UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

1/22/2013

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Luz Chan Drexel Chemical Company P.O. Box 13327 Memphis, TN 38113

JAN 22 2013

Subject:

Notification; Per PR-Notice 98-10 Drexar 530 EPA Reg. No. 19713-40 Date Submitted: January 22, 2013 (emailed)

Dear Ms. Chan:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated January 21, 2013 for the product referenced above. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at (703) 306-0415 or davis.kable@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kable Bo Davis

Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

Please read instructions on	reverse before complet	inorm.		Form Approve	d. On a No.	2070-006	2) 0. Approval expires 2-28-95
United States Environmental Protecti Washington, DC 20			ion Agency		Registra Amenda Other	ation	OPP Identifier Number
		Application	n for Pestic	ide - Section	1		· ·
1. Company/Product Number 19713-40			2. EPA Product Manager Kable Bo Davis			3. Proposed Classification	
4. Company/Product (Name) DREXEL DREXAR 530			PM# 25/Herbicide Branch				
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Drexel Chemical Company P.O. Box 13327 Memphis. TN 38113-0327 Check if this is a new address			6. Expedited Reveiw. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No Product Name				
	······································		Section -				·
Notification - Explain Explanation: Use addition Submission of revised label I the cover letter accompanyir This notification is consistent labeling or the Confidential S to EPA. I further understand FIFRA and I may be subject 1. Material This Product Wil Child-Resistant Packaging Yes Yes No Certification must be submitted 3. Location of Net Contents	below. below. below. ber previous discussion log this submission. with the provisions of P tatement of Formula of that if this notification is to enforcement action ar <b>Be Packaged In:</b> Unit Packaging Yes Vos If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. Information container	<ul> <li>(For section between the Org R Notice 98-10 ithis product. I ur not consistent wind penalties und</li> <li>No. per container</li> <li>Size(s) Retailess than 5</li> <li>Lithogram</li> </ul>	ganic Arsenical Pro- and EPA Regulation derstand that it is with the terms of PF fer Sections 12 an Section - I Water Soluble F Yes Vas No If "Yes" Package wgt il Container gallons; 5 gallons and aph	ons at 40 CFR 152. a violation of 18 U. R Notice 98-10 and d 14 of FIFRA. Packaging No. per container	Delow. DAPTF) couns 146, and no oth S.C. Sec. 100	JAN el and Ms. 1 her changes 1 to willfully 6, this prod Container Metal Plastic Glass Paper, Other (S bel Directio	2 2 2013 Lois Rossi. Details are in have been made to the make any false statement uct may be in violation of
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1. Contract Pailor (Constraint)	itama disaathe kalawe fe	ne idantišia-tia-	Section - I			acasa 461-	application 1
1. Contact Point <i>(Complete items directly below for identificat</i> Name Luz G Chan			Title ·		Telephone	Cess this application.) Telephone No. (Include Area Code) (901) 774-4370	
l acknowledge that an both under applicable	ments   have made on y knowlinglly false or r law.	misleading state	all attachments th ement may be pu				6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature Cuya. Cham			3. Title Registration Manager				
4. Typed Name Luz G Chan			5. Date January 21, 2013				
EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 3-94	Previous editions are	obsolete.		White - I	EPA File Copy	(original)	Yellow - Applicant Copy



January 21, 2013

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) ATTN: MR. KABLE BO DAVIS (PM 25) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Rm S-4900, One Potomac Yard 2777 S Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA 22202

Re: Submission of Revised Label Deleting the December 31, 2013 Deadline for Group 2 Uses on MSMA Labels by Notification DREXEL DREXAR 530 (EPA Reg. No. 19713-40)

Dear Mr. Davis,

Reference is made to Bergeson & Campbell's (counsel for the Organic Arsenical Product Task Force to which Drexel is a member) prior communication with Ms. Lois Rossi and subsequently yourself regarding the above.

Submitted, herewith, are completed EPA form 8570-1 and a copy of the label (40SP-0113\*) with the December 31, 2013 deadline for use on golf courses and sod farms and highway rights-of-way deleted for your review and acceptance.

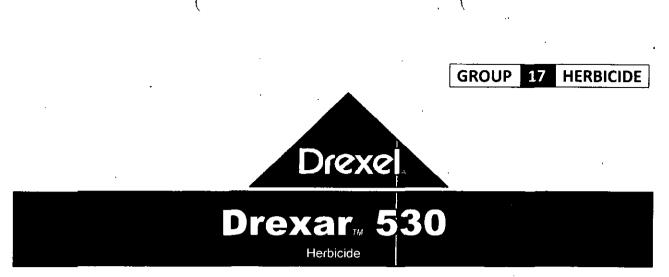
No other changes other than the deletion of the said December 31, 2013 deadline for use on golf courses and sod farms and highway rights-of-way were made on the label.

If you have questions/clarification regarding this submission or need anything further, I can be reached at (901) 774-4370 or e-mail Lchan@drexchem.com.

Thank you.

Respectfully yours, FOR DREXEL CHEMICAL COMPANY Cuyca Chan

Luz G Chan **Registration Manager** 



For Selective Post-emergent Weed Control in Cotton, Golf Courses and Sod Farms, and Highway Rights-ofway.

#### ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Monosodium acid methanearsonate*	35.78%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>64.22%</u>
TOTAL:	100.00%

\* Total arsenic (as elemental), all in water-soluble form is 16.55%. This product contains 4 pounds of MSMA per gallon.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDRENNOTIFICATIONCAUTIONJAN 2 2 2013

## See FIRST AID Below

## EPA Reg. No. 19713-40 Net Content: EPA Est. No. 19713-XX-XXX **FIRST AID** IF SWALLOWED: · Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. · Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF IN EYES · Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. · Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-tomouth, if possible. . Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies or

40SP-0113\*

pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

## Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

**CAUTION:** Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicator and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, and shoes plus socks.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

When handlers use aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(6)].

## USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

**Users should:** 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated.

#### USE INFORMATION

DREXAR 530 Herbicide is useful for selective post-emergent weed control, particularly for grassy weeds. It is unnecessary to add any other surfactant to the spray solution. Best results are obtained on young, actively growing weeds at air temperatures above 70°F.

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use or for commercial seed production or for research purposes.

For use in Cotton, Golf courses and Sod farms, and Highway rights-of-way. Weeds controlled by this product include:

Bahiagrass (Paspalum sp.)	Fiddleneck (Amsinckia sp.)
Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli)	Florida Beggarweed (Desmodium tortuosum)
Beggartick, hairy	Foxtail (Setaria sp.)
(Bidens pilosa)	Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)
Brachiaria spp.	Guineagrass (Panicum sp.)
Broomsedge	Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium)
Chickweed (Stellaria media)	Johnsongrass (Sorghum halipense)
Cocklebur (Xanthium spinosum)	Morningglory (Ipomoea spp.)
Crabgrass, large (Digitaria sp.)	Mustard, wild
Crabgrass, smooth (Digitaria sp.)	Nutsedge (Cyperus sp.)
Dallisgrass (Paspalum dilatatum)	Oats, wild (Avena fatua)
Dandelion (Taraxacum officinale)	Pigweed (Amaranthus sp.)
Dayflower (Commelina sp.)	Puncturevine
	(continued)

*(continuation)* Purslane, common Ragweed (*Ambrosia* spp.) Sandbur (*Cenchrus* sp.) Sicklepod (*Cassia obtusifolia*) Sorrel, Wood (Oxalis sp.) Spurge (Euphorbia sp.) Witchgrass (Panicum capillare)

## RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

## GROUP 17 HERBICIDE

This product is a Group 17 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 17 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 17 may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 17 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by this product or other Group 17 herbicides.

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To delay herbicide resistance, consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of this product or other target site of action Group 17 herbicides that have a similar target site of action on the same weed species.
- Using tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action, and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern.
- Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive IPM program.
- Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy.
- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: Coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride and shoes plus socks.

## NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the WPS for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow people or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

## APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product in Florida except on Cotton in the counties listed in the Cotton use section of this label.
- · Aerial application is prohibited except when applying to Cotton.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

This product is completely water-soluble. Fill the spray equipment about half full with water and add the required amount of herbicide with agitation. Finish filling with water and apply. After use, clean equipment thoroughly by flushing with water. Do not store spray solution in tank for a prolonged period. Although this product is only moderately corrosive, do not use in galvanized or aluminum equipment.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1) The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed three-fourth the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2) Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator must be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the "AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION" section below.

## AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

#### Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see *Wind*, *Temperature and Humidity*, and *Temperature Inversions*). Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure -- Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles ' oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

#### Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than three-fourths of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

#### **Application Height**

Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

## Temperature Inversions

Applications must not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### Sensitive Areas

This pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive area).

#### COTTON

This product is useful for the control of weeds listed under "USE INFORMATION" section and many similar weeds.

Applications can be made by: 1) Post-emergent, over the top, when Cotton is 3 to 6 inches high or up to early first square stage, whichever occurs first using ground or aircraft equipment. 2) Post-emergent as a directed spray with ground equipment when Cotton is 3 inches high to first bloom.

Slight burning and a reddish discoloration of the Cotton leaf may occasionally occur following application, but the Cotton plant will develop normally.

#### USE RESTRICTIONS

• Do not apply in Florida except on Cotton grown in the following counties: Calhoun, Columbia, Escambia, Gadsden, Hamilton, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Suwannee, Walton, and Washington.

Note: Applications to Cotton in Florida should be confined to band treatments.

- Only one application at 2 pounds a.i. (2 qts. of this product) per acre is allowed per season, except when a salvage operation is needed.
- If a salvage operation is needed (i.e., if Pigweed escapes the first application), then a second or repeat application at 2 pounds a.i. (2 qts. of this product) per acre is allowed.
- A second or repeat application, if needed, should be timed 1 to 3 weeks after the first application. Apply only
  as a salvage operation. Apply only to healthy rapidly growing Cotton 3 inches high, but no later than 6
  inches high or early square, whichever occurs first. Preference should be given to directed spray. In order to
  minimize injury, the second application should be made as a directed spray when possible.
- Do not make more than two applications per season.
- Do not apply more than a total of 4 pounds a.i. per acre per season.
- Do not apply preplant to Cotton.

- Do not apply within 50 feet of permanent water bodies or aquatic habitat, including, but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, and estuaries.
- Do not allow spray or spray drift to contact adjacent crops or injury will result.
- Apply only on still days when weather conditions do not favor drift from areas being treated. Aircraftapplications of this product should only be made by applicators experienced in use of herbicides, and application should be made in accordance with State and Federal regulations.

**Post-Emergent Applications Using Ground or Aircraft Equipment As an Over-the-Top Broadcast Spray** when Cotton is 3 inches high until early first square stage as a salvage operation. **One application:** Apply 2 quarts in 40 gallons of water for ground application, or in 5 to 10 gallons of water for aircraft application per acre. DO NOT repeat this treatment. **Two applications:** Mix at the rate of 1 to 2 quarts of this product in 40 gallons of water for ground equipment or in 5 to 10 gallons of water for aircraft application per acre of Cotton. If needed, a second or repeat application should be made 1 to 3 weeks after the first application. Apply only as a salvage operation. Apply only to healthy, rapidly growing Cotton, 3 inches high, but no later than 6 inches high or early square, whichever occurs first. Preference should be given to directed sprays. In order to minimize injury, the second application should be made as a directed spray when possible. DO NOT make more than two applications per season. Do not feed foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

**Post-emergent Directed Spray Applications:** Mix 2 quarts of this product in 40 gallons of water per acre for application as directed broadcast spray when weeds are small. For band applications, mix 2 quarts in 40 gallons of water per acre, then apply 1 gallon of the diluted spray for each 1-inch band width to be treated of Cotton grown on 40 inch row spacing. Direct the spray solution to the base of the Cotton plant.

Nozzles should be positioned in a way to avoid spraying the Cotton foliage, but to give good coverage of the weeds. If regrowth occurs, make a second application about 1 to 3 weeks after the first. Make directed applications only when Cotton is 3 inches high to first bloom. Do not apply after first bloom. Do not feed foliage to livestock or graze treated areas

## **GOLF COURSES AND SOD FARMS**

Mow turfgrass to a height of 1 to 1.5 inches before treatment. Mix 1.5 fluid ounces (3 tbsp.) of this product in 1 to 2.5 gallons of water for application to a total area of 1,000 square feet. For established Bermudagrass and Zoysiagrass, mix 1 to 2 fluid ounces (2 to 4 tbsp.) of this product in 1 to 2.5 gallons of water for application to a total area of 1,000 square feet. For established Bermudagrass and 20 square of 1,000 square feet. Apply during warm weather when temperature is between 80°F and 90°F. Do not water turf for at least 24 hours after application. Turfgrass may be temporarily discolored. Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, and Zoysiagrass have shown tolerance if this product is properly applied. Injury may result if applied to Bentgrass, Fescue, and St. Augustinegrass. **DO NOT apply to St. Augustinegrass except for commercial sod production.** DO NOT apply to Carpetgrass, Centipedegrass or to Dichondra. DO NOT reseed until two weeks after last application. For application to St. Augustinegrass in sod farms, last application can be made 4 to 5 weeks prior to lifting the sod for harvest to allow full recovery before lifting. St. Augustinegrass sod will be temporarily discolored following application. DO NOT apply to freshly mowed St. Augustinegrass sod.

#### USE RESTRICTIONS

- For newly constructed golf courses, ONLY one broadcast application is permitted.
- For all other applications to golf courses, this product can ONLY be used for spot treatments (100 sq. ft. per spot), not to exceed 25% of the total golf course acreage per year.
- In sod farms, ONLY two broadcast applications per season are allowed. Do not apply within 25 feet of
  permanent water bodies or aquatic habitat, including, but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams,
  marshes, ponds, and estuaries.

· Do not use in Florida.

- Use of this product on golf courses and sod farms after December 31, 2013 is prohibited.

## HIGHWAY RIGHTS-OF-WAY

This product is useful for control of Johnsongrass, Nutsedge and certain other weeds on highway rights-ofways

Mix this product at a rate of 2 to 5 quarts in 100 gallons of water. Spray unwanted vegetation thoroughly to just short of runoff. Any spray equipment that gives good coverage may be used. If regrowth occurs, reapply as required.

#### USE RESTRICTIONS

Do not apply more than two broadcast applications per year.

- Do not use in Florida.
- Do not use on drainage ditch banks, railroad, pipeline, and utility rights of way, fence rows, storage yards and similar non-crop areas.
- Do not apply within 100 feet of permanent water bodies or aquatic habitat, including, but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, and estuaries.
- Use of this product on highway rights of way after December 31, 2013 is prohibited.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Storage should be under lock and key and secure from access by unauthorized persons and children. Storage should be in a cool, dry area away from any heat or ignition source. High heat may form volatile arsenic compounds. Do not move containers from one area to another unless they are securely sealed. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; less than 5 gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; 5 gallons up to < 250 gallons):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refilt this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill container one-fourth full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Refillable Container** (**> 250 gallons & Bulk**): Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

## WARRANTY-CONDITIONS OF SALE

OUR DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no case shall the Manufacturer or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by the Seller and is accepted as such by the Buyer.



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