PM 90 58199-9 1/20

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Office of Pesticide Programs
Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7501W)
401 M Street, S.W.
Washington, DC 20460

EPA Reg. Number: 058199-9

Date of Issuance: FEB - 6 1997

Term of Issuance: Unconditional

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

__X__ Registration
____ Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name of Pesticide Product:

Cyto-Booster

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

P.B.T., Inc.
702 Coronado Road
Corrales, NM 87048

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

The Food Quality Protection Act (FQPA) was signed into law on August 3, 1996. Although full implementation of FQPA has not been achieved, the Agency has no reason to believe that the registration of this product will, in any way, violate the terms of the Act. If EPA determines, as a result of the FQPA implementation process, that the decision to register this product is no longer appropriate, the Agency will consider itself free to pursue whatever action may be appropriate, including, but not limited to, reconsideration of the registration decision.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA Sec. 3(c)(5) provided you:

1. Submit and /or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA Sec.3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA Sec.4.

2. On the label, in the chemigation section, move the phrase which begins with "or in cases where there is no water pump....." to the end of the sentence which begins "The system must contain functional interlocking controls..."

3. Submit five (5) copies of the final printed label for the record.

The Agency notes that the supplier of the active ingredient in your product has not yet fulfilled the requirements of reregistration as noted in the Cytokinin Reregistration Eligibility Decision (RED) document dated December 1995. If your supplier fails to respond to the RED within the required time, the registration of that product may be cancelled. You would then be required to locate another source for your active ingredient and apply to the Agency for amendment of formulation.

Signature of Approving Official: See page 2 for signature of approving official

Date:

CONCURRENCES

SYMBOL ▸	7501W	7501W						
SURNAME ▸	Kaiser	Tompkins						
DATE ▸	2/4/97	2/5/97						

2/8

A stamped copy of the final draft label is enclosed for your records. Any questions may be directed to Joan Karrie, Regulatory Action Leader for this action, at (703) 308-8699, fax (703) 308-7026.

Sincerely,

Janet L. Andersen, Ph.D.
Director
Biopesticides and Pollution
Prevention Division (7501W)

3/16

Revised 11-7-96

Cyto-Booster™

A Cytokinin Supplement to Manage Crop Physiology

Active ingredient:	
Cytokinin, as kinetin, based on biological activity	0.04%
Inert ingredients	99.96%
	100.00%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin! Causes skin irritation! Do not breath vapor or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Statement of Practical Treatment

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

If swallowed: call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin: Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

SEE INSIDE FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

EPA Reg. No. 58199-
EPA Est. No. 45246-ME-1

Net Contents: gallons/ liters lbs./ kgs. Lot No.

Plant BioTech, Inc.
Corrales, NM 87048

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated

FEB - 6 1997

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

58199-9

4/10

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants and shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash personal protective equipment separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

-Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

-Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

-Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

For terrestrial uses. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment wash water.

Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to birds and other wildlife. Dispose of all excess treated seed and seed packaging by burial away from bodies of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

5/10

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is coveralls, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

Chemigation system

Apply Cyto-Booster only through the following types of systems: sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move; or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place. A person knowledgeable about the chemigation systems and responsible for its operation, or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), back flow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction.

6/10

There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Supply pesticide tank agitation, especially if product is to sit in tank for over 6 hours.

Cyto-Booster may be applied continuously for the duration of water application or with the first quarter to one-half of the watering period.

Mixing instructions: Fill supply tank to 1/4 to 1/2 full. Add Cyto-Booster and complete filling.

WARRANTY: The manufacturer warrants that this product shall be of its standard quality and shall conform to the label thereon. Recommendations for use of the product are based on tests believed to be reliable. The use of the product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee expressed or implied is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained, except as expressly set forth on the label hereon. The BUYER must assume all responsibility if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practices, including injury or damage resulting from its misuse as such or in combination with other materials. The manufacturer's liability shall be limited to the replacement without charge, FOB warehouse, of all product shown to be otherwise than as warranted.

7/10

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS – FOOD CROPS

For best results, Cyto-Booster should be applied before noon or after four p.m. A spreader/sticker/surfactant cleared for application to growing crops should be used with the product. Store Cyto-Booster in a cool dry place and out of direct sunlight. Any spigot or pump put into a Cyto-Booster drum should be cleaned with disinfectant (bleach and water, etc.) before using, unless the whole drum is to be used at one time. Mix Cyto-Booster with enough water to get thorough coverage of plant surfaces. Cyto-Booster is compatible with most other spray materials.

CROP USAGE - ALL CROPS LISTED FOR STRESS RELIEF

Use 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre in not less than three gallons by air and up to 40 gallons by ground anytime a crop is prematurely dying down (loss of color) due to stress caused by one or more of the following conditions: weather (frost, drought, excessive moisture), insect infestation, fungus attack, and/or herbicide burn.

CROP USAGE – ALL CROPS LISTED FOR TRANSPLANTING AND SEED BED TREATMENT

Use 2 pints Cyto-Booster per acre or 1 part Cyto-Booster to 1000 parts water (approximately 1 tablespoon Cyto-Booster to 4 gallons water) as a root dip and watering solution when transplanting.

CROP USAGE – APPLE – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: at full pink
2nd application: at calyx (petal fall)
3rd application: 3 weeks after 2nd spraying.
4th application: 4 weeks after 3rd spraying.

CROP USAGE – CARROTS – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: At tuber initiation
2nd application: 2 to 3 weeks after 1st spraying.

CROP USAGE - CELERY

1st application: Use 2 pints Cyto-Booster per acre applied to the seed bed at time of seeding or up to 20 days thereafter.
2nd application: Use 2 pints Cyto-Booster per acre at the time seedlings are transplanted; see Transplanting instructions above.
3rd application: Use 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre 2 to 3 weeks after transplanting.

CROP USAGE - CORN 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: at the 1 to 1 ½ ft. stage.
2nd application: at tassel time.

CROP USAGE – COTTON

Pinhead square: Apply 2 to 4 fluid ounces/acre weekly for 4 weeks beginning at pinhead square.
First bloom: Apply ½ pint/acre at first white flower and again two weeks later.
Stripper cotton: Apply single application of ½ pint/acre during the first two weeks of bloom.

CROP USAGE – GRAPES – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: Between leafout and prebloom.
2nd application: At petal fall.
3rd application: After harvest.

8/10

CROP USAGE – ORANGES – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: At prebloom
2nd application: At calyx (petal fall)
3rd application: 3 weeks after 2nd spraying.
4th application: 4 weeks after 3rd spraying.

CROP USAGE – PEACHES – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: At prebloom
2nd application: At calyx (petal fall)
3rd application: 3 weeks after 2nd spraying.
4th application: 4 weeks after 3rd spraying.

CROP USAGE – PEANUTS – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: At pegging
2nd application: 2 to 3 weeks after 1st spraying.

CROP USAGE – PEPPERS – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: just prior to first bloom.
2nd application: 10 days after 1st spraying
3rd application: 10 days after 2nd spraying

CROP USAGE – POTATOES – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: At tuber set. The time of application is determined by pulling an average size plant in the field 4 weeks (after every 7 days thereafter if necessary) after planting.
2nd application: At full blossom. Russet Burbanks, which do not show full blossom, should be sprayed 2 to 3 weeks after 1st spraying of Cyto-Booster.

CROP USAGE – SOYBEANS – 1 pint/acre each application

Application: At first bud formation.

CROP USAGE – STRAWBERRIES

1st application: Use 2 pints Cyto-Booster per acre as a transplant solution; see Transplanting instructions above.
2nd application: Use 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre at prebloom.
3rd application: Use 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre at petal fall.
4th application: Use 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre after harvest.

CROP USAGE – SUGAR BEETS – 1 pint/acre each application

1st application: At tuber initiation.
2nd application: 2 to 3 weeks after 1st spraying.

CROP USAGE – TOMATOES

1st application: Use 2 pints Cyto-Booster per acre applied to the seedbed at time of seeding or up to 20 days thereafter.
2nd application: Use 2 pints Cyto-Booster per acre at the time seedlings are transplanted; see Transplanting Instructions above.
3rd application: use 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre 2 to 3 weeks after 1st bloom.

CROP USAGE – WHEAT – 1 pint/acre each application

Application: 1 to 2 weeks before boot stage.

9/10

GENERAL USE INSTRUCTIONS -- NON-FOOD CROPS

For best results, Cyto-Booster should be applied before noon or after four p.m. A spreader/sticker/surfactant cleared for application to growing crops should be used with the product. Store Cyto-Booster in a cool dry place and out of direct sunlight. Any spigot or pump put into a Cyto-Booster drum should be cleaned with disinfectant (bleach and water, etc.) before using, unless the whole drum is to be used at one time. Mix Cyto-Booster with enough water to get thorough coverage of plant surfaces. Cyto-Booster is compatible with most other spray materials.

Part A: TRANSPLANT SOLUTION INSTRUCTIONS

As a root dip and watering solution for transplants, use 2 pints Cyto-Booster per acre or 1 part Cyto-Booster to 1000 parts water (approximately 1 tablespoon Cyto-Booster to 4 gallons water).

PART B: STRESS RELIEF INSTRUCTIONS

Any time a plant is prematurely dying down (loss of color) due to stress caused by one of the following conditions: weather (frost, drought, excessive moisture), insect infestation, fungus attack and/or herbicide burn, spray 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre.

EVERGREEN TREES AND DECIDUOUS TREES

For evergreens such as spruce, fir and pine, and for Deciduous trees such as birch, elm and maple: Transplant Solution: See General Use Instructions—Part A: Transplant Solution Instructions.

1st application: Early spring (root initiation): spray 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre or 1 part Cyto-Booster to 2,000 parts water (approximately 1 tablespoon Cyto-Booster to 8 gallons water) until all plant surfaces are wetted.
2nd application: At bud formation, spray 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre or 1 part Cyto-Booster to 2000 parts water (approximately 1 tablespoon Cyto-Booster to 8 gallons water) until all plant surfaces are wetted.
3rd application: Terminal calyx, spray 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre or 1 part Cyto-Booster to 2000 parts water (approximately 1 tablespoon Cyto-Booster to 8 gallons water) until all plant surfaces are wetted.
4th application: Early to mid-fall, spray 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre or 1 part Cyto-Booster to 2000 parts water (approximately 1 tablespoon Cyto-Booster to 8 gallons water) until all plant surfaces are wetted.
Stress Relief: See General Use Instructions—Part B: Stress Relief Instructions.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

For flowering plants such as geraniums, marigolds, and roses, and for Nonflowering plants such as ferns, ivies, and jades:
Transplant Solution: See General Use Instructions – Part A: Transplant Solution Instructions.

Application: Flowering plants and nonflowering plants should be sprayed monthly at a rate of 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre or 1 part Cyto-Booster to 2000 parts water (approximately 1 tablespoon Cyto-Booster to 8 gallons water) until all plant surfaces are wetted. Flowering plants should have their initial spraying at prebloom stage.
Stress Relief: See General Use Instructions—Part B: Stress Relief Instructions.

LAWN SEED TREATMENT FOR INCREASED GERMINATION AND ROOT GROWTH

Either use ½ pint Cyto-Booster and enough water to treat 100 pounds of seed by soaking, or spray one acre of the seed bed with 1 quart Cyto-Booster diluted with 250 gallons water.

Do not use treated seed for food, feed or oil purposes Treat only those seeds needed for immediate use and planting Do not store excess treated seed beyond planting time Dispose of excess treated seed by burial away from streams and bodies of water

LAWN SEED HYDROMULCHING FOR INCREASED GERMINATION AND ROOT GROWTH

Application Use 1 pint Cyto-Booster per acre mixed with seed, fertilizer, and mulch for blown application

TURFS AND LAWNS

Use Cyto Booster for all ornamental turf grasses and in sod farming Apply 1 to 1 ½ gallons Cyto Booster per acre per season (3 to 4 ½ ounces per 1000 square feet per season or 1 ounce per 1000 square feet each month throughout season) to promote vigor and root growth of turf on golf courses, parks, and other sports fields (soccer, football, baseball), home lawns and for production of sods such as zoysia, bluegrass, fescue, buffalo grass and other ornamental sod production Make application with sufficient water to provide good coverage, usually not less than 10 gallons per acre up to 200 gallons per acre Make first Cyto Booster application at any time during the growing season, but preferably at the initial stages of spring growth

Stress Relief See General Use Instructions--Part B Stress Relief Instructions

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal

STORAGE Store in a cool place and out of direct sunlight. Keep from freezing
DISPOSAL Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility
CONTAINER DISPOSAL Triple rinse (or equivalent) Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities by burning If burned stay out of smoke