

PM 12 56618 1/1 8-11-1995

ACCEPTED  
SEP 26 1985  
Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 769-430

# SECURITY

## Tomato & Vegetable Dust

Contains Carbaryl Insecticide and Maneb Fungicide for Insect and Disease Control.

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**  
Maneb (Manganese ethylenebisdithiocarbamate) ..... 6%  
Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate) ..... 5%  
**INERT INGREDIENTS:** ..... 89%  
EPA Reg. No. 769-430      EPA Est. 769-GA-1      TOTAL 100%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
CAUTION!**

(See additional precautionary statements on side panel.)

### STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

**IF SWALLOWED:** Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **IF ON SKIN:** Wash with soap and water. Remove any contaminated clothing. **IF IN EYES:** Flush eyes with water. **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:** Carbaryl is a moderate reversible cholinesterase inhibitor. Atropine is antidotal. Do not use 2-PAM, opiates or cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

**CAUTION:** May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to aquatic and estuarine invertebrates and is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal or waste. Apply this product only as specified on this label. **PROTECT BEES:** This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. Applications should be timed to provide the maximum possible interval between treatment and the next period of bee activity.

European corn borer, fall armyworm, sap beetle and Japanese beetle, apply at the rate of 2 ounces to 50 feet or row. For European corn borer, consult your state Agricultural Experiment Station for proper timing of treatments. For budworm damage in the whorl, apply to entire plant and repeat as necessary. For insects attacking silks and ears, apply at 2 to 3 day intervals starting when first silks appear and continuing until silks begin to dry. Three or more applications may be required depending upon severity of infestation. For disease control, begin application when plants are 6 inches high and repeat at 3 to 7 day intervals until harvest. For insect control, begin application when insects first appear and repeat as necessary. Do not feed treated forage to livestock.

**CARROTS (0):** To control alternaria and cercospora leaf spot, flea beetles, leafhoppers, spittlebugs, tygus and stink bugs, apply 1 to 2 ounces to 50 feet or row. For disease control, begin applications when plants are 6 weeks old and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. For insect control, begin application when insects first appear and repeat as necessary.

**TOMATOES (5), EGGPLANT (5), PEPPERS (5):** To control anthracnose, late and early blight (alternaria), phomopsis blight or fruit rot, cercospora leaf spot (frog-eye spot), ripe rot, cladosporium leaf mold, gray leaf spot (stemphytium), septoria leaf spot, tomato fruitworm, fall armyworm, flea beetles, leafhoppers, tomato hornworm, European corn borer and stink bug, apply at the rate of 1 to 2 ounces per 50 feet or row. For disease control, begin application at first cluster and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or more often during severe late blight conditions. To avoid damage, do not use of tender young greenhouse tomato plants. For insect control, begin application when insects first appear and repeat as necessary.

**POTATOES (0):** To control early and late blight, Colorado potato beetle, leafhoppers and flea beetles, apply 1 to 2 ounces to 50 feet of row. To control tygus bug, apply 2 ounces per 50 feet of row. For disease control, begin application when plants are 2 to 6 inches high. Repeat at 5 to 10 day intervals, more often under severe late blight conditions. For insect control, begin application when insects first appear and repeat as necessary.

\*NOTE: This product may not be effective in controlling Colorado potato beetle in certain areas including the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic states.

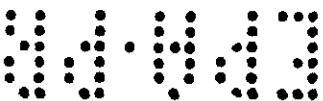
### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Store pesticide in original container and place in a locked storage area. Do not reuse container. Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspapers and discard in trash.

NOTICE: The seller makes no implied warranty of merchantability nor any other warranties which extend beyond the description on this label.

NET WEIGHT 1 POUND  
SECURITY CHEMICAL COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS ATLANTA, GEORGIA



### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Subsequent planting of food and feed crops in treated soil must be made with crops on this or other carbaryl labels.

**NOTICE:** When mixing or loading this product, all workers must wear the following protective clothing: long pants, long-sleeved shirt, gloves, hat and boots.

**PREHARVEST INTERVAL:** Follow the time interval in days between last application and harvest indicated by the number in ( ) following each crop. A (0) indicates this product may be applied up to and including the day of harvest.

**BENAS (4):** To control anthracnose, downy mildew, Mexican bean beetle, bean leaf beetle, cucumber beetle, leafhopper, flea beetle, Japanese beetle and corn earworm, apply at the rate of 1 ounce per 50 feet of row. Where Mexican bean beetle is the only problem, a rate of 1/2 ounce per 50 feet of row is sufficient. To control tygus bug, stink bug and lima bean pod borer, apply 2 ounces per 50 feet or row. For disease control, begin application when disease first appears and repeat at weekly intervals. For insect control, begin application when insects first appear and repeat as necessary.

**CABBAGE (7), BROCCOLI (3), BRUSSELS SPROUTS (3), CAULIFLOWER (3), KOHLRABI (3):** To control alternaria leaf spot, downy mildew, flea beetle, harlequin bug, corn earworm, armyworm, imported cabbageworm and diamond-back moth larvae, apply 1 to 2 ounces per 50 feet or row. Will not control cabbage loopers. For disease control, begin applications as soon as disease threatens and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals in the field. Use at 3 day intervals in plant beds. For insect control, begin application when insects first appear and repeat as necessary. At harvest, remove residue by washing or trimming.

**COLLARDS (14), KALE (14), LETTUCE (Head - 10, Leaf - 14), MUSTARD GREENS (14), SPINACH (14), TURNIPS (Tops - 14):** To control alternaria leaf spot, downy mildew, white rust, flea-beetle, harlequin bug, leafhopper, armyworm, imported cabbageworm, diamond-back moth larvae, corn earworm, tarnished plant bug and stink bug after lettuce heads begin to form, use 2 ounces per 50 feet of row on a 5 to 7 day schedule. Will not control cabbage looper. For disease control, begin application as soon as disease threatens and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. For insect control, begin applications when insects first appear and repeat as necessary. At harvest, remove excess residue by trimming and washing or other effective means.

**CUCUMBERS (5), SQUASH (5):** To control anthracnose, downy mildew, pythium fruit rot, alternaria (macrosporium) leaf spot, angular leaf spot, pickleworm, cucumber beetle, squash bug and flea beetle, apply 1 ounce to 50 feet of row. For disease control, begin application when runners begin to form or at the first sign of disease. Repeat at weekly intervals. Direct dust to underside of leaves. For insect control, begin application when insects first appear and repeat as necessary.

**CORN (Sweet-0):** To control helminthosporium blight, corn earworm,