

TELONE* SOIL FUMIGANT

NET CONTENTS _____ LIQUID

Active Ingredients: 100%
1,3-Dichloropropene and Related Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH CAUTIONS, WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

KEEP PESTICIDE IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER. DO NOT PUT CONCENTRATE OR DILUTE INTO FOOD OR DRINK CONTAINERS.

WASH AND DESTROY CONTAINER WHEN EMPTY.
NEVER RE-USE.

GENERAL INFORMATION

ORTHO TELONE Soil Fumigant controls many plant parasitic nematodes and other soil pests

i. top lands. It is clean, clear, non-nozzle clogging.

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Use TELONE only as a preplanting soil fumigant to control nematodes such as meadow (lesion), rootknot, citrus, burrowing, ring, spiral, sting, pin, stubby root, stilt, dagger and cyst formers (golden and sugar beet) and certain others; also to control wireworms and garden centipedes (symphylans). Fumigate land to be planted to the crops listed below, under the conditions, and at the rates indicated under DIRECTIONS FOR USE, DOSAGE RECOMMENDATIONS, and PRECAUTIONS.

Vegetable Crops:

asparagus	cauliflower	horseradish	parsnips	shallots
beans	celery	late	peas	spinach
beets	collards	kohlrabi	peppers	squash (summer)
blistered peas	corn	leeks	pimientos	squash (winter)
broccoli	cowpeas	lettuce	potatoes	sweet potatoes
brussels sprouts	cucumbers	melons	pumpkins	swiss chard
cabbage	egg plant	mustard greens	radishes	tomatoes
cantaloupe	endive	okra	rutabaga	turnips
carrots	garlic	onions	salsify	watermelons

Field Crops:

alfalfa	flax	pasture grass	soybeans
barley	grasses	peanuts	sugar beets
bird-foot trefoil	hops	popcorn	sugar cane
buckwheat	lespedeza	rice	tobacco
clover	milliet	rye	vetch
corn	milo	safflower	wheat
cotton	oats	sorghum	

Citrus Fruit Tree Planting Sites:

grapefruit	kumquats	lemons	limes	oranges	tangerines	tangelos
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Deciduous Fruit and Nut Tree Planting Sites:

almonds	dates	olives	plums
apples	figs	peaches	pomegranates
apricots	filberts	pears	prunes
cashew nuts	hazelnuts	pecans	quince
cherries	hickory nuts	persimmons	walnuts
chestnuts	nectarines	pineapple	

Bush and Vine Planting Sites:

blackberries	currants	huckleberries	youngberries
blueberries	dewberries	loganberries	
boysenberries	gooseberries	raspberries	
cranberries	grapes	strawberries	

Nursery Crops including floral plants, ornamentals, shrubs and bushes; forest, shade, fruit and nut trees and vine and bramble fruits of all types.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

WHEN TO TREAT: Treat either in spring or fall, whenever soil conditions permit. For best results with annual crops, treat soil each year. Do not use TELONE on extremely heavy clay soils. In northern states, late summer or early fall treatment (before October 15) is best for land to be planted to early spring crops. This is especially true where plants are to be set out, such as celery, tomatoes, nursery and orchard stock. Treat muck soils only in the early fall and plant in the spring. Early treatment permits planting a fall cover crop.

SOIL PREPARATION: For best fumigant penetration and sealing, plant remains should be worked into the soil long enough before treatment so that the roots are well rotted. The soil should be in good seedbed condition, free of clods and undecomposed plant material with the temperature between 40° and 80°F at the depth of injection, and with enough moisture for good seed germination. Deep tillage, 12 to 18 inches, often improves results. Treat loams and clay loams when fairly dry (water content, one half of field capacity).

ACCEPTED

JUN 6 1968
UNDER THE FEDERAL PESTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND FUNGICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC INSECT REGIS-
TERED UNDER NO. 123456789. SUBJECT
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

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APPLICATION: For over-all application, either chisel (with chisels set 12 inches apart) or plow (if equipment may be used). For row application, use one chisel per row, or two chisels spaced 12 inches apart. Where 2 or more chisels are used per row apply at the same rate per chisel as for over-all. As the distance between rows is increased the amount of fumigant required per acre will decrease. Also when the distance between rows is decreased the amount required per acre will increase. Mark the treated strips by bedding or listing or by tractor wheel marks, and plant in the middle of the treated areas. Where only 1 chisel is used per row adjust the fumigant flow to distribute about 1 1/2 times as much per chisel as over-all. When a single chisel is used for best crop stands, place seed row 3 to 4 inches to one side of the fumigation chisel mark. Always inject the fumigant at least 6 to 8 inches below the final soil surface. In western irrigated cotton areas use 2 chisels per row, set 12 inches apart, and plant in the middle of the treated strip.

SEALING: Immediately after application, compact the soil. After chisel application, use a float, roller, cultipacker or similar sealing device. After plow sole application, disk the land, then compact it by floating or rolling. Sealing after row application can be accomplished by the tractor wheel, by listing, or by bedding so that the fumigant will be 12 to 14 inches below the top of the bed. When fumigating listed rows, seal in the fumigant with ring rollers or press sealers.

EXPOSURE PERIOD: After application and compacting, leave soil undisturbed for 7 to 14 days. Wet soil retards diffusion of fumigant, requiring a longer exposure period.

AERATION AND PREPARATION OF SOIL BEFORE PLANTING: At the end of the exposure period, aerate the soil by plowing or deep cultivation. This is especially desirable in northern areas after fall application in muck soils. On fumigated muck soil, plant as late as possible in the spring. Shallow-rooted crops can usually be planted after about 7 to 10 days of aeration. Under optimum seedbed condition of soil composition, moisture and temperature, one week of aeration time should be allowed for each 10 gallons of TELONE used per acre. For deep-rooted shrubs and trees the aeration period should be 3 to 6 months. If heavy rains or low temperature occur during the exposure period, working the soil several times may be necessary to hasten aeration. Aeration is usually complete when the odor of the fumigant is no longer evident.

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DOSAGE RECOMMENDATIONS
To Control Nematodes, Symphylans and Wireworms

Crops (consult list of individual crops under GENERAL INFORMATION)	Type of Treatment	Soil Type	Gallons Per Acre ¹	Linear Feet Per Pint Per Chisel		
Shallow Rooted Plants: Field Crops Floral Crops Grasses and Turf Small Fruits Vegetables Ornamentals	Row (or Band) (42")	Mineral	6 to 8	260 to 195		
		Muck or Peat	12 to 16	130 to 97		
	Over-all (or Broadcast)	Mineral	12 to 20 ²	455 to 273 ⁴		
		Muck or Peat	32 ³ to 48	170 to 114		
Strawberries	Over-all	Mineral	32 to 48	170 to 114		
Sugar Beets Root Knot Nematode	Row (42")	Mineral	7	223		
	Over-all		15 to 20	363 to 273		
Sugar Beet Nematode	Row (42")		12	130		
	Over-all		15 to 25	363 to 218		
Pineapple ⁴	Row	Mineral	30 to 60		
Citrus—Florida ⁵	Over-all	Mineral	40	136		
Nursery and Field: Citrus Fruit Trees Deciduous Fruit Trees Forest Trees Grapes Nut Trees Ornamentals (deep rooted)	Over-all, Gallons Per Acre to Penetrate Various Depths					
	Mineral Soils		3 ft.	4 ft.	5 ft.	6 ft.
	Sand		20	28	36	44
	Sandy Loam		36	40	48	64
	Silt Loam		56	68	84	100
	Clay Loam		72	92	112	136

¹ Use the higher rates in heavier soil.
² For cyst-forming nematodes increase dosage to 25 gallons (218 linear feet per pint per chisel).
³ For muck soils containing less than 30% organic matter use 25 gallons per acre.
⁴ For Hawaiian pineapple, application may be made at time of, or just before planting.
⁵ For burrowing nematode in citrus inject an 18 inch center 12 inches deep. Keep free of plants susceptible to burrowing nematodes for 2 years before replanting to citrus.

NOTE: To control symphylans (garden centipedes) use only over all at 25 or more gallons per acre, and apply during late summer or early fall when the soil is warm. To control wireworms use dosages recommended for nematodes in over-all or broadcast treatments.

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White Potatoes in Northwestern States: Use TELONE as a spring or preferably a fall treatment to control quackgrass and for suppression of the damaging effects of Verticillium wilt in fields to be planted to white potatoes. Apply as an over all treatment according to the following tabular directions:

Time of Treatment	Gallons per acre	Linear feet per pint per chisel
Spring	20 to 30	273 to 182
Fall	30 to 40	182 to 136

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USE PRECAUTIONS

Important-- Note carefully. Fumigation may temporarily raise the level of ammonia nitrogen and soluble salts in the soil. This is most likely to occur when heavy rates of fertilizer and fumigant are applied to soils that are either cold, wet, acid, or high in organic matter. To avoid injury to plant roots, fertilize as indicated by soil tests made after fumigation. To avoid ammonia injury or nitrate starvation, or both, to crops on high organic soils do not use fertilizers containing ammonium salts and use only fertilizers containing nitrates, until after the crop is well established and the soil temperature is above 65 F.

Certain crops including cotton, sugar cane, and pineapple are tolerant to ammonia and the above rule does not apply to them. Liming highly acid soils before fumigation stimulates nitrification and reduces the possibility of ammonia toxicity. Certain nursery crops such as citrus seedlings, Cornus sp., Crataegus sp., spruce and vegetable crops such as cauliflower have shown evidence of phosphorus deficiency following fumigation. To avoid this possible effect, it is suggested that additional phosphate fertilizer be used on soils which tend to be deficient in this nutrient.

CAUTION: To avoid reinfestation of treated soil do not use transplants, roots, or crop remains that could carry soilborne pests from infested land. Clean rig carefully before using.

Since TELONE soil fumigant is corrosive under certain conditions, flush all applicators with fuel oil or kerosene immediately after use. **DO NOT USE WATER.** Do not use containers or handling equipment made of aluminum, magnesium or their alloys, as under certain conditions TELONE may be severely corrosive to such metals. Common protective equipment, such as rubber gloves and boots, etc., may be penetrated readily by this material. Polyethylene provides a good barrier. For field operations cover shoes and hands with polyethylene bags. Store TELONE in tightly closed containers in a cool place away from dwellings. In outside storage, store drums on their sides to avoid accumulation of rain water.

Do not store near seeds, plants, fertilizers, or other pesticide chemicals.

To avoid injury to fish and other wild life, do not spill or empty fumigant into streams, ponds or other bodies of water.

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DANGER

**MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED, ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR SWALLOWED • CAUSES BURN OF SKIN OR EYES
COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID**

Wear Eye Protection Appropriate to the Circumstances When Handling This Material • Wash Thoroughly after Handling and Before Eating and Smoking • Wash Contaminated Clothing and Air Contaminated Shoes Thoroughly Before Re-use • Keep Away from Heat and Open Flame • Use Only with Adequate Ventilation • Do Not Breathe Vapor.

In case of contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash skin with soap and plenty of water; for eyes, flush with flowing water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

In case of spillage indoors, have available a self-contained breathing apparatus or a mask or respirator of a type passed by the United States Department of Agriculture for chlorinated C₃ hydrocarbons.

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Use artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Get immediate medical attention. Keep patient absolutely quiet.

If swallowed, call a doctor. Induce vomiting by giving an emetic such as 2 tablespoonfuls of table salt in a glass of warm water.

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

CONDITIONS OF SALE: 1. Chevron Chemical Company (Chevron) warrants that this material conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for use as directed hereon. Chevron neither makes, nor authorizes any agent or representative to make, any other warranty of FITNESS or of MERCHANTABILITY, guarantee or representation, express or implied, concerning this material. 2. Critical and unforeseeable factors beyond Chevron's control prevent it from eliminating all risks in connection with the use of chemicals. Such risks include, but are not limited to, damage to plants and crops to which the material is applied, lack of complete control, and damage caused by drift to other plants or crops. Such risks occur even though the product is reasonably fit for the uses stated hereon and even though label directions are followed. Buyer and user acknowledge and assume all risks and liability (except those assumed by Chevron under 1 above) resulting from handling, storage, and use of this material.

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ORTHO DIVISION — San Francisco, California 94120

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