



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 5, 2020

Emily Phalen  
Regulatory Affairs  
Contec, Inc.  
525 Locust Grove Spartanburg, SC 29303

Subject: Label Amendment: Emerging Viral Pathogens Claim  
Product Name: Peridox  
EPA Registration Number: 8383-12  
Application Date: 3/12/2020  
Decision Number: 560830

Dear Ms. Phalen:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Because you have opted to add statements pertaining to emerging viral pathogens to your label as described in the August 19, 2016, Guidance to Registrants: Process For Making Claims Against Emerging Viral Pathogens Not On EPA-Registered Disinfectant Labels ("Guidance"), [https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-09/documents/emerging\\_viral\\_pathogen\\_program\\_guidance\\_final\\_8\\_19\\_16\\_001\\_0.pdf](https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-09/documents/emerging_viral_pathogen_program_guidance_final_8_19_16_001_0.pdf), you are subject to the following additional terms of registration:

1. You may make statements pertaining to emerging viral pathogens only through the following communications outlets: technical literature distributed exclusively to health care facilities, physicians, nurses and public health officials, "1-800" consumer information services, social media sites and company websites (non-label related). These statements shall not appear on marketed (final print) product labels.
2. Your statements pertaining to emerging viral pathogens must adhere to the format approved on the Agency-accepted master label.

3. You may make statements pertaining to emerging viral pathogens only upon a disease outbreak that meets all the following criteria:
  - a. The causative organism must be a virus that causes an infectious disease that has appeared in a human or animal population in the U.S. for the first time, or that may have existed previously but is rapidly increasing in incidence or geographic range.
    - i. For human disease, the outbreak is listed in one of the following Centers for Disease Control (CDC) publications:
      - A. CDC Current Outbreak List for “U.S. Based Outbreaks” ([www.cdc.gov/outbreaks](http://www.cdc.gov/outbreaks)),
      - B. CDC Current Outbreak List for “Outbreaks Affecting International Travelers” with an “Alert” or “Advisory” classification ([www.cdc.gov/outbreaks](http://www.cdc.gov/outbreaks)) (also released through the CDC’s Health Alert Network (HAN) notification process)
      - C. Healthcare-Associated Infections (HAIs) Outbreaks and Patient Notifications page ([www.cdc.gov/hai/outbreaks](http://www.cdc.gov/hai/outbreaks))
    - ii. For animal disease, the outbreak is identified as an infectious disease outbreak in animals within the U.S. on the World Organization for Animal Health (OIE) Weekly Disease Information page ([www.oie.int/wahis\\_2/public/wahid.php/Diseaseinformation/WI](http://www.oie.int/wahis_2/public/wahid.php/Diseaseinformation/WI)).
      - A. The CDC or OIE has identified the taxonomy, including the viral family and/or species, of the pathogen and provides notice to the public of the identity of the emerging virus that is responsible for an infectious disease outbreak. Based on the taxonomy of the outbreak pathogen identified by the CDC or OEI, the pathogen's viral subgroup are small non-enveloped, large non-enveloped, and enveloped.
      - B. The virus can be transmitted via environmental surfaces (non-vector transmission), and environmental surface disinfection has been recommended by the CDC, OIE or EPA to control the spread of the pathogen.
4. You may begin communicating statements pertaining to emerging viral pathogens only upon CDC or OIE’s publication per term 3.a. of an outbreak of an emerging viral pathogen meeting all of the criteria of term 3. You must cease and remove all such non-label communications intended for consumers no later than 24 months after the original publication of the outbreak per term 3.a., unless the Agency issue written guidance to the contrary due to continued public health concerns. The emerging pathogen claim language may remain on the master label.
5. Terms from points 1 through 4 above shall become immediately void and ineffective if registration for use against Norovirus (Feline Calicivirus as surrogate) ATCC VR-782 and Rhinovirus, ATCC VR-338 are suspended or cancelled or no longer meets the

criteria for a disinfectant claim (see EPA Product Performance Test Guideline 810.2200). In addition, terms B.1 through B.4 above shall become immediately void and ineffective upon your receipt of evidence of ineffectiveness against any pathogen in a less-resistant Spaulding category.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, you may contact the disinfectants list at [disinfectantslist@epa.gov](mailto:disinfectantslist@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Steven Snyderman". The signature is written in a cursive style with a horizontal line underneath the name.

Steven Snyderman, Acting Product Manager 33  
Regulatory Management Branch 1  
Antimicrobials Division (7510P)  
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure: stamped label

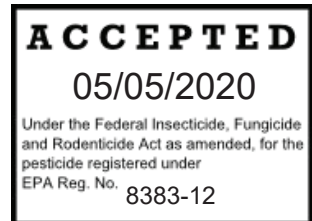
**MASTER LABEL**

**Peridox®**

**[Disinfectant] [Sterilant] [Sporicide] [Sanitizer] [Microbicide] [Virucide†] [Fungicide] [Sporicidal Disinfectant] [Antimicrobial Solution] [Mold Killing Antimicrobial Solution] [Bactericide][Concentrate]**

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

Hydrogen Peroxide.....	24.0%
Peroxyacetic Acid.....	1.2%
Other Ingredients.....	74.8%
Total.....	100.0%



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

**DANGER PELIGRO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.  
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

<b>FIRST AID</b>	
<b>IF IN EYES</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
<b>IF SWALLOWED</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>• Do not give anything to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
<b>IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water form 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or physician for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
<b>IF INHALED</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, and then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible,</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or physician for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.	
<b>FOR EMERGENCY MEDICAL INFORMATION CALL TOLL FREE: 1-800-222-1222</b> (800) 900-4044 Poison Control Center (human health) (800) 345-4735 ASPCA (animal health)	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of a gastric lavage.	

See back [side] [left] [right] panel [of label] for additional precautionary statements [and first aid statements].

EPA Reg. No. 8383-12

EPA Est. No. 88089-MO-1<sup>A</sup>, 87720-MO-2<sup>B</sup>

67811-MO-1<sup>C</sup>, 71670-SC-1<sup>D</sup>

81937-SC-1<sup>E</sup>

Manufactured for: Contec, Inc.

525 Locust Grove

Spartanburg, SC 29303

Net Contents: \_\_\_\_\_

{lot code and expiration date appear on container or label}

Peridox® is a trademark of Contec, Inc., Spartanburg, SC, USA. Patents Pending.

## [CLAIMS]

- For disinfection of hard, non-porous surfaces
- For sanitizing rinse on previously cleaned hard, non-porous [non-food] food-contact surfaces
- For sanitizing hard, non-porous surfaces
- Cleaning and [deodorizing] [deodorization]
- Eliminate odors associated with bacteria, mold, and mildew.
- Prevent mold and mildew stains and odors.
- Use Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][sanitizer][sterilant][sporicide][sporicidal disinfectant] [antimicrobial solution][liquid] to disinfect and sanitize hard, non-porous surfaces and as a sanitizing rinse on previously cleaned hard, non-porous non-food and food-contact surfaces.
- For use in Mold Remediation on hard, non-porous surfaces AND porous surfaces.
- Will not damage most surfaces.
- Disinfectant for Surfaces in Pharmaceutical, Medical Device Manufacturing, and Cosmetic Processing Facilities
- Sterilant/Disinfectant for Non-patient Contact for Healthcare and Veterinary Facilities
- Sporicidal disinfectant to kill *Clostridium difficile* [in 3 minutes] on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces.
- Virucidal<sup>†</sup> on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces
- Combination disinfection & cleaning on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces
- Tuberculocidal on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces
- Delivers antimicrobial activity on yeast, mildew, molds, fungi, viruses, and bacteria as identified [in the times identified] in the Organism [Table][Chart] in the following section of this label and for uses and in sites as specified in the following directions for use.
- Sporicide, Sporicidal disinfectant, Virucidal<sup>†</sup>, Bactericidal, Fungicidal, and Tuberculocidal.
- Kills [bacteria][fungal spores][mold][viruses<sup>†</sup>] on surfaces.
- Kills [bacteria][fungi] [spores][viruses<sup>†</sup>].

## {Sporicidal claims}

- Helps reduce [*C. diff*] [*C. difficile*] [*Clostridium difficile*] spores [and] [Methicillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*–MRSA (ATCC 33592),] [Community Acquired-Methicillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*–CA-MRSA (Genotype 300),] [*Enterococcus faecalis*-Vancomycin Resistant–VRE (ATCC 51299),] [*Streptococcus pneumoniae*-Penicillin Resistant–PRSP (ATCC 700671)] [and] [blood-borne pathogens] occurrence [on surfaces]!
- Kills [more than] 99.9999% [*C. difficile*][*Clostridium difficile*] [spores] in [just] 3 [minutes][min]!
- Kills [*C. difficile* spores] [*Clostridium difficile* spores] in 3 minutes.
- Kills [more than] 99.9999% [*Bacillus subtilis*][*B. subtilis*][*Bacillus*] [and] [*Clostridium sporogenes*] [*Clostridium*][*C. sporogenes*][spores] in **25** [minutes][min]!
- Kills [more than] 99.9999% [*Bacillus subtilis*] [*B. subtilis*] [*Bacillus*] [and] [*Clostridium sporogenes*] [*Clostridium*] [*C. sporogenes*] [spores] on hard, non-porous surfaces in [just] 3 [minutes][min]!
- [3 minute] [Sterilant] [Sporicide] for hard, non-porous surfaces.

## {Fungicidal and Mold Control claims}

- Peridox [mold-killer] [mildewcide] kills [*Aspergillus niger*] mold spores.
- Peridox fungicide kills [*Aspergillus niger*] [and] [*Trichophyton mentagrophytes*] [(athlete's foot fungus)] on hard surfaces in 1 minute.

- To kill *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drain troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, and hard, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic).
- Used to treat porous surfaces such as wood, tile, grout, drywall, ceiling tile, carpets, upholstery cubical walls, wallpaper, posting boards in buildings and offices to kill mold.
- For use in Mold Remediation on porous surfaces AND hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drains, troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, and hard, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic).

{General efficacy claims}

- Can help reduce the risk of cross contamination on treated surfaces
- [Cleans], [Disinfects] and [Deodorizes]
- *C. difficile* spore disinfection in 3 minutes
- Kills {insert organism from the Organism chart as appropriate} in 2 minutes.
- Peridox [Microbicide][Disinfectant][Sanitizer][Sporicide][Bactericide][Sporicidal Disinfectant] [Sterilant][Virucide<sup>†</sup>] is effective against the following the following organisms at the following contact times: {insert organism name and contact time from the Organism chart as appropriate to "Microbicide", "Disinfectant", "Sanitizer", "Sporicide", "Bactericide", "Sporicidal Disinfectant", "Sterilant", or "Virucide"}
- Disinfects [against] {organism} in [just] 2 minutes.
- Disinfects and kills {organisms from Chart as appropriate} on hard, non-porous [environmental] surfaces listed on this label.
- [Kills][Sanitizes] *S. aureus* and *K pneumoniae* in 30 seconds.
- [Kills][Sanitizes] *E. coli* and *S. aureus* on pre-cleaned, non-porous, food-contact surfaces in 30 seconds.
- This product kills bacteria, fungal spores, mold, and viruses on surfaces.
- [Kills] [*C. difficile*] [*Clostridium difficile*] spores [and] [Methicillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*–MRSA (ATCC 33592)].
- Kills more than 99.9999% *Clostridium difficile* spores on hard non-porous inanimate surfaces in just 3 minutes while helping to reduce the occurrence of *C. difficile* spores, Methicillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*–MRSA (ATCC 33592), Community Acquired-Methicillin Resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*-CA-MRSA (Genotype 300), *Enterococcus faecalis*-Vancomycin Resistant-VRE (ATCC 51299), and *Streptococcus pneumoniae*-Penicillin Resistant-PRSP (ATCC 700671) on surfaces!

{General claims}

- Does not contain bleach.
- Does not contain alcohol.
- Bleach free.
- Alcohol free.
- Bleach and alcohol free.
- One [1] Step Cleaner Disinfectant
- Cleaner
- Will not harm LCD screens.

<b>Effective against a wide range of bacteria, viruses and fungi including:</b>	
DISINFECTANT	<p><b>Bactericidal (2 minutes)</b>  <i>Enterobacter aerogenes</i> (ATCC 13048); <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> (ATCC 19111); <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> (ATCC 15442); <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i> (ATCC 13311); <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (ATCC 6538); <i>Vibrio cholerae</i> (ATCC 14035); <i>Salmonella enterica</i> (ATCC 10708); <i>Acinetobacter baumannii</i> (ATCC 19606); <i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> (ATCC 29428); <i>E. coli</i> O157:H7 (ATCC 35150); <i>E. coli</i> ESBL (ATCC BAA-196); <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>-Vancomycin Resistant (VRE)(ATCC 51299); <i>Enterococcus hirae</i> (ATCC 10541); <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> (ATCC 19418); <i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> (ATCC 4352); <i>Legionella pneumophila</i> (ATCC 33153); <i>Proteus vulgaris</i> (ATCC 27973); <i>Serratia marcescens</i> (ATCC 13880); <i>Shigella sonnei</i> (ATCC 11060); Methicillin Resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> – MRSA (ATCC 33592); Community Acquired - Methicillin Resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (CA-MRSA)(Genotype 300); <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>-<i>Penicillin Resistant (PRSP)</i> (ATCC 700671); <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i> (ATCC 19615); <i>Corynebacterium bovis</i> (ATCC 7715); <i>Bordetella bronchiseptica</i> (ATCC 10580)</p>
	<p><b>Tuberculocidal (5 minutes)</b>  <i>Mycobacterium bovis</i></p>
	<p><b>†Virucidal (2 minutes)</b>                      Avian Influenza Virus A (H3N2) (ATCC VR-2072); Human Coronavirus (ATCC VR-740); Adenovirus, Type 2 (ATCC 846); Avian influenza Virus H5N1 (NIBRG-14); Hantavirus (Prospect Hill Virus); Hepatitis B Virus; Hepatitis C Virus; Herpes Simplex Virus, Type 1 (ATCC VR 260); Herpes Simplex Virus, Type 2 (ATCC VR 734); Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 (HIV-1, Zeptomatrix Corp.); Influenza Virus Type A (ATCC VR 544); Influenza A (H1N1)(ATCC VR-1469, Strain A/PR/8/34); Influenza Virus Type B (ATCC VR 823); Minute virus of mice (ATCC VR-1346); Murine Norovirus (Strain MNV-1.CW1); Norovirus (F. Calicivirus) (ATCC VR 782); Poliovirus type-1 (ATCC VR 1562); Reovirus (ATCC VR 232); Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) (ATCC VR-26); Rhinovirus (ATCC VR-338); Rotavirus (Strain WA)</p>
	<p><b>†Virucidal (3 minutes)</b>                      Canine Parvovirus (ATCC VR-2017, Strain Cornell)</p>
	<p><b>Sporicidal [Activity of Disinfectant] (3 minutes)</b>  <i>Clostridium difficile</i> spores (ATCC 43598); <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> (ATCC 19659); <i>Clostridium sporogenes</i> (ATCC 3584)</p>
	<p><b>Fungicidal/Mold Killing (1 minute) Hard Non-Porous Surfaces</b>  <i>Aspergillus niger</i> (ATCC 16404); <i>Candida albicans</i> (ATCC 10231); <i>Trichophyton mentagrophytes</i> (athlete’s foot fungus) (ATCC 9533)</p>
	<p><b>Mold-killing (10 minutes) Porous Surfaces</b>  <i>Aspergillus niger</i></p>
	SANITIZER
<p><b>30 seconds on pre-cleaned, food contact surfaces:</b>  <i>Escherichia coli</i> (ATCC 11229); <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (ATCC 6538)</p>	
STERILANT	<p><b>(25 minutes @ room temperature)</b>  <i>Bacillus subtilis</i> (ATCC 19659); <i>Clostridium sporogenes</i> (ATCC 3584)</p>

[Disinfectant for use on][Disinfects] hard, non-porous surfaces in: *{sites will be selected from the following}* Hospitals and Health Care Facilities such as Clinics, Dental Offices, Hospices, Laboratories, Nursing Homes, Acute Long-Term Care and Long-Term Care Facilities, Physical Therapy, Doctor's Offices, Radiology, Rehabilitation, and Transport Vehicles; Critical Care Areas such as Critical Care Unit (CCU), Emergency Room, ICU, Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU), Operating Rooms, Outpatient Surgery Centers, Pediatric Intensive Care Unit (PICU), Surgery, and Emergency Medical Services [EMS]; Other Sites such as Schools, Colleges, Day-care Centers, Child-care Facilities, Correctional Facilities; Hospitality establishments such as Hotels, Motels, and Cruise Ships; Veterinary Clinics, Animal Life Science Laboratories; Funeral Homes and Morgues; Research Laboratories; Industrial Facilities; Pharmaceutical Production Facilities; Cosmetic Processing Facilities; Consumer Home Use; Dining Areas (non-food contact surfaces); Office Buildings; Recreational Facilities; Retail and Wholesale Establishments; Prisons; Animal Care Facilities; Veterinary Facilities; Farms; Livestock Quarters; Poultry Premises; Poultry Houses and Hatcheries; and vehicles including ships, planes, automobiles, trucks, ambulances, trains, and farm vehicles.

Hospital, Healthcare, and Critical Use Sites: [May be used on hard, non-porous surfaces of] *{sites will be selected from the following}* autoclaves, bed railings, blood glucose monitors, cabinets, carts, chairs, counters, exam tables, gurneys, isolettes, infant incubators and care cribs, IV poles, phlebotomy trays, PVC tubing, stethoscopes, stretchers, tables, bathrooms, sinks, faucets, toilet seats [and rims], towel dispensers, hand railings, stall doors, bath tubs, showers, hampers, tiled walls, telephones, door knobs, vanities, floors, non-porous shelves, and display cases.

Hard, non-porous external surfaces of: *{sites will be selected from the following}* ambulance equipment, diagnostic equipment, dialysis machines, mammography equipment, patient monitoring equipment, respiratory equipment, ultrasound transducers and probes, patient support and delivery equipment. Peridox solution [is compatible with][will not harm] *{surfaces will be selected from the following}* aluminum, LDPE, HDPE, vinyl, painted surfaces, polycarbonate, polypropylene, polyurethane varnish, PVC, silicone rubber, stainless steel, medical tubing, vinyl rubber, acrylic, brass, LCD screens, copper, Corian®, glass, laminate flooring and countertops, nickel, glazed porcelain, glass, and glazed tile.

STERILANT

SPORICIDAL DISINFECTANT

DISINFECTANT

SANITIZER

VIRUCIDE†

FUNGICIDE

TUBERCULOCIDE



**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS****HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**DANGER. CORROSIVE.** Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if absorbed through the skin or inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses), clothing and chemical resistant gloves. Wash with soap and water thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. Dilute concentrated Peridox to the appropriate use rate in a well-ventilated area or have available proper respiratory protection.

**PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS:** Strong Oxidizing Agent. Corrosive. Do not use in concentrated form. Mix only with water according to label instructions. Never bring Peridox Concentrate in contact with other sanitizers, cleaners or organic substances.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** This pesticide is toxic to birds, fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office at the EPA.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Peridox [microbicide][sporicidal disinfectant][liquid][solution] can be used for disinfection, sterilization, sanitization, mold killing and remediation, mold and mildew control. This product must be used only as directed in this label.

**Before using this product read the entire label.**

Peridox [microbicide][sporicidal disinfectant][liquid][solution] can be applied to hard, non-porous surfaces such as counter-tops, tables, furniture, cabinets, appliances, kitchen and bathroom fixtures, furnishings, hardware, floors, walls, equipment, tabletops, benchtops, drip pans, troughs, desks, [and] locker room benches[, and the use sites listed on page ( )]. For heavily soiled areas, pre-cleaning is required. To apply the Peridox solution, the measured amount of Peridox Concentrate per the Directions for Use is added to a spray applicator or mixing container and diluted with the measured amount of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>). Apply the mixed Peridox [Use Dilution] [microbicide][sporicidal disinfectant] [liquid][solution] to the contaminated surface with a spray applicator device at an application rate of greater than 50 ml/m<sup>2</sup> (approximately 1.5 fluid oz. of the Peridox [Use Dilution][solution] per square yard), or by other means that ensure that the surface is wet (for example, by wiping with a clean cloth or sponge that is wet with Peridox [Use Dilution][solution]), or by soaking the contaminated surface and allowing it to remain on the surface for the indicated contact time. Spray or soak the surface with a sufficient amount of Peridox [Use Dilution][solution] to remain on surface for the indicated contact time before evaporation. Air dry or remove with a dry clean cloth or wipe.

**DISINFECTION**

Use Peridox [disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][microbicide][liquid][solution] [as a-disinfectant] in Hospitals, Obstetrical Suites, Housekeeping Services, Physical Therapy Departments, Nursing Services, [and] Autopsy Facilities[, as well as the use sites listed on page ( )].

Use Peridox [disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][microbicide][liquid][solution] [as a-disinfectant] in nursing homes, health-care facilities, schools, colleges, day-care centers, child-care facilities, veterinary clinics, animal life science laboratories, industrial facilities, dining areas (non-food contact surfaces), office buildings, recreational facilities, retail and wholesale establishments[, as well as the use sites listed on page ( )].

Use Peridox [disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][microbicide][liquid][solution] [as a-disinfectant] in transport vehicles including ships, planes, automobiles, trucks, trains, and EMS.

This product is not to be used as a terminal sterilant/high level disinfectant on any surface or instrument that (1) is introduced directly into the human body, either into or in contact with the bloodstream or normally sterile areas of the body, or (2) contacts intact mucous membranes but which does not ordinarily penetrate the blood barrier or otherwise enter normally sterile areas of the body. This product may be used to pre-clean or decontaminate critical or semi-critical medical devices prior to sterilization or high level disinfection.

**Dilution:** 26 oz. per 1 gallon of water.

**Combination Disinfection and Cleaning:**

**Bactericidal:** Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][liquid][solution] [is effective against] [kills] *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibrio cholerae*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* [and other bacteria listed in the Chart] with a 5% organic load on hard, non-porous surfaces. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide][disinfectant] [liquid][solution] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for **2 minutes**; then, wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted. Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

**Virucidal<sup>†</sup>:** Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][liquid][solution] is [an effective virucide against][kills] [the viruses listed in the Chart][, which include] Avian Influenza Virus Type A (H3N2), Influenza A (H1N1), Norovirus, Poliovirus, Reovirus, Rhinovirus, [and] Human Coronavirus [and specific virus(es) listed on the Chart] on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces with a **2 minute** contact time in the presence of a 5% organic load. A **3 minute** contact time is required for Canine Parvovirus. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide] [disinfectant][liquid][solution] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for the required contact time listed in the [Organism] Chart; then, wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted. Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

**Fungicidal:** Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][liquid][solution][fungicide] can be used on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces such as shower room floors, shower stalls, locker room benches, and hard, non-porous bath mats (plastic or rubber). This product is effective against *Trichophyton mentagrophytes*

(Athlete's Foot Fungi), *Aspergillus niger* (mold), and *Candida albicans* (pathogenic yeast) in the presence of a 5% organic load with a **1 minute** contact time. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution] [microbicide][disinfectant][liquid][fungicide] [solution] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for **1 minute**; then, wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted. Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

**Sporicidal [Disinfection]:** Peridox [microbicide][sporicidal disinfectant][disinfectant][solution] is [an] effective [sporicidal disinfectant] against *Clostridium difficile* spores, *Bacillus subtilis*, and *Clostridium sporogenes* on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces with a **3 minute** contact time. Prior to use of Peridox [microbicide] [disinfectant][solution] as a sporicidal disinfectant, remove any obvious debris or organic material and pre-clean surfaces to be treated. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide][sporicidal disinfectant] [disinfectant][liquid][solution] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for **3 minutes**; then, wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE AS A SPORICIDE:** Use only on hard, non-porous surfaces.

**SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEANING PRIOR TO [SPORIDICAL] DISINFECTION AGAINST CLOSTRIDIUM DIFFICILE SPORES.**

**Personal Protection:** Wear appropriate barrier protection such as gloves, gowns, masks and eye covering.

**Cleaning Procedure:** Fecal matter/waste must be thoroughly cleaned from surfaces/objects before disinfection by application with a [microfiber cloth/pad,] [clean cloth,] [mop,] and/or sponge saturated with the disinfectant product. Cleaning is to include vigorous wiping and/or scrubbing, until all visible soil is removed. Special attention is needed for high-touch surfaces. Surfaces in patient rooms are to be cleaned in an appropriate manner, such as from right to left or left to right, on horizontal surfaces, and top to bottom, on vertical surfaces, to minimize spreading of the spores. Restrooms are to be cleaned last. Do not reuse soiled cloths.

**Infectious Materials Disposal:** Materials used in the cleaning process that may contain feces/wastes are to be disposed of immediately in accordance with local regulations for infectious materials disposal.

**[Specific Instructions for Blood-borne Pathogens:] [KILLS HIV, HEPATITIS B VIRUS, AND HEPATITIS C VIRUS ON PRE-CLEANED ENVIRONMENTAL SURFACES/OBJECTS PREVIOUSLY SOILED WITH BLOOD/BODY FLUIDS** in healthcare settings and other settings in which there is an expected likelihood of soiling of inanimate surfaces/objects with blood/body fluids, and in which the surfaces or materials soiled with blood/body fluids can be associated with the potential for transmission of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 (HIV-1) (associated with AIDS), Hepatitis B Virus (HBV), or Hepatitis C Virus (HCV).

**SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATING AGAINST HIV-1 (AIDS Virus), HEPATITIS B VIRUS, AND HEPATITIS C VIRUS OF SURFACE/OBJECTS SOILED WITH BLOOD/BODY FLUIDS.**

**Personal Protection:** [Clean up should always be done wearing protective gloves, gowns, masks, and eye protection.][Disposable latex, nitrile, or vinyl gloves, gowns, face masks, or eye coverings as appropriate, must be worn during all cleaning of body fluids, blood, and decontamination.]

**Cleaning Procedure:** Blood/body fluids must be thoroughly cleaned from surfaces/objects before application of this product.

**Contact Time:** [Allow surface to remain wet for **2 minutes** to kill HIV-1, Hepatitis B Virus, and Hepatitis C Virus.] [Leave surface wet for **2 minutes** to kill HIV-I, Hepatitis B Virus, and Hepatitis C Virus.] [Use contact time listed for all other organisms claimed.] [Consult Organism Chart/Table for all other contact times.]

**Disposal of Infectious Material:** Blood/body fluids should be autoclaved and disposed of according to Federal, State, and local regulations for infectious waste disposal.

**Tuberculocidal:** Peridox [microbicide][solution][liquid] [is also effective against][kills] *Mycobacterium bovis* (at 20° C) on hard, non-porous inanimate surfaces with a **5 minute** contact time in the presence of a 5% organic load. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide][disinfectant] [solution][liquid] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Allow surfaces to remain wet for **5 minutes**; then, wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted.

**Disinfection of Surfaces in Pharmaceutical, Medical Device Manufacturing, and Cosmetic Processing Facilities:** Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][solution][liquid] is recommended for use on hard, non-porous, environmental surfaces such as floors, walls and processing equipment in pharmaceutical and cosmetic processing facilities. It is effective against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibrio cholerae*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* [and other bacteria listed in the Chart] and 5% blood serum. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide] [disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][solution][liquid] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet with a contact time as listed in the [Organism] Chart. Rinse with sterile water. Wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted. Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

**Disinfectant [and Deodorizer] for [Farm Premises,] [Animal Housing Facilities,] [and] [Veterinary Facilities]:** Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][solution][liquid] is recommended for use on hard, non-porous, environmental surfaces such as floors, walls, troughs, racks, appliances, and processing equipment on Farm Premises, animal housing facilities, kennels, animal hospitals, animal laboratories, zoos, pet stores, pet spas, pet animal quarters, and livestock quarters. It is effective against animal pathogens such as *Corynebacterium bovis*, Murine Norovirus, Hantavirus, Canine Parvovirus, *Bordetella bronchiseptica*, Minute virus of Mice, *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibrio cholerae*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* [and other bacteria listed in the Chart] and 5% blood serum. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

Remove all animals and feed from premises, vehicles, and enclosures.

Remove all litter and manure from floors, walls and surfaces of barns, pens, stalls, chutes, and other facilities and fixtures occupied or traversed by animals.

Empty all troughs, racks, and other feeding and watering appliances.

Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water.

Apply Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][solution][liquid] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet with the required contact time listed in the [Organism] Chart. Rinse with clean water. Wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry.

Immerse all halters, ropes, and other types of equipment used in handling and restraining animals, as well as forks, shovels, and scrapers used for removing litter and manure. If the Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant] [sporicidal disinfectant] [solution] [liquid] becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted, replace and use fresh Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][solution][liquid].

Ventilate buildings, cars, boats, and other closed spaces. Do not house livestock or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set, or dried.

Thoroughly scrub all treated feed racks, mangers, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains, and waterers with soap or detergent, and rinse with potable water before reuse.

**Disinfectant for Poultry Houses and Poultry Hatcheries:** Peridox [microbicide][disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][solution][liquid] is recommended for use on hard, non-porous, environmental surfaces such as floors, walls, troughs, racks, feeders, fountains, appliances, and processing equipment in Poultry Houses and Poultry Hatcheries. It is effective against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Enterobacter aerogenes*, *Salmonella typhimurium*, *Listeria monocytogenes*, *Vibrio cholerae*, and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* [and other bacteria listed in the Chart] and 5% blood serum. For heavily soiled areas a pre-cleaning step is required. Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

Remove all poultry and feeds from premises, trucks, coops, and crates.

Remove all litter and droppings from floors, walls and surfaces of facilities occupied or traversed by poultry.

Empty all troughs, racks, and other feeding and watering appliances.

Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water.

Apply Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide][disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][solution][liquid] with a spray applicator device, or other means, that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet with the required contact time listed in the [Organism] Chart. Rinse with clean water. Wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily or, if necessary, more frequently if it becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted.

Ventilate buildings, coops, and other closed spaces. Do not house poultry or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set, or dried.

Thoroughly scrub treated feed racks, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains, and waterers with soap or detergent, and rinse with potable water before reuse.

## SANITIZATION

**Dilution:** 26 oz. per 1 gallon of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>).

**Sanitization Rinse on Pre-cleaned Hard, Non-porous Food Contact Surfaces:** Peridox [microbicide] [liquid][sanitizer] is recommended [as a sanitizer] for use on pre-cleaned non-porous, food contact surfaces such as equipment, pipelines, tanks, fillers, and evaporators as a sanitizer rinse. It is effective against *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Escherichia coli* with a **30 second** contact time. Pre-clean surfaces to remove gross particles. Wash with a detergent solution. Rinse with potable water. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide] [liquid][solution] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. For manual operations, fresh sanitizing solutions should be prepared daily or more often if the solution becomes diluted or soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear). Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

**Sanitization of Hard, Non-porous, Inanimate Surfaces:** Peridox [microbicide][liquid][sanitizer] is recommended [as a sanitizer] for use on hard, non-porous surfaces such as glass, stainless steel, glazed tile, glazed porcelain, and plastic (for example, plastic laminate countertop). It is effective against *Klebsiella pneumoniae* and *Staphylococcus aureus* with a **30 second** contact time in the presence of a 5% organic load. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution] [microbicide][liquid][solution] with a spray applicator device, or other means that ensures that the surface is thoroughly wet. Wipe with a dry, clean cloth or allow surfaces to air dry. For manual operations, fresh sanitizing solutions should be prepared daily or more often if the solution becomes diluted or soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear). Always ensure the solution is fresh prior to application.

## STERILIZATION

**Dilution:** 26 oz. per 1 gallon of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>).

**Sterilant for Healthcare and Veterinary Facilities:** Peridox [microbicide] [disinfectant][sporicidal disinfectant][solution][liquid] is **not** to be used as a terminal sterilant/high level disinfectant on any critical or semi-critical medical device. Prior to use of Peridox [microbicide][liquid][solution] as a sterilant, remove gross soil particles from processing surfaces, then wash with Peridox Use Dilution or a detergent solution, followed by a potable water rinse. Apply Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide][liquid] by immersion of objects in containers, by covering interior surfaces of containers, or by confining (e.g., rimmed) surfaces (e.g., floors, tables, counters) that permit a continuous layer of liquid to cover the surface for a contact time of **25 minutes**. This product is effective against *Clostridium sporogenes* and *Bacillus subtilis* vegetative cells and spores in the presence of a 5% organic load. Remove solution and entrapped soil with a clean, dry, sterile cloth. If the Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide][liquid][solution] becomes soiled (i.e., is not visibly clear) or diluted, replace and use fresh Peridox [Use Dilution][microbicide] [liquid][solution].

## MOLD KILLING, MILDEW CONTROL, & REMEDIATION

### GENERAL INFORMATION

Do not use in areas where food/feed items are present. Peridox [microbicide][liquid] is for killing and controlling mold.

This product is a concentrate that must be diluted before use.

**Dilution:** 26 oz. per 1 gallon of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>).

Use Peridox [microbicide][liquid]:

- To clean and deodorize; eliminate odors associated with bacteria, mold, mildew; prevent mold and mildew stains and odors.
- To kill *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drain troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, hard, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic)[, and the use sites listed on this label].
- To treat porous surfaces such as wood, tile, grout, drywall, ceiling tile, carpets, upholstery cubical walls, wallpaper, posting boards in buildings and offices to kill mold.

Will not damage most surfaces.

Use Peridox [microbicide][liquid] in commercial, residential, and industrial buildings and facilities, in vehicles, and on mold infested items such as counter-tops, tables, furniture, cabinets, appliances (other than food contact surfaces), kitchen and bathroom fixtures, furnishings, hardware, and other non-porous, hard surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drain troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, and hard, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic) and porous surfaces such as wood, tile, grout, drywall, ceiling tile, carpets, upholstery cubical walls, wallpaper, posting boards in buildings and offices. This product is for use in office buildings, homes, institutions such as schools, public buildings, child-care facilities, day-care centers, hospitals, nursing homes, churches, and correctional facilities, warehouses, manufacturing facilities, lodging establishments, retail business, and athletic and recreational facilities.

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):**

When working in mold remediation areas, handlers must wear at a minimum:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Protective eye wear
- Chemical resistant gloves (materials that are chemical-resistant to this product include barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, Viton).

Treatment of areas 10 ft<sup>2</sup> or more, i.e., medium and large areas, may require additional PPE. For the treatment of large areas, i.e., greater than 100 ft<sup>2</sup>, eye goggles, protective garments, and a half-face or full-face respirator mask with a cartridge rated for organic vapors, are recommended. Examples of such respirator masks are 3M Air Purifying Respirators 5000 Series with cartridge/filter approved for organic vapors, Advantage 200 LS Respirator plus cartridges/filters approved for organic vapors, and North 7700 series half mask face-piece with cartridges/filters approved for organic vapors.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. If clothing becomes wet or contaminated with this product's concentrate, dilute with copious amounts of water and handle with care.

### **HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES, WALLBOARD, WOOD AND PAINTED OR SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY OR SEALED CINDER BLOCKS**

For hard, non-porous surfaces, wallboard, wood, and painted or sealed concrete, sealed masonry, or sealed cinder block, one gallon of Peridox Concentrate, after dilution, can treat 6,000-16,000 square feet.

For carpet or textiles, one gallon of Peridox Concentrate can treat 1,200-2,400 square feet. Use the Peridox diluted solution only with adequate ventilation, exhaust the air to the outdoors, and wear appropriate PPE. Avoid contact with other sanitizers, cleaners or organic substances.

**MOLD REMEDIATION:** The Peridox Use Dilution can be used as part of a comprehensive mold remediation program when the following six (6) steps are performed:

- (1) Repair the source of moisture (stop leaks, etc.) to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth such as moisture ingress and high relative humidity and to prevent further mold growth and/or re-growth.
- (2) Set up adequate source containment of room or infected areas where applicable.
- (3) Clean the area/room to remove "fungal" material from surfaces and objects to be treated. Remove and discard or wash with soap and water and treat elsewhere all contaminated materials that are not readily cleanable or treatable in the area.
- (4) Prepare the Peridox Use Dilution as directed on this label.
- (5) Apply Peridox Use Dilution to contaminated surfaces sufficient to maintain wet for **1 minute for hard, non-porous surfaces and 10 minutes for porous surfaces.**
- (6) Remove source containment as appropriate and prepare area for re-use.

The following associations and Internet sites should be consulted for information standards and guidelines for remedial mold and mildew:

IAQA-Indoor Air Quality Association ([www.iaqa.org](http://www.iaqa.org))

EPA-Environmental Protection Agency ([www.epa.gov](http://www.epa.gov))

DOH-New York City Department of Health ([www.health.ny.gov](http://www.health.ny.gov))

IICRC-Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration Certification ([www.iicrc.org](http://www.iicrc.org))

### **Water Damage Remediation**

Remediation is required in situations where mold growth has occurred or materials have been wet for more than 48 hours. Even for materials that are dried within 48 hours, mold growth may have occurred. Note that mold growth will not always occur after 48 hours; this is only a guideline. Consult with local experts and professionals and/or refer to EPA guidance documents such as "Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings", ([www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html](http://www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html)) for more information on how to clean up after water damage.

### **Source Containment**

Source containment is generally necessary only for some medium treatment areas (from 10 to 100 ft<sup>2</sup>), for all large treatment areas (> 100 ft<sup>2</sup>), or in those circumstances where cleaning and treatment may lead to spread of mold contamination to other areas, for example, by traffic, the movement of supplies or equipment, or as airborne contamination, or where it is desirable to contain airborne treatment aerosols, vapors, and mold.

When source containment is used, a half-face or full-face respirator mask with cartridge for organic vapors or other approved respiratory protection must be used. See instructions for MOLD REMEDIATION PPE given on this label.

Set up adequate source containment of room(s) or infected areas. Such containment may comprise one or more layers of plastic sheeting (e.g., polyethylene sheet), tape, or other physical barriers to the spread of contamination, cleaning solutions, or treatment solution. In many cases, a contained entry/egress area



is recommended between uncontaminated areas and the contaminated area to be treated so that PPE, materials, and equipment can be treated or cleaned to avoid the spread of contamination.

### **Cleaning**

Clean the area/room to remove "fungal" material from surfaces and objects to be treated. Remove and discard or wash and treat elsewhere all contaminated materials that are not readily cleanable or treatable in the area. Cleaning procedures and methods depend on the size of the area and the type of material to be treated. For heavy mold infestations, it may be desirable to use Peridox Use Dilution for cleaning prior to treatment. Specific directions and recommendations are provided in this label. Contaminated materials removed from the area to be treated must be placed in a suitable, well-sealed container or bag, e.g., a well-sealed plastic bag, for removal and disposal by means consistent with applicable regulations. The outside of the containers or bags should be treated with Peridox Use Dilution to kill mold and to prevent spread of contamination.

Select a method appropriate to the situation. Methods for cleaning specific types of materials are provided in this label. Since molds gradually destroy the things they grow on, if mold growth has not been addressed promptly, some items may be damaged such that cleaning will not restore their original appearance. If mold growth is heavy and items are valuable or important, you may wish to consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert. Please note that these are guidelines.

### **Prepare the Peridox Use Dilution**

Mix 26 oz. Peridox Concentrate per 1 gallon of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) in a plastic container with adequate capacity. Recommended are high density polyethylene (HDPE) containers. Metal containers made of other than 300- series stainless steel alloy are not recommended. The dilution should be performed in a well-ventilated area and appropriate PPE must be used. Precautions must be taken for dealing with spilled concentrate. See Precautionary Statements, First Aid instructions, and Storage and Disposal instructions given in this label.

### **Application of Peridox Use Dilution**

Apply Peridox Use Dilution directly to contaminated surfaces in sufficient amount to maintain wet for **1 minute for hard, non-porous surfaces and 10 minutes for porous surfaces**. Application may be made by spraying, wiping with a clean cloth or sponge that is wet with Peridox Use Dilution, pouring, mopping, or brushing. Specific methods are provided in this label according to the size of the area and materials to be treated.

### **Remove source containment**

After air drying of the treated surfaces, remove source containment as appropriate and prepare the area for re-use. Dispose of all removed materials and left-over Peridox Use Dilution in a manner consistent with applicable regulations and the STORAGE and DISPOSAL instructions of this label.

**Directions are provided in the following sections of this label for treatment of SMALL AREAS, MEDIUM AREAS, and LARGE AREAS.**

### **DIRECTIONS FOR SMALL AREAS – Total Surface Area Affected Less Than 10 Square Feet**

The following four (4) steps identified in this section should always be followed.

Please note Step 1 for *Containment of the Affected Materials* should always be followed. Steps 2, 3 and 4 for pre-cleaning surfaces and the preparation and application of the Peridox Use Dilution will vary depending on the type of material being treated. Detailed instructions for the treatment of each type of material are provided in this section.

**STEP 1      Containment of Affected Materials**

For small areas, containment of the affected materials is generally not needed.

**STEP 2      Pre-clean the Surfaces**

**For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES; WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board); WOOD SURFACES; and PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK surfaces, follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in this section.**

**HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES**

This product kills *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drains, troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic).

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert. Remove visible mold growth by one of the following methods:

- Method 1 Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or Peridox Use Dilution, scrub as needed.
- Method 2 High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

**WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board)**

Cleaning Methods: After the material has been thoroughly dried and prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

- Method 1 Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.
- Method 2 Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution. Dispose of the cleaning cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

**WOOD SURFACES**

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area to remove visible mold growth by using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

- Method 1 Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.
- Method 2 Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water, Peridox Use Dilution, or a wood floor cleaner; scrub as needed.

Method 3 High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

**PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK**

Do not treat unpainted or unsealed concrete, unsealed masonry, or unsealed cinder block with this product. Adequate application of this product and effective treatment of such materials is generally not practical.

Cleaning Methods: For painted or sealed concrete, sealed masonry, or sealed cinder block, after thorough drying and prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1 Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.

Method 2 Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution. Dispose of the cleaning cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

**For CARPET (i.e., loop pile: 94% BCF Olefin/6% Nylon; backing: woven polypropylene) and TEXTILES follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in this section.**

Successful treatment of carpet and textiles requires that cleaning removes sufficient visible mold growth and that the material can be thoroughly moistened by the Peridox Use Dilution. Heavily mold infested carpet and textiles are difficult to adequately clean. If the carpet or textile is not readily accessible for application of Peridox Use Dilution to obtain thorough wetting, the carpet or textile must be removed and discarded in a manner consistent with applicable regulations and instructions given in this label.

Spot test an inconspicuous area of carpet with the Peridox Use Dilution to ensure that the carpet dyes will not 'bleed' or fade and staining will not occur.

Cleaning Methods: For small spots of heavy mold growth, wipe, brush, or sponge with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution to remove mold growth. Dry carpets within 24 hours to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth. To assist the drying process, the use of fans, dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation are encouraged. Please consult with your local county extension office or EPA, ([www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html](http://www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html)) for more information.

After thorough drying, the carpet or textile should be vacuumed thoroughly, and the vacuum cleaner bag discarded in a well-sealed plastic bag or container. In general, the carpet or textile will be in an area with other materials, which must also be cleaned and then treated with Peridox Use Dilution as part of a comprehensive area cleaning and treatment.

**STEP 3 Prepare the Peridox Use Dilution**

After the surfaces are thoroughly cleaned with one of the above methods, prepare a Use Dilution solution by mixing 26 oz. Peridox Concentrate per 1 gallon of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) according to the directions on this label.

**STEP 4 Apply Peridox Use Dilution to the Affected Surfaces**

**For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES; WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board); WOOD SURFACES; and PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK surfaces:**

Apply by wiping, brushing, pouring or spraying the Peridox Use Dilution using smooth back and forth motions to ensure complete coverage of the entire target area. Apply 15-40 ml of Peridox Use Dilution per square meter (0.5-1.4 fl. oz. per square yard). Unpainted drywall may require application of a greater amount of Peridox Use Dilution per area. For painted or sealed concrete, sealed masonry, or sealed cinder block, additional product must be applied if the product is absorbed into the material.

Keep surfaces wet for **1 minute**. If surfaces dry before **1 minute** contact time, re-apply Peridox Use Dilution. After **1 minute** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry.

**CARPETS and TEXTILES:**

Apply by wiping, brushing, pouring or spraying Peridox Use Dilution using smooth back and forth motions to ensure complete coverage of the entire target area.. Apply 100-200 ml of Peridox Use Dilution per square meter (3.4-6.8 fl. oz. per square yard) to carpet. Keep the surfaces wet for **10 minutes**. If the surfaces dry before **10 minutes** contact time, re-apply Peridox Use Dilution.. After **10 minutes** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry before re-entry for re-use.

Note that many carpets and textiles are treated with a stain release or water repellent. Brushing or other means may be necessary to ensure that this product has thoroughly wetted the carpet or textile. Application of Peridox Use Dilution by spraying on top of carpet may not adequately wet carpet pads installed under such carpets. It is recommended that a spot test be performed in which the carpet is lifted after application of Peridox Use Dilution to verify that the product has penetrated the carpet and wetted the carpet pad. If in doubt that the pad has been adequately wetted, remove and dispose of the carpet pad.

**DIRECTIONS FOR MEDIUM AREAS -Total Surface Area Affected From 10 To 100 Square Feet**

The following four (4) steps identified in this section should always be followed.

Please note Step 1 for *Containment of the Affected Materials* should always be followed. Steps 2, 3 and 4 for pre-cleaning surfaces and the preparation and application of the Peridox Use Dilution will vary depending on the type of material being treated. Detailed instructions for the treatment of each type of material are provided in this section.

**STEP 1        Containment of Affected Materials**

When containment is used, respiratory PPE must be used.

If the total amount of Peridox Use Dilution to be applied is less than 500 ml per 10 m<sup>3</sup> (0.13 gal per 13 cubic yards) of space containing the affected surface area and the space is well ventilated with an adjacent space of at least 20 m<sup>3</sup> (approx. 25 cubic yards), then containment may not be necessary.

Otherwise, use polyethylene sheeting ceiling to floor around affected area or at doorway(s) to room. Use a slit entry in the plastic sheeting and a covering flap. Block supply and return air vents within containment area. To avoid spread of the contamination, it is recommended that the containment area be kept under negative pressure with a HEPA filtered fan unit during cleaning and treatment.

Because of the greater application rate of product per area for carpet and textile, if carpet and/or textile are to be treated, then precautions in addition to blocking supply and return air vents must be taken to avoid exhausting fumes from the treatment into occupied spaces unless there is adequate ventilation.

**STEP 2      Pre-clean the Surfaces**

**For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES; WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board); WOOD SURFACES; and PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK surfaces, follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in this section.**

**HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES**

This product kills *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drains, troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic).

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert. Remove visible mold growth by one of the following methods:

Method 1 Damp-wipe surfaces with plain soap and water or Peridox Use Dilution, scrub as needed.

Method 2 High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

**WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board)**

Cleaning Methods: After the material has been thoroughly dried and prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1 Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.

Method 2 Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution. Let air dry or dry with a dry, clean cloth. Dispose of the cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

It is recommended that adjacent ceiling surfaces be cleaned as well as walls. The ceiling should be cleaned first and then the walls. Small portions of wall should be cleaned and then wiped dry with to adjacent portions of wall so that contaminated runoff is minimized. If two persons perform the cleaning, it is recommended that one person wipe with a wet cloth and the other follows and wipes with the drying cloth.

**WOOD SURFACES**

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area to remove visible mold growth by using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1 Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.

Method 2 Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or use a wood floor cleaner; scrub as needed.

- Method 3 High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

**PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK**

Treatment of unpainted or unsealed concrete, unsealed masonry, or unsealed cinder block is not recommended. Adequate application of this product and effective treatment of such materials is generally not practical.

Cleaning Methods: For painted or sealed concrete, sealed masonry, or sealed cinder block, after thorough drying and prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

- Method 1 Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.
- Method 2 Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.
- Method 3 Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution. Dispose of the cleaning cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

**For CARPET (i.e., loop pile: 94% BCF Olefin/6% Nylon; backing: woven polypropylene) and TEXTILES follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in this section.**

Successful treatment of carpet and textiles requires that cleaning removes sufficient visible mold growth and that the material can be thoroughly moistened by Peridox Use Dilution. Heavily mold infested carpet and textiles are difficult to adequately clean. If the carpet or textile is not readily accessible for application of Peridox Use Dilution to obtain thorough wetting, the carpet or textile must be removed and discarded in a manner consistent with applicable regulations and instructions given in this label.

Spot test an inconspicuous area of carpet with Peridox Use Dilution to ensure that the carpet dyes will not 'bleed' or fade and staining will not occur.

Cleaning Methods: For small spots of heavy mold growth, wipe, brush, or sponge with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution to remove mold growth. Dry carpets within 24 hours to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth. To assist the drying process, the use of fans, dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation are encouraged. Please consult with your local county extension office or EPA, ([www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html](http://www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html)) for more information.

After thorough drying, the carpet or textile should be vacuumed thoroughly, and the vacuum cleaner bag discarded in a well-sealed plastic bag or container. In general, the carpet or textile will be in an area with other materials, which must also be cleaned and then treated with Peridox Use Dilution as part of a comprehensive area cleaning and treatment.

**STEP 3 Prepare the Peridox Use Dilution**

After the surfaces are thoroughly cleaned with one of the above methods, prepare a Use Dilution solution by mixing 26 oz. Peridox Concentrate per 1 gallon of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) according to the directions on this label.

**STEP 4 Apply Peridox Use Dilution to the Affected Surfaces**

**For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES; WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board); WOOD SURFACES; and PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK surfaces:**

Apply by wiping, brushing, mopping, pouring or spraying the Peridox Use Dilution using smooth back and forth motions to ensure complete coverage of the entire target area. Apply 15-40 ml of Peridox Use Dilution per square meter (0.5-1.4 fl. oz. per square yard). Unpainted drywall may require application of a greater amount of Peridox Use Dilution per area. For painted or sealed concrete, sealed masonry, or sealed cinder block, additional product must be applied if the product is absorbed into the material.

Keep surfaces wet for **1 minute**. If surfaces dry before **1 minute** contact time, re-apply Peridox Use Dilution. After **1 minute** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry.

**CARPET and TEXTILES:**

Apply by wiping, brushing, mopping, pouring or spraying Peridox Use Dilution using smooth back and forth motions to ensure complete coverage of the entire target area. Apply 100-200 ml of Peridox Use Dilution per square meter (3.4-6.8 fl. oz. per square yard) to carpet. Keep the surfaces wet for **10 minutes**. If the surfaces dry before **10 minutes** contact time, re-apply Peridox Use Dilution. After **10 minutes** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry before re-entry for re-use.

Note that many carpets and textiles are treated with a stain release or water repellent. Brushing or other means may be necessary to ensure that this product has thoroughly wetted the carpet or textile. Application of Peridox Use Dilution by spraying on top of carpet may not adequately wet carpet pads installed under such carpets. It is recommended that a spot test be performed in which the carpet is lifted after application of Peridox Use Dilution to verify that the product has penetrated the carpet and wetted the carpet pad. If in doubt that the pad has been adequately wetted, remove and dispose of the carpet pad.

After treatment, air dry carpet and textiles or use fans, dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation to assist in the drying.

**DIRECTIONS FOR LARGE AREAS -Total Surface Area Affected Greater Than 100 Square Feet or Potential for Increased Occupant or Remediator Exposure during Remediation is Estimated to be Significant**

Special procedures and training are required for remediation of moldy areas larger than 100 square feet. Consult guidelines for remediation of large areas established by the Indoor Air Quality Association ([www.iaqa.org](http://www.iaqa.org)) and the US Environmental Protection Agency ([www.epa.gov](http://www.epa.gov)). An excellent reference is the New York City Department of Health publication, "Guidelines on Assessment and Remediation of Fungi in Indoor Environments." An excellent guide for professional mold remediation is available from the Institute of Inspection, Cleaning and Restoration Certification (IICRC). Standard S520 is based upon reliable remediation and restoration techniques, and combines academic principles with practical elements of water damage restoration. Where structural members and/or contents have been exposed to water in excess of 24 hours, there is a possibility of extensive microbial growth that may be hidden. In such a case a complete assessment and remediation plan must be prepared that provides for user and occupant safety and documentation and monitoring of the remediation process. IICRC S520 contains excellent

guidance for such a plan. Before conducting remediation of large projects, you should be knowledgeable of these guidelines and follow their recommendations.

In the absence of access to the guidance and standards identified, the user should refer to the following information taken from U.S. EPA's guide: Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings (March 2001). These guidelines are based on the area and type of material affected by water damage and/or mold growth. Please note that these are guidelines; some professionals may prefer other cleaning methods.

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for treatment of large areas**

Gloves, disposable full body clothing, head gear, foot coverings, full-face respirator with HEPA filter are the recommended personal protective equipment.

Use professional judgment to determine prudent levels of PPE and containment for each situation, particularly as the remediation site size increases and the potential for exposure and health effects rises. Assess the need for increased PPE if, during the remediation, more extensive contamination is encountered than was expected. These guidelines are for damage caused by clean water. If you know or suspect that the water source is contaminated with sewage, or chemical or biological pollutants, then the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requires PPE and containment. An experienced professional should be consulted if you and/or your remediators do not have expertise in remediating contaminated water situations.

The following four (4) steps identified below should always be followed.

Please note Step 1 for *Containment of the Affected Materials* should always be followed. Steps 2, 3 and 4 for pre-cleaning surfaces and the preparation and application of the Peridox Use Dilution will vary depending on the type of material being treated. Detailed instructions for the treatment of each type of material are provided in the following sections.

### **STEP 1            Containment of Affected Materials**

When containment is used, respiratory PPE must be used.

Use professional judgment and consider the potential for remediator and occupant exposure and size of contaminated area.

Use two layers of fire-retardant polyethylene sheeting with one airlock chamber. Maintain area under negative pressure with HEPA filtered fan exhausted outside of building. Block supply and return air vents within containment area.

### **Testing before and after remediation**

For large areas, testing must be performed prior to and after remediation to validate the success of the treatment. A commonly used method is air sampling and analysis for viable and dead mold spores. Seek professional advice on how to perform such sampling and where to have samples analyzed.



**STEP 2 Pre-clean the Surfaces**

**For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES; WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board); WOOD SURFACES; and PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK surfaces, follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions as provided in this section.**

**HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES**

This product kills *Aspergillus niger* on hard, non-porous surfaces such as floors, tabletops, benchtops, drains, troughs, drip pans, desks, locker room benches, non-porous bath mats (e.g., rubber or plastic).

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert. Remove visible mold growth by one of the following methods:

Method 1 Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or Peridox Use Dilution, scrub as needed.

Method 2 High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

**WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board)**

Cleaning Methods: After the material has been thoroughly dried and prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1 Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEP A vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.

Method 2 Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution. Let air dry or dry with a dry, clean cloth. Dispose of the cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

It is recommended that adjacent ceiling surfaces be cleaned as well as walls. The ceiling should be cleaned first and then the walls. Small portions of wall should be cleaned and then wiped dry prior to proceeding to adjacent portions of wall so that contaminated runoff is minimized. If two persons perform the cleaning, it is recommended that one person wipe with a wet cloth and the other follows and wipes with the drying cloth.

**WOOD SURFACES**

Cleaning Methods: Prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution clean the affected area to remove visible mold growth by using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

Method 1 Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.

Method 2 Damp-wipe surfaces with plain water or use a wood floor cleaner; scrub as needed.

Method 3 High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum after the material has been thoroughly dried. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in well-sealed plastic bags.

**PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK**

Do not treat unpainted or unsealed concrete, unsealed masonry, or unsealed cinder block with this product. Adequate application of this product and effective treatment of such materials is generally not practical.

Cleaning Methods: For painted or sealed concrete, sealed masonry, or sealed cinder block, after thorough drying and prior to applying Peridox Use Dilution, clean the affected area using one of the following methods or consult a restoration/water damage/remediation expert:

- Method 1 Wet vacuum and allow to air dry or dry with a cloth. The vacuum and cloth must be treated as contaminated items.
- Method 2 Use a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) vacuum to remove particulate from the wall. Dispose of the contents of the HEPA vacuum in a well-sealed plastic bag.
- Method 3 Wipe the wall with a clean cloth wetted with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution. Dispose of the cleaning cloth in a well-sealed plastic bag.

**For CARPET (i.e., loop pile: 94% BCF Olefin/6% Nylon; backing: woven polypropylene) and TEXTILES follow the appropriate pre-cleaning and application instructions provided in this section.**

Successful treatment of carpet and textiles requires that cleaning removes sufficient visible mold growth and that the material can be thoroughly moistened by Peridox Use Dilution. Heavily mold infested carpet and textiles are difficult to adequately clean. If the carpet or textile is not readily accessible for application of Peridox Use Dilution to obtain thorough wetting, the carpet or textile must be removed and discarded in a manner consistent with applicable regulations and instructions given in this label.

Spot test an inconspicuous area of carpet with Peridox Use Dilution to ensure that the carpet dyes will not 'bleed' or fade and staining will not occur.

Cleaning Methods: For small spots of heavy mold growth, wipe, brush, or sponge with clean water or Peridox Use Dilution to remove mold growth. Dry carpets within 24 hours to eliminate conditions favorable to mold growth. To assist the drying process, the use of fans, dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation are encouraged. Please consult with your local county extension office or EPA, ([www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html](http://www.epa.gov/mold/moldresources.html)) for more information.

After thorough drying, the carpet or textile should be vacuumed thoroughly, and the vacuum cleaner bag discarded in a well-sealed plastic bag or container. In general, the carpet or textile will be in an area with other materials, which must also be cleaned and then treated with Peridox Use Dilution as part of a comprehensive area cleaning and treatment.

**STEP 3 Prepare the Peridox Use Dilution**

After the surfaces are thoroughly cleaned with one of the above methods, prepare a Use Dilution solution by mixing 26 oz. Peridox Concentrate per 1 gallon of water (up to 250 ppm hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) according to the directions on this label.

**STEP 4 Apply Peridox Use Dilution to the Affected Surfaces**

**For HARD, NON-POROUS SURFACES; WALLBOARD (drywall and gypsum board); WOOD SURFACES; and PAINTED or SEALED CONCRETE, SEALED MASONRY, or SEALED CINDER BLOCK surfaces:**

Apply by wiping, brushing, mopping, pouring or spraying the Peridox Use Dilution using smooth back and forth motions to ensure complete coverage of the entire target area. Apply 25-40 ml of Peridox Use Dilution per square meter (0.5-1.4 fl. oz. per square yard). Unpainted drywall may require application of a greater amount of Peridox Use Dilution per area. For painted or sealed concrete, masonry, or cinder block, additional product must be applied if the product is absorbed into the material.

Keep the surfaces wet for **1 minute**. Re-apply Peridox Use Dilution if the surfaces dry before **1 minute** contact time. After **1 minute** contact time, remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry.

**CARPET and TEXTILES:**

Apply by wiping, brushing, mopping, pouring or by spraying the Peridox Use Dilution using smooth back and forth motions to cover the entire target area to ensure complete coverage, nominally apply 100-200 ml of Peridox Use Dilution per square meter (3.4 -6.8 fl. oz. per square yard) to carpet.

Keep the surfaces wet for **10 minutes**. Re-apply Peridox Use Dilution to the surfaces if the surfaces dry before **10 minutes** contact time; then remove solution and entrapped soil with a dry, clean cloth or allow to air dry before re-entry for re-use.

Note that many carpets and textiles are treated with a stain release or water repellent. Brushing or other means may be necessary to ensure that this product has thoroughly wetted the carpet or textile. Application of Peridox Use Dilution by spraying on top of wall-to-wall carpet may not adequately wet carpet pads installed under such carpets. It is recommended that a spot test be performed in which the carpet is lifted after application of Peridox Use Dilution to verify that the product has penetrated the carpet and wetted the carpet pad. If in doubt that the pad has been adequately wetted, remove and dispose of the carpet pad.

After treatment, air dry carpet and textiles or use fans, dehumidifiers, heaters or other methods of ventilation to assist in the drying.

The Following Language is Intended to be Used in Accordance With the US EPA “Guidance to Registrants: Process For Making Claims Against Emerging Viral Pathogens Not On EPA-Registered Disinfectant Labels”

**Emerging Viral Pathogens**

This product qualifies for emerging viral pathogen claims per the EPA’s ‘Guidance to Registrants: Process for Making Claims Against Emerging Viral Pathogens not on EPA-Registered Disinfectant Labels’ when used in accordance with the appropriate use directions indicated below.

This product meets the criteria to make claims against certain emerging viral pathogens from the following viral categories:

- Enveloped Viruses
- Large Non-Enveloped Viruses
- Small Non-Enveloped Viruses

<i>For an emerging viral pathogen that is a/an...</i>	<i>...follow the directions for use for the following organisms on the label:</i>
Enveloped virus	One of the following: Norovirus (Feline Calicivirus as surrogate), ATCC VR-782 Rhinovirus, ATCC VR-338
Large, non-enveloped virus	One of the following: Norovirus (Feline Calicivirus as surrogate), ATCC VR-782 Rhinovirus, ATCC VR-338
Small, non-enveloped virus	Norovirus (Feline Calicivirus as surrogate), ATCC VR-782 Rhinovirus, ATCC VR-338

[Product name] has demonstrated effectiveness against viruses similar to [name of emerging virus] on hard, non-porous surfaces. Therefore, [product name] can be used against [name of emerging virus] when used in accordance with the directions for use against Norovirus (Feline Calicivirus as surrogate) ATCC VR-782 and Rhinovirus, ATCC VR-338 on hard, non-porous surfaces. Refer to the [CDC or OIE] website at [pathogen-specific website address] for additional information.

[Name of illness/outbreak] is caused by [name of emerging virus]. [Product name] kills similar viruses and therefore can be used against [name of emerging virus] when used in accordance with the directions for use against Norovirus (Feline Calicivirus as surrogate) ATCC VR-782 and Rhinovirus, ATCC VR-338 on hard, non-porous surfaces. Refer to the [CDC or OIE] website at [website address] for additional information.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**STORAGE:** Store in original containers in a cool, dry area, away from direct sunlight. Do not allow product to become overheated in storage. This may cause increased degradation of the product, which will decrease product effectiveness. In case of spill, flood area with large quantities of water.

**DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of onsite or at an approved waste disposal facility.

### CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

{One gal. or smaller container} If empty, wrap container and put in trash or offer for recycling, if available. If partly filled, call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions.

{Larger than 1 gal. container} Triple rinse (or equivalent) prior to disposal. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## WARRANTY

This material is safe and effective under the conditions of application as specified in the Directions for Use. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the manufacturer shall not be liable for improper application or use of this product beyond those purposes referred to in the Directions for Use. NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY IS MADE.