



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

August 11, 2023

Carolyn Miter
Registrations Specialist
Albaugh, LLC
PO Box 2127
Valdosta, GA 31604

Subject: Registration Review Label Mitigation for Copper Compounds
Product Name: OXYCOP DRY FUNGICIDE
EPA Registration Number: 45002-16
Application Date: February 2, 2019
Decision Number: 592924

Dear Carolyn Miter:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Copper Compounds Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently

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approved labeling. “To distribute or sell” is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Caleb Carr via email at carr.caleb@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Linda Arrington', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Linda Arrington, Branch Chief
Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4
Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

OXYCOP

DRY FUNGICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Copper* expressed as metallic 50.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 50.0%

TOTAL: 100.0%

*Copper in the form of copper oxychloride sulfate
CAS No. 8012-69-9

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF IN EYES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.</p>	

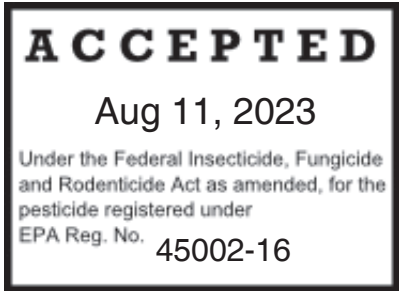
EPA Reg. No. 45002-16

EPA Est. No. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____ LB _____ KG

MANUFACTURED FOR:

Albaugh, LLC
1525 NE 36th Street
Ankeny, IA 50021



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants,
- Waterproof gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure, and
- Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.305].

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

1. Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
2. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to fish and aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

RESTRICTIONS

Pilots must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.305].

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants,
- Waterproof gloves Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, and
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT

AERIAL APPLICATIONS:

- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not release spray at a height great than 10 ft. above the vegetative canopy of water, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Do not apply when wind speed exceeds 15 mph at the application site. If the windspeed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
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- Do not apply during temperature inversions

GROUND BOOM APPLICATIONS:

- Apply with the spray release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE - Ground Boom

- Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure- Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle - Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE - Aircraft

- Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aurally to crops, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft. above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Copper Oxchloride Sulfate - GROUP M01 FUNGICIDE

OxyCop contains copper oxchloride sulfate, a Group M01 fungicide with a multi-site contact activity. Copper oxchloride sulfate is an inorganic non-systemic protectant compound which are generally considered as a low-risk of developing resistance.

Because OxyCop is a protective and not systemic fungicide, thorough coverage of the plant surface must be maintained. A gradual or total loss of control may occur over time if plant growth or weathering reduces the foliage coverage.

To delay fungicide/bactericide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of OxyCop or other Group M01 fungicides/bactericides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicide/bactericides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an IPM program for fungicide/bactericide use that includes scouting, uses historical information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide/bactericide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal/bacterial populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact your local Albaugh representative at 1-800-247-8013 or local extension specialist to report resistance.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR DILUTION

Unless specified in Specific Use Instructions below, use the following for dilution:

Dilute Application: Ground Application - Apply specified rate in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre. Orchard Application - Apply specified rate in 100 to 800 gallons of water per acre where rates are given on a per acre basis.

Concentrate Application: Ground Application - Apply specified rate in not less than 5 gallons of water per acre. Orchard Application - Apply specified rate in 20 to 100 gallons of water per acre. Special concentrate equipment is necessary for these uses.

When used in combination with oil, observe the cautions on the oil label.

SPECIFIC USE INSTRUCTIONS

{**Note to reviewer:** Registrant may add or remove as needed the following statement pertaining to a local use restriction: “[Not for use in _____]”. (e.g. Not for use in California).}

FRUIT AND NUTS

ALMONDS: Brown rot - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons in preblossom and petal fall stages. **Shot hole** - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) plus 1.5 to 2 gallons Super 94 Oil per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply as fall spray, in spring bud swell and at petal fall.

APPLES: Blotch, Fire blight - Apply 0.25 lbs. of this product (0.125 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water when 20% of the blossoms are open. Repeat when 75% of the blossoms are open. **Brooks spot** - Apply 0.5 to 0.66 lbs. of this product (0.25 – 0.33 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) plus 1 to 1.5 lbs hydrated lime per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply in cover sprays. **RESTRICTION:** Maximum application rate is 12.0 lbs. of this product (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre per year.

APRICOTS: Brown rot - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons in preblossom and petal fall periods. **Shot hole** - Apply 4 to 5 lbs. of this product (2 to 2.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons or 2.75 to 3.75 lbs. of this product (1.375 – 1.875 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) plus 0.5 to 1 gallon of Dormant Flowable Oil per acre in 100 gallons of water. As a pre-bloom to petal fall spray use 11.5 lbs. of this product (5.75 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 60 to 90 gallons of water. **Leaf curl** - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons just before fall rain. Repeat in spring while trees are still dormant.

BLACKBERRIES, BOYSENBERRIES, LOGANBERRIES, RASPBERRIES: Anthracnose, Leaf Spot - Apply 2.5 lbs. of this product (1.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply when buds begin to open, when flower buds show white and at 10 – 14-day intervals thereafter as necessary. **Cane spot, Yellow rust** - Apply 6 lbs. of this product (3 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Begin when new laterals are leafing out. Repeat when flowers begin to open and again as a post harvest spray after pruning but prior to fall rains.

CHERRIES (Sour): Brown rot - Apply 5 lbs. of this product (2.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply at popcorn, full bloom and petal fall stages. **Leaf spots** - Apply 1.25 to 1.5 lbs. of this product (0.563 – 0.75 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) plus 3 lbs. hydrated lime per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply in cover sprays at 7 to 10 day intervals and make 1 or 2 post harvest foliage applications.

CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangelos, Tangerines): Greasy spot - Apply 2 lbs. of this product (1 lb. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply any time within 2 months after expansion of early spring flushes or within 1 month after expansion in late spring and other flushes of growth. **Brown rot** - Apply 1 to 2.75 lbs. of this product (0.5 – 1.375 lbs metallic copper equivalent) plus 1 to 1.5 lbs. hydrated lime per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply after each rain to ground around trees and to inside and outside of skirts of trees to a height of 3 to 4 feet, covering fruit. In areas where severe copper injury is known to occur, spray skirts no more than 2 feet high. Do not apply in areas where copper injury is known to occur or where fumigation with hydrogen cyanide gas is practiced.

GRAPES: Downy & Powdery mildew - Apply 2 lbs. of this product (1 lb. metallic copper equivalent) plus 4 lbs. hydrated lime per acre in 100 gallons of water. Do not apply more than 125 gallons per acre. Begin when disease is first reported in area. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as required for control. **Black rot** -Apply 2.5 lbs. of this product (1.25 lbs metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Begin when buds break. Repeat when new shoots are 10 inches long, when blossoms fall and when berries reach the size of BB shot.

NECTARINES, PEACHES: Brown rot - Apply 4 to 5 lbs. of this product (2 – 2.5 lbs metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. **Peach blight (Shot hole), Peach leaf curl** - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply in fall dormant period. Repeat in spring at bud swell and again at petal fall.

PEARS: Fire blight, Scab - Apply 0.25 lbs. of this product (0.125 lbs metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons beginning at 10% bloom. Repeat at 3 to 5 day intervals until late bloom is over. Note: Do not apply after petal fall. **RESTRICTION:** Maximum annual application rate is 12.0 lbs. of this product (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre per year.

PLUMS, PRUNES: Brown rot - Use 2.5 to 4 lbs. of this product (1.25 to 2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply at popcorn and full bloom stages. Blossom application only.

STRAWBERRIES: Leaf spot, Powdery mildew - Apply 2.5 lbs. of this product (1.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Apply thoroughly at 7 to 10 day intervals during growing season. **RESTRICTION:** Maximum annual application rate is 12.0 lbs. of this product (6.0 lbs metallic copper equivalent) per acre per year.

WALNUTS: Blight - Apply 3 to 5 lbs. of this product (1.5 to 2.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Begin in prebloom stages. Repeat at 1% and 10%-20% pistillate bloom and post bloom as necessary. If rains are forecast during bloom, apply immediately.

VEGETABLES

BEANS: Downy mildew, Pod spot - Apply 3 to 4 lbs. of this product (1.5 to 2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin when disease threatens. Repeat as necessary.

BEETS: Blight, Leaf spot - Apply 2.5 lbs. of this product (1.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin before disease appears. Repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals during growing season.

CANTALOUPE, CUCUMBERS, CUCURBITS, MELONS, PUMPKINS, SQUASH, WATERMELONS: Angular leaf spot, Anthracnose, Downy mildew, Gummy stem blight, Leaf blights, Leaf spots, Scab and Wilt - Apply 4 to 4.25 lbs. of this product (2 – 2.125 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin when plants merge or are

established or when disease is first reported in the area. Repeat at 5 to 10 day intervals through the growing season.
Bacterial wilt - As an aid in control, use 3 to 4 lbs. of this product (1.5 – 2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre.

CARROTS: Leaf blight, Leaf spots - Apply 3 to 6.5 lbs. of this product (1.5 to 3.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin before diseases appear. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

CELERY: Bacterial blights, Early blight (Cercospora), Late blights (Septoria) - Apply 3 to 6.5 lbs. of this product (1.5 to 3.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin when plants are set in field or disease is first reported in area. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

EGGPLANT: Anthracnose, Late blights (Phytophthora), Leaf spots, Phomopsis blight - Apply 3 to 4 lbs. of this product (1.5 – 2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin before disease is expected to appear. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals.

HOPS: Downy mildew - Apply 3 to 4 lbs. of this product (1.5 – 2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Apply in early spring as crown treatment.

LETTUCE: Downy mildew - Apply 3 to 4 lbs. of this product (1.5 – 2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin before disease is expected to appear. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as necessary.

PEPPERS: Anthracnose, Bacterial spot, Cercospora leaf spot, Phytophthora blights - Apply 2.5 to 4 lbs. of this product (1.25 – 2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin before diseases appear. Repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals. **Damping off** – 4.25 lbs. of this product (2.125 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons. Begin treatment at time of emergence until plants reach a height of 4 to 6 inches. Begin when disease is first reported in the area. Repeat at 4 to 7 day intervals.

POTATOES: Early and late blights - Apply 3 to 4.25 lbs. of this product (1.5 to 2.125 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin when plants are 4 to 6 inches high or when disease first appears in area. Repeat at 4 to 10 day intervals.

SUGAR BEETS: Leaf spot - Apply 3 to 6.5 lbs. of this product (1.5 to 3.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin when disease appears. Repeat as necessary.

TOBACCO: Wildfire bed rot - Apply 2.5 lbs. of this product (1.125 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre beginning when plants are in 2-leaf stage. Repeat at weekly intervals. Apply to foliage and soil. **RESTRICTION:** Maximum application rate is 8.0 lbs. of this product (4.0 lbs metallic copper equivalent) per acre per year.

TOMATOES: Anthracnose, Early and late blights, Septoria leaf spot - Apply 3 to 6 lbs. of this product (1.5 to 3 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin when plants are 5 to 6 inches high and again when fruit is set. Application should be made when disease first appears. Repeat at 4 to 10 day intervals. In areas where blight is severe, begin when plants are set in the field. **Bacterial spot** - Apply 5.5 to 6.5 lbs. of this product (2.75 to 3.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin in seed bed. Repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals if the disease is known to occur in the area.

VEGETABLE SEEDLINGS: Damping off (cold frames, greenhouses, etc.) - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre. Begin when plants emerge. Repeat at 4 to 7 day intervals. Spray plants and surrounding soil. Do not use on cabbage and related seedlings.

ORNAMENTALS

AZALEAS: Bud blights, Twig blight - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Begin when disease is first reported in area. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as required for control.

FLOWERING PLANTS: Dahlias - (Botrytis blight, Leaf spots). NASTURTIUMS - (Leaf spot). Peonies - (Anthracnose, Botrytis blight). Roses - (Black spot, Leaf spots, Rust) - Apply 2.5 lbs. of this product (1.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Begin before diseases appear. For Black spot on roses, begin when leaf buds swell in early spring. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals and after rains.

MAPLES: Tar leaf spot (Rhytisma). OAK: (White-Anthracoze) (Gnomonia) - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) plus 2 lbs. hydrated lime per acre in 100 gallons of water. Begin when disease is first reported in area. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as required.

PACHYSANDRA: Canker, Leaf spot, Twig blight (Volutella) - Apply 3.5 lbs. of this product (1.75 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) plus 3 lbs. hydrated lime per acre in 100 gallons of water. Begin when disease is first reported in area. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as required for control.

VINCA: Canker, Dieback - Apply 4 lbs. of this product (2 lbs. metallic copper equivalent) per acre in 100 gallons of water. Begin when disease is first reported in area. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as required for control.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store only in original container. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place. When opening, closing or handling open packages, or pouring product, wear goggles to prevent dusting into eyes. Store pesticides separately to prevent cross contamination of other pesticides, fertilizer, food and feed.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Do not reuse this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

NOTE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on this label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use; but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, expressed or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions not reasonably foreseeable to the seller; the buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

011122

LABEL HISTORY
(Not included in final printed label)

File Name	Version Mark	Comment
045002-16.20211129.DRAFT	112921	(e) Label Revisions (PID)
045002-16.20220111.DRAFT	011121	(e) Label Revisions (PID)