

## BRUSH AND WEED CONTROL (Low Volatile)

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

\*Isoactyl Ester of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid
\*\*Isoactyl Ester of 2-(2,4-dichlerophenoxy) propionic

32.10%

Acid
INERT INGREDIENTS:

32.20% 35.70%

-0-41

100,00%

\*2,4-dichlorophenaxyocetic Acid Equivalent 21.3%, 1.83 lbs./cul.
\*\*2-(2,4-dichlorophenaxy) propionic Acid Equivalent 21.8%, 1.87 lbs./gal.

\*\*Isomer Specific by AOAC Method No. 6-D01.5

## CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
See Side Panel For Additional Precautionary Statements.

## ONLY FOR SALE TO, USE AND STORAGE BY LAWNCARE, LANDSCAPING PERSONNEL, AGRICULTURAL, PROFESSIONAL AND SERVICE PERSONS.

GENERAL INFORMATION

LAWNS AND OTHER ORNAMENTAL TURF GRASS AREAST. This product is recommended for control of broadleaf weeds in lawns and similar turf areas. This treatment may injure bentgress, St. Augustinegross, continuousses, corpetaress and newly seeded lawns. If necessary to control weeds in such turf, use half the recommended rate in chart and repeat application in 2 to 3 weeks. Do not use on bentgress greats or tees.

The following is a partial list of woods controlled in turf by this product.

MORE SUSCEPTIBLE WEEDS: Dencellen Black modic Chlobwoods Little sterwort Planteins (narrew \*English dalay Buttercup (common mouseer) Hankle Omelia or buckhom; broadloof) Cudwood Clovers (weed serrel) Ground Lvy Source Knotwood \*Treet in spring and again in fall. LESS SUSCEPTIBLE WEEDS: Bindwood Falsedondellon Wild cerror Kechie Planed Vervein Deck Fleabane Lambaguartera Peerlee Vertch Wild lettuce Florido puel ex Eveningerimrose Mailow Rogweed Violet

This product is NOT offective on parantial varantees or an wood grasses .

BRUSH CONTROL ON UTILITY RIGHT-OF-WAY, ALONG HIGHWAYS AND SOLID STANDS OF OAK OR ELMs. This product is specifically designed for utilities and other industrial users to control woody plants. This product elso controls many nextous perennial woods on uncompand land, such as along highways and drainage disch banks.

Red olm Alder Brembies Goeseberry Osese erense Smec Ash Buck bru sh Red maple Sycamore Hemieck Palmette Elderberry A spen Tulip poplar Wild charry Salmanbarry Green brier Pine Blech EI. Sand Seasbruch G. Polson Ivy Blackberry Comothus Wild grape Heney av chile Serviceberry Pelson sak Black charry Chamise William Shinnery eak Lacust Poplar Block och ach Coffeeberry Winged elm Man san I to Snewberry Red elder Black lecust Current Yerbe sante Maple Service (and many ether Box older apocies)

NOTE: Lecal conditions and application regulations vary and may affect use of this herbicide. Consult local agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialists and state regulatory agencies for recommendations in your area.

NOTE: When stored at temperatures below freezing, it may be necessary to warm contents to 45° F and mix shoreughly before using.

HET CONTENTS

E.P.A. REG. NO. 8123-107 E.P.A. EST. NO. 8123-1L-1

BATCH NO.

SOLD BY

FRANK MILLER & SONS, INC 13831 5 Envirol Demonde Chicago, Illnois 60627 3

SWK-11 (4/84)

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMA CAUTION: Hamiful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avaid contact with eyes, skin or clathing. Avoid breathing spray mist. In case of centact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention. Wash exposed akin gently with plenty of soop and water. If awallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vemiting occurs spontaneously, keep alreay clean. Never give onlything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

De NOT apply directly to water. De NOT contamnine water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do NOT contaminate irrigation ditches ar water used for domestic purposes. This product is taxic to fish. Use care to avoid spray contact or drift to 2,4-D susceptible plants such as cotton, tomataes, flowers, grapes, fruit trees and arnamentals. Do NOT permit spray mist containing this product to drift onto them, since even very small quantities of the spray, which may not be visible, can cause severe injury during both growing and dormant periods. Do NOT spray when the wind is blowing towards susceptible crops or ornamental plants. Use coarse sprays to minimize drift. Spray drift can be lessened by keeping the spray boom as low as possible by applying 20 gallons or more spray per acre: by using no more than 20 pounds spraying pressure with flat for or flooding flat fan nozzle tips; by spraying when wind velocity is low; and by stapping. all apraying when wind exceeds 6 to 7 miles per hour. Do NOT apply with hollow constype insecticide or other nozzles that produce a fine droplet apray. Although this product is much less volatile than butyl or isopropy: esters, at high temperatures (above 95° F.) vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants growing nearby. Do NOT use in a greenhouse. Flush sprayer out on suitable non-crop area after use. Do NOT use the same apray equipment for applying other materials to 2,4-D susceptible crops as injury may result.

NOTE: Do NOT graze dairy animals on treated great within 6 weeks after epplication.

De HOT graze meat animals on treated areas within 2 weeks of aloughter.

Road entire label before using this product.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

be take violation of Federal law to use this product in a manager Constant with its labeling.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. \$TORAGE: De not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not stack more then four drums high. Drums should be opened in well ventilated areas. Leaking or damaged drams should be placed in overpack drams for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in nawdust or sand and disposed of In a conitary landfill. Keep container closed when not n use. Store away from other posticides, fortilizer, food and food.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Posticide wastes are taxic. Improper disposal of excess posticide, spray mixture, or ringgrais a violation of Faderal Lew. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to labels Instructions, contact your State Posticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hexardous Waste representative at your EPA Regional

Office for guidence.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rings (or equivalent). Then effer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

PREPARATION OF THE SPRAY: Fill the spray tank with helf the required executed execute of water, then add the recommended amount of this herbicide enytime broadfeet weeds are growing actively. Dendelian, plantain, wood serral and clovers ere best treated in the fall or in spring before flower heads develop. Winter weeds such as ablahweeds and henbit should be treated in early spring.

LAWMS: Summer weeds such as axelis, knotweed and spurges should be sprayed when they are small. In areas with extended growing seasons, such as California, treatment in both spring and fall may be needed to control more realistant special. Lawns to be ever-seeded in the fall should be treated at least 4 weeks before the planned seeding date. Reinfall () 4 inch or more) or irrigation should follow treatments. Fell-seeded lawns may be treated the following spring.

facet twice, generally \$ is 10 weeks after seeding, depending an germination pid greet mis.

aring-seeded leams may be readed after, the grosses have sprouted and been cut

C 3

shed lawns, fall treatment fits into a good turf management program. Proper tization and the wints should be combined with chemical weed control to thicken the turn after weeds have died and to discourage more weeds from invading. invading.
HOSE ATTACHED SPRAYERS (LAWNS MODELS): Use 1/2 tablespoons of this

herbicide diluted with water to the Joto 5 gallon mark on the sprayer jar for each " 500 square feet (25' x 20') of laws area to be sprayed. Adjust water pressure so that spray streams about 10 - 15 feet with no misting.

Herbicide	AMOUNTS TO USE		
	Arba Chranad	· . · . · . · · ·	Water Valume
15 02.	1,000%5. A.	•••	1 001.
Boz.	5,000 sq. ft.		Spela.
l pt.	10,000 mg. ft.		10 gals.
2 gts.	40,000 sq. ft.		40 gels.

This product may be used as a weedly plant herbicide for control of many naxious perennial weeds on nen-cropland such as along highways and drainage disches. FOLIAGE STEM TREATMENT: This is the standard method for high-volume sprays along fence rews, highways and rights-of-way. Use as a first spray on thick brush composed of mixed species. Apply to both stems and foliage from the time folioge is completely motured until the plants atort to go dormant.

All leaves, stems and suckers must be completely wet to the ground line for effective control. Some regrowth may be anticipated on the more resistant species. such as oak, maple and ash. Add I to 15 gallons of this product to 100 gallons of water using 200 to 600 gallons of apray mixture per acre, depending upon the height and thickness of the brush. Mix thoroughly before spraying.

BASAL BARK TREATMENT: Thoroughly was the base and root collar of all stems until the spray accumulated around the root callar at the ground line. This eprey may be applied during any season. Use this product for basel bank treetment on scattered brush or as a second spray application on species resistent to first folloge application. Mix 3 to 4 gallons of this product in 100 gallons of alk Apply with a low-valume sprayer or power equipment. Application rate will de-

pend on species present, season applied and valume of spray used. Use a coarse serey to avoid drift.

MODIFIED BASAL TREATMENT: Drench the base of plents, then wet the lewer 4/3 of remaining stems and leaves thoroughly to run-off. Apply treatment when brush is in full foliage. This method can be applied where susceptible species have been controlled by prior strays and more resistant species, such as maple and eak, remain. Seeking the base of the plant and watting ass stoms to run-off is absolutely necessary for complete control.

EARLY SEASON SPRAYING: Add 1 to 1% gallons of this product to 10 gallons of diesel oil and thoroughly mix. Add this mixture to 89 gallens of water. DURING DRY WEATHER OR THE LATTER PART OF SPRAYING SEASON: Add 11/2 gallens of this product to 16 gallons of diesel oil and mix theroughly. Add mixture to 83% gallens of water and agitate theroughly before use to Insure uniform

mixing. Do NOT allow mixture to stend more than I hour after mixing. CUT SURFACE TREATMENT: STUMPS: This treatment may be used enythme of the year; however, it is more effective when applied as guickly as possible after trees are cut. Spray the entire stump, aspecially exposed roots and berk. A complete socking is essential for affective control. Use this procedure efter original or capital removal. It is the first step towards a chemical brush control program on newly cleared highways and rights-of-way. The spray is most effective and profitable on stumps 3 to 4 inches or larger. Mix 3 to 4 gallons of this product in 100 gallons of all. Applications should be made with a low-

valume knopseck sprayer using a solid cone shaped neggle of medium erifica. FRILL: Make a frill using an exe to cut overlapping Y-shaped notches in a continuous ring, and cut around the trunk near its base. Cut through the bark, but so not remove the chips. This method is recommended for all trees 5 to 6 inches in diameter and larger. Freshly out fills can be treated enytime of the year. Mix 3 to 4 gallens of this product in 100 gallons of all. Pour in as much of the mixture as the frills will held without westing the chemical.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES: Seller warre a that this material conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use and Buyer essumes the risk of any use contrary to such directions. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, INCLUDING ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR OF MERCHANTA-BILITY AND NO AGENT OF SELLER IS AUTHORIZED TO DO SO EXCEPT IN WRITING WITH A SPECIFIC REFERENCE TO THIS WARRANTY. In no event shall Saller's liability for any breach of warranty exceed the purchase price of

the meterial as to which a claim is made.