

Contrais bectorie, fungi, and yeasts in paper milis, metalworking fluids containing water, and enhanced ell recovery recirculating water cooling towers and in once through fresh and sea water industrial cooling water systems; centrel

Active Ingradient: 2,2-Ditromo 3-nitrilogropionamide tgert Ingredients E.P.A. Registration No. 457-458

DANGER

CAUSES SEVERE BURNS OF EYES EYE CONTACT MAY CAUSE LOSS OF VISION MAY BURN THE SKIN - MAY BE HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED Do Not Get in Eyes, on Skin, or on Clothing Chemical Worker's Goggles Must Be Worn When Handling

FIRST AID: In case of eye contact, flush eyes immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. In case of skin contact, wash with soap and plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately by giving two glasses of water and sticking finger down throat. Repeat untii voimit is clear. **Call a physiclan. Ne∞er** g ve anythin**g by** mouth to an unconscious person

WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING

In case of an energopsy enderforing life or property iprolying this product, cell college.
517-636-4460

TO MAINTAIN PRODUCT QUALITY, STORE AT TEMPERATURES BELOW 60° C. KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE . FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

This product is taxic to fish. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or diffposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this latel.

Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public waters unless in accordance with a NPDES permit. For guidance contact local regional office of the EFA

Do not reuse expty container. Return to drum reconditioners or destroy it by perforating or crushing, and burying or discarding in a sale o .cre away from water supplies.



DIRECTIONS FOR USE NOTE: ADD A-265 SEPARATELY TO THE SYSTEM DO NOT MIX IT WITH OTHER ADDITIVES IN GROEN TO AVOID DECOMPOSITION OF A 765 DUE TO THE HIGH BIH OF MANY ADDITIVE FOR

it in the nontrol of bacterial, fungal, and yeast growths in pulp, name: and paperboard mills, add 4.265 at the rate of 0.15-0.50 lb/ton of pulp or paper (dry basis). Addition may be continuous or intermittent, depending upon the type of system and the severity of confirmation. It should be made with a metering pump at a location that will insure uniform distribution of A:265 in the mass.

PAPER MILLS

of fiber and water such as the beaters, jordan inlet or discharge, broke chests of innish chests, save alls and white-water tanks Heavily fouled systems should be boiled out, then treated with 0 15 0 35 ib A-265 for or paper (dry basis), as necessary for con-

Moderately fouled systems should be treated continuously with 0.35-0.50 lb A-265-ton of paper (dry basis) until the slime accumulation is controlled. Addition rates can then be reduced to 0 15-0.35 Ib A-265/ton of paper on a continuous or intermittent basis, as needed for control. Distodged slime may cause breaks in the paper and a clean up of the paper machine may be advisable. Slightly fouled systems should be treated continuously with 0.12-0.35 ib A-265 ton of paper (dry basis) until the slime is controlled then added on an intermittent basis to maintain control.

METALWORKING FLUIDS CONTAINING WATER

This product is effective in metalworking fluid concentrates which have been diluted in water at ratios of 1 100-1:4.

For controlling (or inhibiting) the growth of bacteria, fungi, and yeasts that may deteriorate metalworking fluids containing water 4-265 to the fluid in the collection tank. Additions a with a metering pump

Initi or s.s. Dose: When the system is just noticeably fouled, add 0.25 gal 4-265/1,000 gal of metalworking fluid to the system. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 0.1-0.2 gat A-265/1,000 gal of metalworking fluid per day, or as needed to maintein control. Additions can be made continuously or intermittently. Slug the system as required

enhanced oil recovery systems

For controlling slime-forming bacteria, sulfide-producing bacteria, yeasts, and fungi in oil field water, polymer of micellar floods, water-disposal systems, or other oil field water systems, add 1-80 ppm A-265 (0.1-6.4 gal A-265 per 2400 barrels of water) depending on the severity of contamination. Additions should be made with a metering pump either continuously or intermittently

Continuous Food Method

When the system is noticeably fouled, add t0-80 ppm A-265 (0.8-6.4 gal A-265 per 2400 barrels of water) continuously until the desired degree of control is achieved. Subsequently, treat with 1-15 ppm A-265 (0.1-1 2 gal A-265 per 2400 barrels of water) continuously or as needed to maintain control.

Intermittent or Slug Method

When the system is noticeably fouled, or to maintain control of the system, add 10-80 ppm A-265 (0.8-8.4 gal A-265 per 2400 bar-rels of water) intermittently for 4-8 hours per day, and from 1-4 times per week, or as needed depending on the severity of contamination

Addition of A-265 may be made at the tree water knockouts, before or after the injection numps and injection well headers. NOTE: For control of bacteria, yeast, and fungi in aqueous solutions of biopolymer used in flooding operations, add 15-80 ppm A 265 (1.2.6.4 gar A-265 per 2400 barrels of water). Additions of A 265 should be made with a metering pump immediately after preparation of the a pump 5.5 of the research of the appendix of

industrial recinq WATER COOLING

Add A-265 to the basin (or any other pol dition should be made with a meterin tinuous or intermittent, depending on tamination when treatment is begun, an system.

Optimum performance with this proc tinuous or intermittent treatment, if "s the blowdown should be discontinued

FOR CONTROL OF BA

Add 0.00095-0.0095 gal A-265/1,000 gal depending on the severity of contamina

Intermittent or Slug Method Initial Dose: When the system is 0.0048-0.0095 gat A-265/1,000 gal of war until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial 0.0024-0.0995 gat A-265/1,000 gal of we days, or as needed to maintain control. Sadly fouled systems must be cleaned begun.

Continuous Feed Method Initial Dose: When the system is

0.0048-0.0095 gal A-265/1,000 gal of wat Subsequent Dose: Maintain this level to teed of 0.00095-0.0048 gal A-265/1,000 g

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned to

FOR CONTROL OF FUNGI

Add 0 029-0 095 gal A 265/1,000 gal of w ding on the severity of contamination.

Intermittent or Sing Method Initial Dose: When the system is noticea gai A-265/1,000 gal water in the system

Subsequent Dose: When microbial 0 029-0 095 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water needed to maintain control.

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned to

Continuous Feed Method Initial Dose: When the system is noticeal gal A-265/1,000 gal of water to the system. Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treat continuous feed of 0.029-0.095 gal A-26

system per day. **Badly fouled systems** must be cleaned o

ONCE-THROUGH INDUSTRIA SYSTEMS

For controlling bacteria, fungi, and a closed-cycle fresh and sea water coolin canals, and lagoons, add A-265 to the s any other contaminated area in the sy made with a metering pump, it may be depending on the severity of the contact begun, and the retention time in the sy

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A-265

SEP 1 4 1983

Under the Federal Insecticide, Pungicide, and Rodenticale Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 11659-13

a, metalworking fluids containing water, and enhanced oil recovery systems; controls bacteria, fungi, and algee in industrial pgh fresh and sea water industrial cooling water systems; controls slime-forming bacteria and fungi in air-washer systems.

PAPER MILLS

t bacterial, fungal, and yeast growths in pulp, board milis, add A-265 at the rate of 0.15-0.50 oper (dry basis). Addition may be continuous or ding upon the type of system and the severity It should be made with a metering pump at a maure uniform distribution of A-265 in the mass such as the beaters, jordan inlet or discharge, sh chests, save alls and white-water lanks

stems should be boried out, then treated with on of paper (dry basis), as necessary for con-

systems should be treated continuously with ston of paper (dry basis) until the slime ec-trolled. Addition rates can then be reduced to ton of paper on a continuous or intermittent or control. Distodged slime may cause breaks in an up of the paper machine may be advisable stems should be treated continuously with ion of paper (dry basis) until the slime is cond on an intermittent basis to maintain control

ing fluids containing water

fective in metalworking fluid concentrates luted in water at ratios of 1 100—1:4.

inhibiting) the growth of bacteria, fungi, and deteriorate metalworking fluids containing o the fluid in the collection tank. Additions i'n a metering pump

 When the system is just noticeably fouled, 1,000 gal of metalworking fluid to the system. c! is achieved

When microbial control is evident, add 0.1-0.2 of metalworking fluid ner day, or as needed to iditions can be made continuously crientermit-'em as reguired

CED OIL RECOVERY SYSTEMS

silme-forming bacteria, sulfide-producing of fungl in oil fleid water, polymer of micellar basi systems, or other oil field water systems, by (0.1-6.4 gal A-265 per 2400 barrels of water) severity of contamination. Additions should be rig pump either continuously or intermitterity wethod.

a noticeably fouled, add 10-80 ppm A-265 (0.8-8.4 barrels of water) continuously until the desired as achieved. Subrequently, treat with 1-15 ppm.

s achieved. Subsequently, treat with 1-15 pom a 265 per 2400 barrets of water) continuously or tain control.

ic Method

is noticeably fouled, or to maintain control of 960 ppm A-265 (0.8-6.4 gal A-265 per 2400 barmittently for 4-8 hours per day, and from 1-4 as needed depending on the severity of cor-

may be made at the free water knockouts. njection pumps and injection well headers. of becteris, yeast, and fungi in aqueous soluin used in flooding operations, and 15-80 ppm of 265 per 2400 barrels of water) Additions of lade with a metering pump immediately after some units of smark. The event for a ci-

INDUSTRIAL RECIRCULATING **WATER COOLING TOWERS**

Add A-265 to the basin (or any other point of uniform mixing). Addition should be made with a metering pump; it may be continuous or intermittent, depending on the severity of the contamination when treatment is begun, and the retention time in the

Optimum performance with this product is attained by con-finuous or intermittent treatment. If "shock" freatment is used, the blowdown should be discontinued for 24-48 hr.

FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA

Add 0 00095-0.0095 gai A 265/1,000 gal of water in the system, depending on the severity of contamination.

Intermittent or Sing Method Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 0.0048-0.0095 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When interoblat control is evident, add 0.0024-0.0095 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water in the system every 4. days, or as needed to maintain control

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before the treatment is

Continuous Feed Method

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 0.0048-0.0095 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water to the system.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this level by pumping a continuous teed of 0 00095-0 0048 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water in the system per day

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

FOR CONTROL OF FUNG! AND ALGAE

Add 0 029 0 095 gal A 265/1,000 gal of water in the system depending on the severity of contamination.

Intermittent or Sing Method Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled add 0 048-0 095 gal A 265 1,000 gal water in the system. Repeat until control is

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 0.029-0.095 gat A 265-1.000 gat of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain controt.

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun. Continuous Feed Method

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled add 0.048-0.095. gal A 265-1,000 gal of water to the system.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by pumping a continuous feed of 0 029-0.095 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water in the system per day

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

ONCE-THROUGH INDUSTRIAL COOLING WATER SYSTEMS

For controlling bacteria, fungl, and algae in once-through and closed cycle fresh and sea water cooling systems, cooling ponds, canals, and lagoons, adv A-265 to the system inlet water or before any other contaminated area in the system. Addition should be made with a metering pump, if may be continuous or intermittent on the seventy of the contain haticin when the in and the retented before in the system

FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA

Add 1-12 ppm A-265 based on the flow rate through the system. depending on the severity of contamination. Intermittent Method

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 6-12 ppm A-265. Minimum treatment intervals should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dece: When microbial control is evident, add 3-12 ppm A-265 intermittently as needed to maintain control.

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun. Continuous Feed Method

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 6-12 ppm :

A-265 continuously to the system Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, pump a continuous feed of 1-6 ppm A-265 to the system.

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

FOR CONTROL OF FUNGI AND ALGAE

Add 36-118 ppm A-265 based on the flow rate through the system, depending on the severity of contamination.

Intermittent Method

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 60-118 ppm A 265 to the system. The minimum treatment interval should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 36-118 ppm A-265 to the system daily or as needed to maintain control. The minimum treatment interval should be 15 minutes.

Sadly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

Continuous Feed Method

initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 60-118 ppm A 265 to the system

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, pump a continuous feed of 36-118 ppm A-265 to the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

AIR-WASHER SYSTEMS

Add 0 0015 gal to 0 095 gal A-265/1,000 gal of wate- in the system, depending upon the severity of contamination to control state forming bacteria and fungl in industrial air-washar systems;

Intermittent or Siug Method

initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 0.003 gal to 0 395 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 0.0015 gal to 0.047 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water in the systam every 2 days or as needed to maintain control. BADLY FOULED SYSTEMS must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

Continuous Feed Method

initial Dose: When the system is noticeably forled, add 0.003.gzt to 0.095 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water in the system.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this level by pumping a continuous feed of 0.0015 gal to 0.047 gal A-265/1,000 gal of water in the

Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun. Note: For use only in industrial air-washer systems that maintain effective mist eliminating components.

Notice: Soller earrants that the product conforms to life chemical description and is reasonable for the purposes stated on the table when used in accordance in this description under normal conditions of use but no lifer this earrants nor any other earrants of MERICHANTABULTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, express or implied, as technical the under the state of the label of the product of the state. eri i gije under i od ga of gog gu tiusa

1.11 AUDILANOLT

Driver Committee Committee Committee

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF PESTICIDES PROGRAMS REGISTRATION DIVISION (MIL-567) ANNUMBED D.C. 20469	TANK 13 13 A PROPERTY OF ISSUANCES
	TERM OF ISSUANCE
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: A REGISTRATION	NAME OF PESTICIDE PRODUCT
(Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended)	A-26%
NAME AND ADDRESS OF REGISTRANT (Include 21P code)	
Walling Chemical Corporate 2003 North Mestport Avenue P.O. Box 408 Sioux Falls, SD 57117-0408	
L	
NOTE: Changes in labeling formula differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above U.S. EPA registration number.	
On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named genticide is hereby Registered/Reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.	
A copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Registration/Reregistration is returned herewith.	
Registration is in no way to be construed as an indersement or approval of this product by this Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.	
It is product to conditionally registered in accordance with FIMA sec. S(c)()(A) presided that year I. Subsit and/or city all data is effect for registration/is registration is some product order (1): \$ per ((c))() when the Agency requires all replacement at distances on reflect which is Part the Add the concern to the before year referred the product con side of.	
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ATTACHMENT IS APPLICABLE	1
SIGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL	DATE
PA Faim \$570.4 (Rev. 5-74) PREVIOUS ECITIO	MAY BE USED UNTIL SUPPLY IS EXHAUSTED.