# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to birds and fish. Wildlife feeding on treated bait may be killed. Do not contaminate witer by cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste. Do not feed to livestock or poultry. Do not mix with grain for livestock or poultry feed.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

# 1. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL Pesticide, spray mixture, or rinse water

that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to Federal or approved state procedures under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

2. CONTAINER DISPOSAL
Completely empty bag by shaking and
tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of bags
in a manitary landfill or by incineration

if allowed by state and local authorities.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal have to use this product in a manner in presistent with its labeling.

### Use Restrictions

Do not use where food (grain or meat) might become contaminated.

Avitrol must not be exposed in any manner that may endanger desirable and protected bird species. If there is a question of such hazard, consult local, state and Federal game authorities before undertaking bird management with Avitrol.

Investigate local laws that may prohibit the use of any toxic chemical in bird control.

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### RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

For sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification.

### AVITROL

### Sorghum

Active Ingredient: 4-Aminopyridine 0.52 Inert Ingredients: 99.52 Total 100.02

Avitrol is a poison with flock alarming properties used for the control of House Sparrows, Red-Winged, Yellow-Headed, Brewers and Rusty Blackbirds, Grackles, Cowbirds and Starlings in, on or in the area of structures, feeding, nesting and rousting sites, in such a way that a part of a flock may react and frighten the rest away. Birds that react and alarm a flock usually die.

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

### CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT
If swallowed: If the patient is unconscious,
maintain breathing and heart beat (CPR:
Cardiopulmonary resusitation). Contact your
local Poison Control Center, hospital or
physician immediately.

If patient is conscious: Induce vomiting with syrup of Ipecac (if not available, stimulate the back of the throat with finger). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact your Poison Control Center, hospital or physician immediately.

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

See side panel for additional precautionary statements.

### Manufactured by

A V I T R O L Corporation 320 S. Boston Tulsa, OK 74103

EPA Reg. No. 11649-3 EPA Est. 11649-0K-1

Avitrol Lot No.	 	
Net Contents		 

# Prebaiting Directions

This product must not be applied where nontarget birds are feeding. Careful observations of the birds' feeding habits must therefore be made to establish proper feeding locations and to determine that no nontarget birds are feeding in the prebait. Prebaiting with untreated grains of the same composition as the Avitrol carrier is usually essential to the effective deterrence of birds with Avitrol. The target species are primarily ground feeders and should be prebaited on the ground when possible. Inside structures, preparing may be performed on elevated flat surfaces, perching areas and ledges. Bait trays may be used but feeding acceptance will normally require more time.

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## Filution Directions

Avitrol treated grain should be theroughly mixed with untreated grain of the same composition as the Avitrol carrier at the dilution ratios indicated below. For the control of Blackbirds, Cowbords, starlings and Grackles with Avitrol, no dilution ratio less than a expart treated to nine parts untreated is recommended. House Sparrows, however, usually operate within limited areas, with feeding and nesting sites relatively close to one another. Thus, while ratios of one part treated to nine (or more) untreated parts have given good control in many instances, particularly stubborn cases may require a ratio of one part treated to five jarts untreafed. Greater numbers of birds may be killed, however, as tixts bait is made less dilute.

# Baiting Directions

To obtain minimal mortality, the distribution of Australabould be limited to scattered spot placements that will provide feeding opportunities only for the necessary number of target birds. After the biris' feeding pattern has been established through prebaiting, replace of traited bait with diluted treated bait only at sites where target birds are actively feeding. To not apply treated but to inactive feeding sites. This product must be a supply to the feeding of the species are feeding. During the first few days, baiting with Australabour require so consider applications until control is obtained, where would be built may be a hazard to there birds in animals, it is after picked up at the end of each has.

Notice. Buyer and/or user assumes all right to a control to militation these materials of transity late, materials of