

# NET CONTENTS 5 GALS. LIQUID

READ ENTIRE LABEL USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH CAUTIONS, WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

# ORTHO® Pre-Emergence Weed Killer

## A DINITRO WEED KILLER

Active Ingredient: Alkanolamine Salts (of the Ethanol and Isopropanol series) of 4,6-Dinitro-o-sec Butylphenol 51%  
Inert Ingredients 49%  
Contains the equivalent of 3 lbs. of 4,6-Dinitro-o-sec-Butylphenol per gallon.

Aug 21, 1971

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### DIRECTIONS

ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer is a selective pre-emergence and post-emergence weed killer. It is used to control weeds in a wide variety of crops. It is applied to the soil in a band or broadcast application. It is effective against many common weeds and grasses. For detailed information, consult your local Agricultural Experiment Station.

Pre-emergence treatment: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

Post-emergence treatment: After crop plants have emerged, apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

Peanuts: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

Field corn, sweet corn, popcorn: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

Peas: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

Alfalfa, sweet clover, red clover, birdsfoot trefoil: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

Just coming through, but will not provide long time residual activity. Some foliar burn may be noted on the peanuts, particularly if temperatures are high. Later Post-emergence—By shielding the plants with hand-held sprayers or similar devices, to protect the plants from the spray, one or two directed applications may be made up to one month after the early cracking stage. Apply when weeds are first visible. Use 2 quarts of ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer and 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply to soil with a heavy coat of residue. Wind drift and insure better coverage of the small weeds.

SOYBEANS: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

LIMA BEANS, SNAP BEANS, FIELD BEANS: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

POTATOES: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

FIELD CORN, SWEET CORN, POPCORN: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

PEANUTS: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

# POISON

**ANTIDOTE:** If Swallowed, SEND FOR A PHYSICIAN. Induce vomiting by giving an emetic such as 2 tablespoonfuls of table salt in a glass of warm water, repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Then give two full teaspoonfuls of baking soda in a glass of water. Treat as if food had been swallowed. If Splashed in Eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. If Spilled on Skin, immediately remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and wash skin with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms of poisoning develop, get a physician and treat as if FIRST AID below. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes promptly, from thoroughly, before reuse. NOTE TO ATTENDING PHYSICIAN: Arrive prepared to give medical attention. Treat symptoms as if poisoning had occurred. FIRST AID TREATMENT: SYMPTOMS OF POISONING: EYES: Irritation, watering, tearing and eye pain. Wash eyes with plenty of water. If severe, get medical attention. SKIN: Irritation, redness, itching, and burning. Wash with soap and water. If severe, get medical attention. SWALLOWED: Nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

**DANGER:** KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY  
DO NOT NHALE  
DO NOT GET ON SKIN

**DANGER:** MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Do Not Take Internally. Avoid Breathing Spray, Drift. DO NOT USE POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME. Do not wear Contaminated Clothing or Shoes. To avoid staining of carpets, upholstery, etc. keep contaminated clothing and shoes outdoors until cleaned. Do not store or transport near feed or food. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not contaminate any body of water. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed.

PEAS: Pre-Emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

OATS AND OTHER SMALL GRAINS SEEDED ALONE OR INTER-PLANTED WITH A LEGUME—Post-emergence: Use 1 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gals. water per acre when grain is 3 to 6 inches tall and weeds are small. Partial burning of grain leaves is not ordinarily harmful.

SEEDLING ALFALFA, SWEET CLOVER, RED CLOVER, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL: Post-emergence: Use 1 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gal. water per acre when weeds are 1 to 2 inches tall. Do not graze until the weeds are dead. Do not use for hay until the weeds are dead.

PUMPKINS, SQUASH: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

CUCUMBERS: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

ALFALFA: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

STRAWBERRIES: In the Northwest: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

MINT: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

KILLING POTATO VINES: Pre-emergence: Apply to the soil in a band or broadcast application. For best results, weeds and grasses should be in the emerged seedling stage. Apply when the soil is moist. Do not spray when the temperature exceeds 85° F.

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FORM 7765-A EPA Reg No. 239-2084 Manufactured for  
**CHEVRON CHEMICAL COMPANY** Product 1000 Made in U.S.A.  
ORTHO DIVISION — San Francisco, California 94119  
RICHMOND, CALIFORNIA FRESNO, CALIFORNIA DES MOINES, IOWA PERTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY  
HONOLULU, HAWAII ORLANDO, FLORIDA

# ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer

## PRO WEED KILLER

will not provide long time residual effect. Burn may be noted on the peanuts, particularly high. **Later Postemergence**—By shielding plants, or by a device to protect the plants, one or two additional applications may be made after the early post-emergence. Apply 1 to 2 quarts of ORTHO Pre-Emergence in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Low cone whistler nozzles will minimize drift damage of the small weed.

**PEAS**—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water as an overall spray at time of planting. **Post-emergence**—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre when plants are 2 to 8 inches tall and weeds are small. Do not apply after flowers buds are visible. Do not graze animals on treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock within 40 days after treatment. When seedling grasses are a problem, use the same amount of ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer and add 1 lb. Dowpon per acre. Note: See recommendations on Dowpon label.

**PEAS, FIELD BEANS**—Pre-emergence—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre at time of planting. Do not use on very light sandy soils or on heavy soils. **Emergence**—Ortho Pre-Emergence can be applied before or after early emergence. For best results, Ortho Pre-Emergence should be applied before emergence. Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

**PEAS, FIELD BEANS**—Pre-emergence—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre at time of planting. Do not use on very light sandy soils or on heavy soils. **Emergence**—Ortho Pre-Emergence can be applied before or after early emergence. For best results, Ortho Pre-Emergence should be applied before emergence. Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre. **Note:** Do not use on very light sandy soils or on heavy soils.

**CORN, POPCORN**—Pre-emergence—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre at time of planting. **Post-emergence**—Use 1 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre. **Note:** Do not use on very light sandy soils or on heavy soils. **Emergence**—Ortho Pre-Emergence can be applied before or after early emergence. For best results, Ortho Pre-Emergence should be applied before emergence. Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Active Ingredient: Alkanolamine Salts (of the Ethanol and Isopropanol series) of 4,6-Dinitro-o-sec-Butylphenol 51%  
Inert Ingredients 49%  
Contains the equivalent of 3 lbs. of 4,6-Dinitro-o-sec-Butylphenol per gallon.



**ANTIDOTE:** If Swallowed, SEND FOR A PHYSICIAN. Induce vomiting by giving an emetic such as 2 tablespoonfuls of table salt in a glass of warm water; repeat until vomit fluid is clear, then give two tablespoonfuls of baking soda in a glass of water. Treat as in first aid below. If Splashed in Eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. If Spilled on Skin, immediately remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and wash skin with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms of poisoning develop, send for a physician and treat as in FIRST AID, below. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. **NOTE TO ATTENDING PHYSICIAN:** Active ingredient is a metabolic stimulant. Treat symptomatically. **FIRST AID TREATMENT: SYMPTOMS OF POISONING:** Excessive Fatigue, Sweating, Thirst and Fever. If symptoms of poisoning develop at any time of exposure, SEND FOR A PHYSICIAN. **FIRST AID:** In case of ingestion, induce vomiting by giving 1 to 2 glasses of warm water with a compress of ice over the stomach.

**DANGER:**  
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY  
DO NOT INHALE  
DO NOT GET ON SKIN

**DANGER:** MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Do Not Take Internally. Avoid Breathing Spray Drift. DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME. Do not Wear Contaminated Clothing or Shoes. To avoid staining of carpets, upholstery, etc., keep contaminated clothing and shoes outdoors until cleaned. Do not store or transport near feed or food. Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, orage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not contaminate any body of water. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed.

**PEAS**—Pre-Emergence—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water as an overall spray at time of planting. **Post-emergence**—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre when plants are 2 to 8 inches tall and weeds are small. Do not apply after flowers buds are visible. Do not graze animals on treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock within 40 days after treatment. When seedling grasses are a problem, use the same amount of ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer and add 1 lb. Dowpon per acre. Note: See recommendations on Dowpon label.

**OATS AND OTHER SMALL GRAINS SEEDING ALONE OR INTER-PLANTED WITH A LEGUME**—Post-emergence—Use 1 1/2 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre when grain is 3 to 6 inches tall and weeds are small. Partial burning of grain leaves is not ordinarily harmful.

**SEEDLING ALFALFA, SWEET CLOVER, RED CLOVER, BIRDSFOOT TREFLOIL**—Post-emergence—Use 1 1/2 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre when legume seedlings have two or more true leaves. Do not graze livestock on treated areas before the first cutting in alfalfa and trefoil, if seedling grass is a problem, add 2 lbs. Dowpon to the above mixture. Note: recommendation on Dowpon label.

**PUMPKINS, SQUASH**—Pre-emergence—Apply 1 to 2 quarts per acre after planting but before emergence. Use higher rate on heavy soils. **CUCUMBERS**—Use 1 gal. per acre. Note: Plant seeds at least 1 inch deep. Do not use on very light, sandy soils. Do not use if soil is to be covered with plant material. Do not use after emergence of cucumber seedlings.

**ALFALFA**—Apply 1 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre as an overall spray at time of planting. **Post-emergence**—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre when plants are 2 to 8 inches tall and weeds are small. Do not apply after flowers buds are visible. Do not graze animals on treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock within 40 days after treatment. When seedling grasses are a problem, use the same amount of ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer and add 1 lb. Dowpon per acre. Note: See recommendations on Dowpon label.

**STRAWBERRIES**—In the Northwest—Use 4 to 5 quarts in 40 to 60 gallons of water per acre at time of planting. Do not use on very light sandy soils or on heavy soils. **Emergence**—Ortho Pre-Emergence can be applied before or after early emergence. For best results, Ortho Pre-Emergence should be applied before emergence. Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

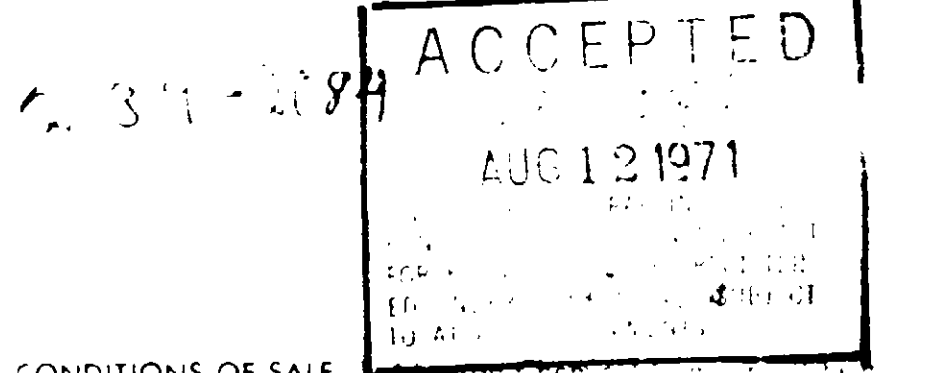
**MINT**—Use 1 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre as an overall spray at time of planting. **Post-emergence**—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre when plants are 2 to 8 inches tall and weeds are small. Do not apply after flowers buds are visible. Do not graze animals on treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock within 40 days after treatment. When seedling grasses are a problem, use the same amount of ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer and add 1 lb. Dowpon per acre. Note: See recommendations on Dowpon label.

**KILLING POTATO VINES**—Apply 1 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre as an overall spray at time of planting. **Post-emergence**—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre when plants are 2 to 8 inches tall and weeds are small. Do not apply after flowers buds are visible. Do not graze animals on treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock within 40 days after treatment. When seedling grasses are a problem, use the same amount of ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer and add 1 lb. Dowpon per acre. Note: See recommendations on Dowpon label.

**GENERAL CONTACT WEED CONTROL**—Apply 1 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water as an overall spray at time of planting. **Post-emergence**—Use 2 to 3 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre when plants are 2 to 8 inches tall and weeds are small. Do not apply after flowers buds are visible. Do not graze animals on treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock within 40 days after treatment. When seedling grasses are a problem, use the same amount of ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer and add 1 lb. Dowpon per acre. Note: See recommendations on Dowpon label.

**DAFFODILS, TULIPS, SIMILAR FALL PLANTED BULBS**—Pre-emergence—Spray in late fall following emergence of winter annual weeds using 1 to 2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply before bulb shoots emerge above ground. **GLADIOLUS**—Pre-emergence—Use 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 quarts in 25 to 40 gallons of water per acre as an overall spray, preferably just before emergence.

**GRAPE VINEYARDS IN IRRIGATED AREAS IN CALIFORNIA:** Use 3 to 3 1/2 quarts in 50 to 100 gallons of water per acre to control annual weeds and grasses under conditions specified below. The addition of 1 to 2 quarts of emulsifiable summer oil per 100 gallons of spray will improve kill of large weeds and emerged grasses. For best results, the soil surface should be moist from rainfall or irrigation at the time of treatment. Moderate rain basin or sprinkler irrigation soon after application aids in residual pre-emergence control. On emerged weeds and grasses, best results are obtained when post-treatment irrigation is delayed until topkill is apparent. Furrow irrigation will not move the ORTHO Pre-Emergence Weed Killer into the soil adequately under the vines. Do not disturb treated soil until required by loss of residual weed control. **NOTE:** Do not allow livestock to graze on treated ground cover. **For Bearing Grape Vineyards:** Spray the areas under grapevines using at rate of 3 to 3 1/2 quarts per acre in enough water to obtain good coverage. Apply as a directed spray with the spray striking no more than 6 inches high on the grape stems. Treat a band of soil surface the width desired for weed control, using amounts of spray proportional to the area actually treated. Apply during dormant period and prior to bloom, either before the weeds come up or when they are in the young stage. Uniform soil coverage is essential for uniform results.



**CONDITIONS OF SALE**—This product is sold as a general weed control agent. It is not intended for use on any crop or plant which is not specifically mentioned in the directions. The user assumes all responsibility for the proper use of this product. The manufacturer is not responsible for any damage to crops or plants caused by the use of this product. The user should read the directions carefully and follow them exactly. The manufacturer is not responsible for any damage to crops or plants caused by the use of this product. The user should read the directions carefully and follow them exactly.

EPA Reg No 239-2084

Manufactured for

Product 1000

Made in U. S. A.

## CHEVRON CHEMICAL COMPANY

ORTHO DIVISION - San Francisco, California 94119

CALIFORNIA

FRESNO, CALIFORNIA

DES MOINES, IOWA

PERTH AMBOY, NEW JERSEY

ORLANDO, FLORIDA

HONOLULU, HAWAII