49403-35

08-28-2007

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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Antimicrobials Division (7510C) 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW Washington, D.C. 20460 EPA Reg. Number:

Date of Issuance:

49403-35

AUG 28 2007

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Nipacide C40

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

x Registration
Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Clariant Corporation 4000 Monroe Road Charlotte, N.C. 28205

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA sec. 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for re-registration of your product under FIFRA section 4.
 - 2. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment:
 - a. Revise the "EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 49403-35".

Signature of Approving Official

Marshall Swindell

Product Manager Team-33

Regulatory Management Bra

Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobials Division (7510P) Date:

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3. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Martha L. Terry at (703) 308-6217.

Sincerely,

Marshall Swindell

Product Manager 33

Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobials Division (7510P)

Enclosure

NIPACIDE®® C40

Broad Spectrum Fungicide For The Control Of Fungal Growth

For Use as a Fungicide in Aqueous Paints, Stains, Coatings, Adhesives, Caulks, Sealants, Grouts, Joint Compounds, and Wood Preservative Stains.

For Use as a Preventative Treatment For Sapstain And Surface Mold Growth On Freshly Cut Wood and Wood Products.

For Use as a Preventative and Remedial Treatment for Mold and Mildew on Wood, Wallboard, Concrete and Masonry (Cinder) Block Construction Materials in Buildings

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Chlorothalonil (tetrachloroisophthalonitrile)* OTHER INGREDIENTS:

40.4% 59.6%

TOTAL:

100.0%

Keep Out Of Reach Of Children **CAUTION**

Si usted no entiende la etqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID			
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.			
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 		
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.* Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 		
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.		
CLOTHING:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.		
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.		
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product may produce temporary irritation and side effects characterized by			
redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having			
these reactions or an allergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.			

EPA Reg. No. 49403	EPA Est. No	
Clariant Corporation 4000 Monroe Road ACCEPTED Charlotte, NC 28205 COMMENTS	Net Contents:	
(704) 822-2259 FDA TOUVIVIENTS		

EPA Letter Dated:

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Under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

^{*}This product contains 4.17 pounds of chlorothalonil per gallon.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

Caution. Harmful if inhaled, swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals.

Note To User: Exposure to formulations containing chlorothalonil may produce temporary irritation and side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having these reactions or allergic symptoms should contact a physician.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Shoes plus socks;
- · Protective evewear:
- Waterproof gloves(some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, or viton; If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart)

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- · remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

> ACCEPTED with COMMENTS EPA Letter Dated:

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Observe all precautions listed under the "Precautionary Statements" heading when handling and using NIPACIDE®® C40.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, or pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

NIPACIDE® C40 must NOT be formulated into a product intended as a mildewcidal paint additive designed for direct sale to retail customers., e.g. in "pillow pack" or other small volume or one-use packages. NIPACIDE® C40 must not be used to formulate products for use as incontainer preservatives.

NIPACIDE® C40 may NOT be used for food grade coatings and adhesives.

NIPACIDE® C40 may only be formulated into mildewicidal paint additive products that are labeled as follows: "This product may only be added to paint products that are labeled A) with product-specific instructions for the use of a respirator during application, or B) as follows 'When applying with a sprayer, wear a dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C), or a NIOSH approved respirator with any R. P. or HE filter. If oil is not present in the paint product or recommended for use as an additive in the paint product, add "N" as an additional respirator type.

NIPACIDE® C40 is used to safeguard wood and products containing wood from mildew, mold and decay fungi.

NIPACIDE® C40 is an aqueous dispersion containing 40.4% (wt/wt) chlorothalonil and is to be used only in waterbased or water compatible products and aqueous systems. Mix NIPACIDE® C40 thoroughly before use to ensure a uniform mixture. To ensure uniformity in mixing or blending, the contents should be mixed or stirred gradually into the mixture.

Use levels for NIPACIDE® C40 may vary depending upon the substrate to be protected, the fungal hazard and the duration of protection desired. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to test NIPACIDE® C40 for optimum dosage levels and to determine the compatibility and suitability for the intended use. Any in-can preservative used in combination with NIPACIDE® C40 should be tested first for compatibility.

WOOD PRESERVATIVE STAINS

NIPACIDE® C40 may be used in wood preservative stains intended for above ground applications. Add NIPACIDE® C40 at a rate of 10 to 25 pounds per 100 gallons of waterbased stain formulation (1.0% to 2.5% wt/wt) to prevent the growth of mold, mildew and wood decay fundi. NIPACIDE® C40 may be added during the pigment grind operation, during or after letdown or post-added to the finished product. NIPACIDE® C40 is compatible with stains containing zinc oxide. It is the responsibility of the formulator to determine the compatibility and suitability of NIPACIDE® C40 for this use and to obtain end-use product registrations.

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AQUEOUS ADHESIVES, CAULKS AND SEALANTS

Aqueous Adhesives: Add 0.12 to 1.25 pounds of NIPACIDE® C40 per 100 pounds of adhesive (0.12% to 1.25% wt/wt). The dosage rate depends on fungal hazard and duration of protection desired.

Aqueous Caulks and Sealants: Add 0.12 to 1.25 pounds of NIPACIDE® C40 per 100 pounds of caulk or sealant (0.12% to 1.25% wt/wt) to provide mildew control in exterior and interior caulks and sealants.

LATEX EMULSION PAINTS, STAINS AND COATINGS

Concentrations of 5 to 10 pounds of NIPACIDE® C40 per 100 gallons of paint, stain or coating (0.5% to 1.0% wt/wt) will usually provide sufficient protection for interior applications. Concentrations of 10 to 25 pounds of NIPACIDE® C40 per 100 gallons of paint, stain or coating (1.0% to 2.5% wt/wt) will usually provide effective protection for exterior applications. NIPACIDE® C40 may be added during the pigment grind operation and/or during or after letdown. NIPACIDE® C40 is compatible with paints, stains or coatings containing zinc oxide

GROUTS AND JOINT COMPOUNDS

Add 10.0 to 38.0 pounds of NIPACIDE® C40 per 1000 pounds of grout and joint compound blends (1.0% to 3.8% wt/wt) during the blending process.

FRESHLY CUT WOOD AND WOOD PRODUCTS

NIPACIDE® C40 can be used as preventative for sapstain and surface mold growth when mixed into a waterbased dip treatment. For optimum control the suspension should be mixed at a rate of 5 to 10 pounds (0.5 to 1 gallon) NIPACIDE® C40 per 100 gallons of water.

If the freshly cut wood or wood products are expected to remain in an un-dried state or condition for an undetermined period of time, the higher rate of mixture should be used. Dipping these wood products for a sufficient time will ensure thorough coating of the wood product. Continued mixing or agitation of the suspension should be done while the wood products are being treated. After treatment, all treated wood products should be stored in areas that are sufficiently protected from runoff and intermingling with surface waters.

When disposing of unused treatment suspensions, do so in a manner that protects and prohibits intermingling with soil and water.

COMPOSITE WOOD PRODUCTS

NIPACIDE® C40 can be used during the manufacturing stage to provide decay protection in composite wood products intended for the construction trade. Particle board or flake board used in the manufacture of siding, sheathing, decking, planking and construction timbers are examples of these industry products. For treatment of these wood products, use 1.25 to 12.5 pounds NIPACIDE® C40 per cubic foot volume of the final wood composites.

If the wood products that are manufactured with the intent of being exposed to or in contact with soil or concrete in areas with continually high levels of moisture, the high load rate of 12.5 pounds NIPACIDE® C40 per cubic foot volume should be used

NIPACIDE® C40 should be thoroughly combined into the composite material as it is being blended with adhesives or binding materials prior to final formulation of the wood composite product.

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MOLD AND MILDEW CONTROL IN WOOD, WALLBOARD, CONCRETE AND MASONRY (CINDER) BLOCK CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS IN BUILDINGS

NIPACIDE® C40 is a building materials treatment designed to prevent or inhibit growth of mold organisms when these materials are used in or subjected to moist or wet environments. Before applying NIPACIDE® C40 to these materials (e.g., wood, wallboard, concrete, masonry blocks and cinder blocks), visible mold growth must be removed and any conditions that aid or favor decay, mold or mildew must be identified and corrective measures put in place.

If NIPACIDE® C40 is to be used in the interior surfaces or living spaces, then these surfaces must eventually be covered or shielded with other products such as paint or wallpaper and the products such as paint or wallpaper. With COMMENTS other similar material.

* EPA Letter Dated: NIPACIDE® C40 cannot be used in building materials that are to be installed on the interior of a led:

NIPACIDE® C40 is compatible and may be mixed with other wood treatment products alergecticide, amended, for the posterior as

PREVENTATIVE TREATMENT

registered under EPA Reg. No. PREVENTATIVE TREATMENT

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NIPACIDE® C40 can be used to prevent or inhibit surface mold and mildew growth on new or renovated (remodeled) buildings. If this product is to be applied to surfaces (e.g. wood, wallboard, concrete, and/or cinder blocks) it should be applied evenly by paintbrush, airless sprayer, low pressure hand wand or backpack at the rate of 2 gallons (21 pounds) of NIPACIDE® C40 per 100 gallons of water. To ensure uniform coverage of surfaces to be protected apply approximately one (1) gallon (10.5 pounds) NIPACIDE® C40 for every 500 square foot of surface area. All treated surfaces should be evenly wet, but avoid runoff or pooling. All treated surfaces should be allowed to thoroughly dry before applying finishing products such as paint and before installing overlayment material such as siding, wallboard or flooring.

Mold re-growth may occur in areas with persistently high humidity levels, where standing water occurs or where hidden water leaks occur. If this condition occurs, determine the cause and correct the problem prior to reapplying NIPACIDE® C40. Directions for repeat application are provided in the REMEDIAL TREATMENT section of this label.

REMEDIAL TREATMENT

NIPACIDE® C40 is intended for and must be used as part of a comprehensive mold remediation or water damage restoration program, including:

- · Conducting follow up inspections to monitor conditions favorable to mold growth such as moisture intrusions and high relative humidity.
- Scheduling and completing necessary inspections and treatment regimens to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth.
- Providing conditions which favor drying of affected areas to below 20% moisture content.

If NIPACIDE® C40 should be applied to surfaces (e.g. wood, wallboard, concrete, and or cinder blocks) evenly by paintbrush, airless sprayer, low pressure hand wand or backpack at the rate of 2 gallons (21 pounds) of NIPACIDE® C40 per 100 gallons of water. To ensure uniform coverage of surfaces to be protected apply approximately one (1) gallon (10.5 pounds) NIPACIDE® C40 for every 500 square foot of surface area. If treated surfaces should be evenly wet, but avoid runoff or pooling. All treated surfaces should be allowed to thoroughly dry before

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applying finishing products such as paint and before installing overlayment material such siding, wallboard or flooring.

If remedial treatment becomes necessary the following internet sites snould be considered information on standards and guidelines for remedial treatment of mold and mildew:

| Under the Federal Insecticide, and Rodenticide, and

2: EPA - Environmental Protection Agency (www.epa.gov)

3: DOH- New York City Department of Health (www.ci.nyc.ny.us/html/doh/html/epi/moldpt1.html)

4: IICRC - Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration Certification (http://iicrc.org/)

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Cleanup Methods* For Small Areas-Total Surface Area Affected less Than 10 Square Feet Wood Surfaces:

Prior to applying NIPACIDE® C40, clean the affected area using one of the following or another industry approved or preferred professional method.

Method 1: Wet vacuum (In case of porous materials, some mold spores/fragments will remain in the material but will not grow if the material has completely dried).

Method 2: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or use a wood floor cleaner; scrub as needed. Method 3: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

Minimum personal protective equipment to be worn during clean-up includes gloves, N-95 respirator and goggles/eye protection.

Wallboard (drywall and gypsum board):

Before to applying NIPACIDE® C40, clean the affected area using high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

Minimum personal protective equipment to be worn during clean-up includes gloves. N-95 respirator and goggles/eye protection.

Other Construction Materials (including concrete or cinder block):

Method 1: Wet vacuum (in the case of porous materials, some mold spores/fragments will remain in the material but will not grow if the material is completely dried). Method 2: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

*Special procedures and training are required for remediation of moldy areas larger than 10 square feet. Consult guidelines for remediation of large areas established by the Indoor Air Quality Association (www.iaga.org) and the US Environmental Protection Agency (www.epa.gov). An excellent reference is the New York Department of Health Publication, "Guidelines on Assessment and Remediation of Fungi in Indoor Environments." An excellent guide for professional mold remediation is available from the Institute of Inspection, Cleaning And Restoration Certification (IICRC). Standard S520 is based upon reliable remediation and restoration techniques, and combines academic principles with practical elements of water damage restoration. Where structural members and/or contents have been exposed to water in excess of 24 hours, there is a possibility of extensive microbial growth that may be hidden. In such a case a complete assessment and remediation plan must be prepared that provides for

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user and occupant safety and documentation and monitoring of the remediation process. IICRC S520 contains excellent guidance for such a plan. In the context of such a plan, NIPACIDE® C40 can be used on materials to be removed and disposed of and in other applications where mold inhibition is indicated. The standard must be followed exactly and all growth and contaminated organic material removed prior to using NIPACIDE® C40. Before using NIPACIDE® C40 in mitigation of large projects, you should be knowledgeable of these guidelines and follow their recommendations.

*When access to guidance from a standard identifier cannot be used, the user should refer to the following information taken from U.S. EPA's guide: Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings (March 2001). These guidelines are based on the area and type of material affected by water damage and/or mold growth. Please note that these are guidelines and some professionals may prefer other cleaning methods. Use the appropriate remediation steps prior to application of NIPACIDE® C40.

Cleanup Methods* For Medium Sized Areas - Total Surface Area Affected Between 10 and 100 Square Feet

Wood Surfaces:

Method 1: Wet vacuum (In case of porous materials, some mold spores/fragments will remain in the material but will not grow if the material has completely dried).

Method 2: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or use a wood floor cleaner; scrub as needed. Method 3: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

Wallboard (drywall and gypsum board):

Method 1: High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

Method 2: Discard/remove water-damaged materials and seal in plastic bags while inside of containment, if present. Dispose of as normal waste, HEPA vacuum areas after they have dried.

Other Construction Materials (including concrete or cinder block):

Method 1: Wet Vacuum (in the case of porous materials, some mold spores/fragments will remain in the material but will not grow if the material is completely dried.

Method 2: High-efficiency particulate (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

*Limited or Full personal protective equipment is recommended during cleanup. Limited personal protective equipment includes gloves, N-95 respirator or half-face respirator with HEPA filter, disposable overalls, goggles/eye protection. Full personal protective equipment includes, gloves, disposable full body clothing, head gear, foot coverings, and full-face respirator with HEPA filter.

*Use professional judgment when applying NIPACIDE® C40, consider potential for remediator exposure and size of contaminated area.

Cleanup Methods* For Large Areas-Total Surface Area Affected Greater Than 100 Square Feet or Potential for Increased Occupant or Remediator Exposure During Remediation Estimated to be Significant.

Wood Surfaces:

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Method 1: Wet vacuum (in the case of porous materials) some mode spores/fragments will remain in the material but will not grow if the material but will not grow if the materials as the materials are the materials and the materials are the materials.

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Method 2: Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or with a wood floor cleaner; scrub as needed. Method 3: High-efficiency particulate (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags. Method 4: Discard/remove water-damaged materials and seal in plastic bags while inside of containment, if present. Dispose of as normal waste. HEPA vacuum areas after they have dried.

Wallboard (drywall and gypsum board):

Method 1: High-efficiency particulate (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags. Method 2: Discard/remove water-damaged materials and seal in plastic bags while inside of containment, if present. Dispose of as normal waste. HEPA vacuum areas after they have dried.

Other Construction Materials (including concrete or cinder block):

Method 1: Wet vacuum {in the case of porous materials, some mold spores/fragments will remain in the material but will not grow if the material has completely dried.

Method 2: High-efficiency particulate (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

- * The recommended personal protective equipment includes gloves, disposable full body clothing, headgear, foot coverings and full-face respirator with HEPA filter.
- *Select method most appropriate to situation. Since molds gradually destroy the things they grow on, if mold growth is not addressed promptly some items may be damaged such that cleaning will not restore their original appearance. If mold growth is heavy and items are valuable or important, you may wish to consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert. Please note that these are guidelines; other cleaning methods may be preferred by some professionals.
- *Use professional judgment to determine prudent levels of Personal Protective Equipment and containment for each situation, particularly as the remediation site size increases and the potential for exposure and health effects rises. Assess the need for increased Personal Protective Equipment if, during the remediation, more extensive contamination is encountered than was expected. These guidelines are for damage caused by clean water. If you know or suspect that the water source is contaminated with sewage, or chemical or biological pollutants, then the Occupational Safety and Health Administration {OSHA} requires PPE and containment. An experienced professional should be consulted if you and/or your remediators do not have expertise in remediating contaminated water situations.

Containment of Affected Materials For Total Surface Area Affected Between 10 and 100 Square Feet (All Surfaces)

Use polyethylene sheeting ceiling to floor around affected area with a slit entry and covering flap; maintain area under negative pressure with HEPA filtered fan unit. Block supply and return air vents within the containment area.

Containment of Affected Materials For Total Surface Area Affected Greater Than 100 Square Feet or Potential for Increased Occupant or Remediator Exposure During Remediation Estimated to be Significant.

Use two layers of fire-retardant polyethylene sheeting with one airlock chamber. Maintain area under negative pressure with HEPA filtered fan exhausted outside of building. Block supply and return air vents within the containment area.

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool place. Protect from excessive heat.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, of the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: (*Plastic Containers*) Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. (*Metal Containers*) Triple rinse (or equivalent), then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

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