 4
Palmieaf	4
Pitted	4
Purpie Moonflower	
Smaliflower	4
Tall	2
Nightshade	
Black	6
Eastern Black	6 4
Hairy	4
Pigweed Palmer Amaranth	e
	6 6
Prostrate Redroot	-
Smooth	6
Spiny Amaranth	6 6
Poorjoe	6
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	4
Puncturevine	1.5 in. diameter
Ragweed	1.5 at. Clarreter
Common	6
Giant	4
Showy Crotalaria	4
Smell Melon	6
Spurge	•
Prostrate	1 in. diameter
Spotted	4
Tall Waterhemp	4
Velvetleaf	4
Venice Mallow	4
Wild Mustard	6
Wild Poinsettia	4
Wild Sunflower	2
Witchweed	6-8 in. prior bloom.
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Table 7C.

COBRA + BLADEX TANK MIX/COBRA + KARMEX TANK MIX WEEDS CONTROLLED FIY COBRA HERBICIDE TANK MIXES LAYBY - 12 INCHES OR MORE COTTON 12.5 fl. oz.

Common Name Maximum Growth Stage Common Cocklebut up to 8 inches up to 8 inches **Eclipta** Pigweed Paimer Amaranth up to 8 inches Prostrate up to 8 inches Redroot up to 8 inches Smooth up to 8 inches up to 8 inches Spiny Amerenth Spurge Prostrate 4 in. diameter Spotted up to 6 inches Tall Waterhemp up to 6 inches

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SOUTHERN PINE SEEDBEDS

GENERAL INFORMATION

COBRA is a selective herbicide for use in southern pine seedbeds, when used according to this label. Pine seedlings will tolerate postemergence treatments when applications are made following complete emergence of the stand.

COBRA may be used on the pine species listed in Table A "Tolerant Species" in the following states:

Alabama South Carolina Mississippi 3eorgia **Arkansas** Missouri Tennessee Kentucky North Carolina Texas Delaware Louisiana Maryland Okiahoma Virginia Florida

Occasionally slight needle burn will be observed on the youngest growth following application. New growth will be normal and the seedlings will continue vigorous growth under favorable environmental conditions.

Crop tolerance is greatest if applications are made following complete stand emergence. Some forking and stunting of seedling may result if COBRA is applied to newly emerged seedlings. For maximum crop safety wait until the seedlings have initiated primary shoot growth before applying COBRA.

APPLICATION

Thoroughly mix COBRA with clean water and apply at 30 to 50 PSI in 20 to 40 gals, per acre. Flat fan or hollow cone nozzles are recommended. Applications made at less than 20 gals, per acre or less than 30 PSI will not provide complete coverage of the weeds and will result in incomplete control. Do not make aerial applications of COBRA to pine seedbeds.

Table A COBRA Herbicide - Southern Pine Seedling - Rate and Time of Application Table.

Product	Rate	Weeds Controlled	Tolerant Species	Adjuvant
COBRA	6.5 fl.	Black Nightshade	Eastern white pine	1/2 pt./A
	oz./A	Carpetweed	(pinus strobus)	crop oil
	every 1	Common Dayflower	1 k. b. s	concen-
	week	Common Purslane	Lobiolly Pine	trate **
	(max-	Common Ragweed	(pinus taeda)	0.5
	mum 4 applicat-	Croton Tropic	Sand Pine	or
	ions	Pogfennel	(pinus clausa)	1 qt./A non-lonic
	Of	Eclipta		surfact-
		Florida Begger-		ant per
	12.5 fl.	weed	Shortleaf Pine	100 gals
	oz./A	Florida Pusley	(pinus echinata)	
	every 2	Hairy Galinsoga	Olask Bina	
	weeks	Mayweed	Slash Pine	fid in
	(maxi-	Morningglory	(pinus plliottii)	(if in
	mum 2 appl i -	species Mustard species	Virginia Pine	post-
	cations)	Prickly Sida	(pinus	emergent
	Caucisj	Pigweed species	virginiana)	activity
		Poorjoe	· · · g · · · · · · · · · ·	is
		Showy Crotalaria		desired)
		Sicklepod		•
		Spurge Prostrate Spotted		
		Witchweed		
		Yellow Woodsorrei		

* Do not apply more than 12.5 fl. oz. per acre within any 2 week period.

The total amount of COBRA used per season must not exceed 26 fl. oz. per acre (0.416 lbs; active ingredients).

** The addition of crop oil concentrate to COBRA may cause some needle burn. DO NOT APPLY WITH SPRA\ ADJUVANTS UNTIL PRIMARY SHOOT GROWTH HAS BEGUN.

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APPENDIX

The following are scientific names for the weeds listed on this label:

Common Name Bailconvine

Beggarticks Bristly Starbur Buffalobur

Burcucumber Canada Thistle Carpetweed Coffee Serina .

Common Cocklebur Common Lambsquarters

Common Pursiane Copperients

Hopho nbeam

Virginia Croton Tropic Woolly Dayflower Devilsclaw

Dogfennel Eclipta

Florida Beggarweed Florida Pusley Galinsoga Goosegrass Groundcherry

Cutleaf
Lanceleaf
Hairy Galinsoga
Hemp Sesbania
Jimsonweed
Lanceleaf Sage
Mayweed
Mexicanweed
Milkweeds

Climbing
Common
Morningglories

Bigroot(Wild Sweet Potato)

Cypressvine Entireleaf

lvyleaf Palmleaf Pitted

P ole Moonflower

Smallflower

Tall

Nightshades-

Black

Eastern Black Hairy Scientific Name

Cardiospermum halicacabum

Bidens frondosa

Acanthospernum hispidum

Solanum rostratum Sicyos angulatur Cirsium arvense Mollugo verticillata Cassia occidentalis Xanthium strumarium Chenopodium album Portulaca oleracea

Acalypha ostryifolia Acalypha virginica

Croton glandulosus Croton capitatis Commelina spp.

Proboscidea louisianica Eupatorium capillifolium

Eclipta prostrata

Desmodium tortuosum Richardia scabra

Galinsoga spp. Eleusine indica

Physalis angulata Physalis lanceifolia Galinsoga ciliata Sesbania exaltata Datura stramonium Salvia reflexa Anthemis cotula

Caperonia castaniifolia

Sarcostemma cynanchoides

Asclepias syriaca

Ipomoea pandurata
Ipomoea quamoclit
Ipomoea hederacea
var. integriuscula
Ipomoea hederacea
Ipomoea wrightii
Ipomoea lacunosa
Ipomoea turbinata
Jacquemontia tamnifoiia
Ipomoea purpurea

Sclanum nigrum Solanum ptycanthum Solanum sarrachoides

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Pigweeds

Palmer Amaranth

Prostrate Redroot Smooth

Spiny Amarenth

Poorjoe

Prickly Sida (Teaweed)

Puncturevine Ragweeds Common Giant Redvine

Showy Crotalaria

Sicklepod Smartweed Pennsylvania Swamp Smell Melon Spurge

Prostrate
Spotted
Toothed

Spurred Anoda Sunflower Tall Waterhemp Trumpetcreeper

Velvetleaf
Venice Mallow
Wild Mustard
Wild Oats
Wild Poinsettia

Wild Sunflower Wirestem Muhly Witchweed

Yellow Woodsorrel

Amaranthus palmeri Amaranthus blitoides Amaranthus retroflexus Amaranthus hybridus Amaranthus spinosus

Diodia teres Sida spinosa Tribulus terrestris

Ambrosia artemisiifolia Ambrosia trifida Brunnichia ovata

Crotalaria spectabilis Cassia obtusifolia

Polygonum pennsylvanium Polygonum coccineum

Cucumis meio

Euphorbia humistrata Euphorbia maculata Euphorbia serrata Anoda cristata Helianthus spp.

Amaranthus tuberculatos

Campsis radicans Abutilon theophrasti Hibiscus trionum Sinapis arvensis Avena fatua

Euphorbia heterophylla Helianthus annuus Muhlenbergia frondosa

Striga asiatica Oxalis stricta

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

STORAGE

)

Store in cool, dry place.

Keep pesticide in original container.

Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers.

Not for use or storage in or around the home.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material call day or night 1-800-892-0099.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

This product is acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess peciticide, spray mixture, or rinsate ic a viciation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Do not reuse container. Offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION. READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT.

LIMITED WARRANTY 1. Valent U.S.A. Corporation warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for use under average conditions when used strictly in accordance with the directions on the labeling. Valent does not make nor authorizes any agent or representative to make, any other warranty, guarantee or representation, express or implied, concerning this product. Specifically, NO IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE IS MADE.

- 2. Critical and unforceeable factors beyond Valent's control prevent it from eliminating all risks in connection with the use of this product. Such risks include, but are not limited to, damage to plants and crops to which product is applied, lack of complete control over the handling and application of this product, and damage caused by drift to other plants or crops. Such risks occur even though the product is reasonably fit under average conditions for the uses stated on the labeling and even though label directions are followed. Buyer and user acknowledge and assume all risks and liability (except those assumed by Valent under 1 above) resulting from handling, storage, and use of the product.
- 3. Precautions stated on the labeling should be followed to avoid hazardous exposure to the product.

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