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US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF PESTICIDES PROGRAMS REGISTRATION DIVISION (75-767) WASHINGTON, DC 20460	EPA REGISTRATION NO. 2548-82 TERM OF ISSUANCE NOV 2 1 1994
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: REGISTRATION (Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,	MAME OF PESTICIDE PRODUCT Max Kill Carbon Dioxide
and Rodenticide Act, as amended)	
NAME AND ADDRESS OF REGISTRANT (Include ZIP code)	
r.	7 675
Research Products Company P.O. Box 1460 Salina, KS 67402-1460	5477112 613
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NOTE: Changes in labeling formula differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in comparce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above U.S. EPA registration number.	
On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby Registered/Reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.	
A copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Registration/Reregistration is returned herewith.	
Registration is in no way to be construed as an indorsement or approval of this product by this Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pest- icide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.	
Based on your response to the Reregistration Lligibility Document, EPA has reregistered the product listed above. Enclosed is a copy of your label stamped "Accepted". This action is taken under the authority of section 4(g)(2)(C) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended. Reregistration under this section does not eliminate the need for continual reassessment of pesticides. EPA may require submission of data at any time to maintain the registration of your product.	
Make the revisions specific final labeling for this product	ed below before you print the
<ol> <li>On Page 2 under "General Use Instructions", add a list of specific raw agricultural commodities on which the product may be used.</li> </ol>	
2. Under "Placarding", change "(b)" as follows:	
the signal word, "DANGER/PELIGRO" and the skull and crossbones symbol, must be on the placard,	
,	
ATTACHMENT IS APPLIE	

EPA Form 8570-6 (Rev. 5-76)

SIGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICE

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PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED UNTIL SUPPLY IS EXHAUSTED. 4US GPD 1982 312-018/00303

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The third source listed on your 10/8/93 Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF) is suspended. You can only purchase additional material from this source after the Agency has lifted this suspension. Your other two sources are acceptable.

Submit one copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Refer to the A-79 Fnclosure for a further description of final printed labeling.

**Registrants** may sell or distribute products bearing old labeling for one year after the date of this Notice. Nonregistrants may sell or distribute products bearing old labeling for three years after the date of this Notice.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records.

Robert A. Forrest Product Manager (14) Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (H7504C)

Enclosures: 1. Stamped label 2. A-79 Enclosure

Peacock WP#5:A:2548-82.CO2:305-5407,-6600:11/21/94

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MAX KILL(R)

## CARBON DIOXIDE

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POUNDS

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## WARNING

# EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SUFFOCATION AND DEATH

## STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

<u>IF INHALED</u>: Remove to fresh air immediately. Keep victim lying down and warm. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call physician immediately.

<u>WARNING</u>: May be fatal if inhaled. Do not breathe vapor. For handling activities in enclosed areas during and after fumigation, use either a supplied-air respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number TC-19C or a selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with MSHA/NIOSH approval number TC-13F.

<u>AERATION</u>: After fumigation, aerate treated areas until the level of CO2, as measured by a direct reading detection device suitable for use with carbon dioxide is <u>below 5,000 ppm</u>. Examples of such equipment are the Draeger bellows style pump and its detector tube number CH 23501 (0.1-6 Vol. %). The Matheson-Kitagawa piston style sampling pump and tubes 126SB (0.05-1.0%) or 126SH (1-20%) may also be used. Instructions are enclosed with each purchase.

<u>RE-ENTRY</u> (below 5,000 ppm CO<sub>2</sub>): If CO2 levels are below 5,000 ppm, persons may re-enter the treated area without respiratory protection.

<u>RE-ENTRY</u> (5,000 ppm - 30,000 ppm  $CO_2$ ): If CO2 levels are between 5,000 and 30,000 ppm, persons may re-enter the treated area without respiratory protection for <u>15 minutes or less</u>. For periods <u>longer than 15 minutes</u>, persons must wear the respiratory protection device specified above under WARNING.

<u>RE-ENTRY</u> (over 30,000 ppm CO<sub>2</sub>): If CO2 levels are over 30,000 ppm CO2, persons must always wear the respiratory protection device specified above under WARNING.

EPA REG. NO. 2548-82

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MANUFACTURED FOR

RESEARCH PRODUCTS COMPANY DIV. OF MCSHARES, INC. SALINA, KANSAS 67401

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## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

#### General Use Instructions

All stored raw and processed agricultural commodities may be treated. This product can be used to fumigate all facilities that process, store, transport or otherwise handle the above commodities. These facilities may be funigated whether or not they contain any commodity. The following are examples of facilities that may be treated: trailers, rail cars, ship holds, barges, granaries, bins, tarped storage, warehouses, elevator facilities, cereal grain processing plants, feed and seed facilities, other food processing and storage facilities, funigation chambers and other sealable enclosures. It is effective against virtually all species and life stages of stored product insects. Types of insects that may be treated are: moths, weevils, cadelle, cereal leaf beetle, cigarette beetle, flour beetles, dermestid beetles, dried fruit beetle, flat grain beetle, rusty grain beetle, fruit fly, other flies, grain borers, pink bollworm, saw-toothed grain beetle, spider beetles, meal worms, roaches, silverfish, spiders, crickets, and mites.

#### Training

All persons working with this product should be knowledgeable of the hazards of this chemical and trained in the use of required respirator equipment, detector devices, emergency procedures and use of the product. When used for fumigation of enclosed spaces, two persons familiar with the use of this product must be present during introduction of the fumigant, initiation of aeration and after aeration when testing for reentry. Two persons do not need to be present if monitoring is conducted remotely (outside of area being funigated).

## Placarding

The applicator sust placard or post all entrances to the funigated area with signs conforming to the following requirements:

(a) The sign shall be at least 14 inches by 16 inches in size, and the letters shall be at least 1 inch in height unless a smaller sign is necessary because the treated area is to small to accommodate a sign of this size. Letters shall be clearly legible.

BEST AVAILABLE CO

- (b) the signal word, WARNING/AVISO.
- (c) the statement, "Area under fumigation, DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE.",

(d) the date of funigation.

(e) the name of the funigant (carbon dioxide), and

(f) name, address and telephone number of the applicator or pesticide handler must be on the placard.

These signs must be posted at eye level and must be visible from all visible points of entry to the treated area. They must remain posted during application and throughout the restricted entry interval until the concentration of carbon dioxide is at or below the 5,000 ppm. Each separate treated area (i.e., boxcar, silo, ship container, etc.) must be posted or placarded with this sign.

The applicator or person responsible for monitoring levels of carbon dioxide may remove the placard when the concentration of carbon dioxide is at or below 5,000 ppm.

Application Directions Purge funigation enclosure to 60% carbon dioxide. A minimum of 2 days exposure is recommended for adult insects and a minimum of 4 days is recommended for all other life stages. In many cases, concentrations should be monitored during the funigation and carbon dioxide added as needed to maintain the 60% concentration. Do not funigate if insects are exposed to less than 40 degrees F. Funigation temperatures of over 60 degrees F. are desired.

#### Trucks and Trailers

Treat as above. Do not move trucks or trailers over public roads during treatment. They must be aerated before movement is allowed.

## Shipboard, In Transit Ship or Ship Hold Funigation

## INPORTANT

Shipboard, in transit ship or ship hold fumigation is also governed by U.S. Coast Guard regulations. Refer to and couply with these regulations prior to funigation.

#### Pre-funigation Procedures

1. Prior to fumigating a vessel for in transit cargo fumigation, the master of the vessel or his representative and the funigator must determine whether the vessel is suitably designed so as to allow for safe occupancy by the ship's brew throughout the duration of the funigation. If it is determined that the design and configuration of the vessel does not allow for safe occupancy by the ship's crew throughout the duration of the funigation, then the vessel will flot be funigated unless all crew members are removed from the vessel. The crew members will not be allowed to re-occupy the vessel until the vessel has been properly aerated and determination has been made by the master of the vessel and the furrigator that the vessel is safe for occupancy.

2. The person responsible for the funigation must notify the master of the vessel, or his representative, of the requirements relating to personal protection equipment, detection equipment and that a person qualified in the use of this equipment must accompany the vessel with cargo under funigation. Emergency procedures, cargo ventilation, periodic monitoring and inspections, and first aid measures must be discussed with and understood by the master of the vessel or his representative.

3. During the funigation or until a manned vessel leaves port or the cargo is aerated, the person in charge of the funigation shall insure that a qualified person using gas or vapor detection equipment tests spaces adjacent to spaces containing funigated cargo and all regularly occupied spaces for funigation leakage. If leakage of the funigant is detected, the person in charge of the funigation shall take action to correct the leakage or shall inform the master of the vessel, or his representative, of the leakage so that corrective action can be taken.

4. If the funigation is not completed and the vessel aerated before the manned vessel leaves port, the person in charge of the vessel shall insure that at least two units of personal protection equipment and one gas or vapor detection device and a person qualified in their operation be on board the vessel during the voyage.

# Precautions and Procedures During Voyage

Using appropriate gas detection equipment, monitor spaces adjacent to areas containing funigated cargo and all regularly occupied areas for funigant leakage. If leakage is detected, the area should be evacuated of all personnel, ventilated, and action taken to correct the leakage, before allowing the area to be occupied. Do not enter funigated areas except under emergency conditions. If necessary to enter a funigated area, appropriate personal protection equipment, must be used. Never enter funigated areas alone. At least one other person, mearing personal protection equipment, should be available to assist in case of an emergency.

#### Precautions and Procedures During Discharge

If necessary to enter, hold prior to discharge, test spaces directly above grain surface for funigant concentration, using appropriate gas detection and personal safety equipment. Do not allow entry to funigated areas without personal safety equipment unless funigant concentrations are at safe levels, as indicated by a suitable detector.

Personal protection equipment means a self-contained breathing apparatus jointly approved by the Mining Safety and Health Administration and the Mational Institute of Occupation Safety and Health.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

#### Storage

Store in dry, cool, well-ventil ted area under lock and key. Post as a pesticide storage area. It may also be stored in an appropriate bulk container.

Store cylinders upright, secured to a rack or wall to prevent tipping. Cylinders should not be subjected to rough handling or mechanical shock such as dropping, bumping, dragging or sliding. Do not use rope slings, hooks, tongs or similar devices to unload cylinders. Transport cylinders using hand truck or fork truck to which the cylinder can be firmly secured.

Do not remove valve protection bonnet and safety cap until immediately before use. Replace safety cap and valve protection bonnet when cylinder is not in use.

## Spill and Leak Procedures

Evacuate immediate area of leak. Use respiratory device (See Precautionary Statements.) for entry into affected area to correct problem. Move leaking or damaged cylinders outfoors or to an isolated location, observing strict safety precautions. When completely empty, return to manufacturer if instructed or dispose of leaking or damaged cylinders or containers in accordance with state and local waste disposal regulations.

Do not permit entry into spill area by unprotected persons until concentrations of carbon dioxide are determined to be less than the exposure limits specified in this document.

#### Pesticide Disposal

Vent unusable carbon dioxide to the open air.

#### Cylinder Disposal

When cylinder is empty, close valve, screw safety cap onto valve outlet and replace protection bonnet before returning to " shipper. Only the registrant is authorized to refill cylinders. Do not use cylinders for any other purpose. Follow " registrant's instruction for return of empty or partially empty cylinders. Empty cylinders may be disposed to partially empty cylinders.



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