

DANGER—POISON—PRECAUTIONS 

POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED

This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts: spray mist or dust may be fatal if swallowed.

POISONOUS BY SKIN CONTACT

Poisonous if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes).

POISONOUS IF BREATHED

Breathing vapors, spray mist or dust may be fatal.

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur.

Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.



USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

(1) Wear waterproof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes. (2) Wear safety goggles. (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U. S. Bureau of Mines for parathion protection. (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital—immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.



POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this

STOP - READ LABEL BEFORE USING!

POISON
See Side Panels
for Antidote &
Precautions



DANGER
Keep Out of
Reach of
Children

5% SEVIN* 1% PARATHION DUST

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate)	5.00%
Parathion (O, O-diethyl O-p-nitrophenyl thiophosphate)	1.00%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	94.00%
TOTAL	100.00%

*Trade Mark of Union Carbide Corp. for 1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate.

EPA Reg. No. 148-1030

CG-9-71

EPA Est. No. 148-VA-1

+ FIRST AID TREATMENT +

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition.

If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If swallowed and victim is awake (conscious) make him vomit quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat or by giving soapy or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

Parathion is a cholinesterase inhibitor and treatment of severe poisoning should include the use of atropine.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote—administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. **DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS.** Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement; **VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS. TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY.**

POST TREATED AREA

Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station regarding posting treated areas.

CAUTION: Misuse as to quantity, timing or method of application can cause damage or injury to animals, persons, property or crops or cause residues in excess of official tolerances.

NOT FOR HOME USE

Refer to Rinse and Drain Procedures on separate label.

DIRECTIONS

**BEFORE USE READ V
NOTICE STATEMENT**

POTATOES: For foliage appl Colorado Potato Beetle, Leaf Dust at the rate of 20 to 30 lb on size of plants and severity. Apply dust thoroughly to up faces. Repeat applications at not apply within 5 days of h

TOMATOES: To control Tom Beetle — Dust at the rate of Repeat applications, if necess vals. Do not apply within 10

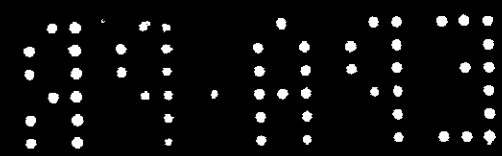
CUCUMBERS AND SUMM control Striped and Spotted Cu Bug, Flea Beetle, Pickleworm at the rate of 15 to 20 lbs. per tions, if necessary, at 7-10 apply within 15 days of ha before vining.

PEPPERS AND EGGPLANT Beetle, Colorado Potato Beet Dust at the rate of 20 to 30 applications, if necessary, at Do not apply within 15 days

NOTIC

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WEARING THE FOLLOWING EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

Protective coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overalls. (3) Wear mask or respirator approved for parathion protection. (4) Wear gloves.

SAFETY RULES

Keep children and children away from treated area until drift.

Wash hands with soap and water. If you feel sick in any way, stop work and get away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital and explain that the victim has been exposed to this condition. After first aid is given (see instructions) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to nearest hospital.

Wash work clothes and shoes with soap and water. Wash face and arms with soap and water after each use. Do not drink.

Wash protective clothing and equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be replaced according to instructions in label.

SIGNS (Symptoms)

This is a fast acting poison. It rapidly enters the body and...

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

BEFORE USE READ WARNING AND NOTICE STATEMENTS CAREFULLY

POTATOES: For foliage application only. To control Colorado Potato Beetle, Leafhopper, Flea Beetle — Dust at the rate of 20 to 30 lbs. per acre, depending on size of plants and severity of insect conditions. Apply dust thoroughly to upper and lower leaf surfaces. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

TOMATOES: To control Tomato Fruitworm, Flea Beetle — Dust at the rate of 20 to 30 lbs. per acre. Repeat applications, if necessary, at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

CUCUMBERS AND SUMMER SQUASH: To control Striped and Spotted Cucumber Beetle, Squash Bug, Flea Beetle, Pickleworm, Melonworm — Dust at the rate of 15 to 20 lbs. per acre. Repeat applications, if necessary, at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Do not apply before vining.

PEPPERS AND EGGPLANT: To control Flea Beetle, Colorado Potato Beetle, Fall Armyworm — Dust at the rate of 20 to 30 lbs. per acre. Repeat applications, if necessary, at 7-10 day intervals. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest.

NOTICE

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