DIRECTIONS FOR USE

BROCCOLI, LETTUCE AND BRUSSELS SPROUTS: To control Cabbage Loopers — apply at the rate of 1½ to 2½ pints per acre. For Cutworms (soil) — apply 22/3 quarts per acre to soil surface. Use sufficient water to give adequate coverage per acre. For Head Lettuce, do not apply after the heads begin to form. For Leaf Lettuce, do not apply after seedling stage. For Broccoli and Brussels Sprouts, do not apply after the edible parts begin to form, or within 30 days of harvest.

On all the above, do not apply this product if leaves, stems, or heads are to be fed to dairy or meat animals.

CABBAGE: For control of cutworms (soil); apply 2-3 pounds active ingredient per acre, or 1½ to 2 quarts of this formulation, suitably diluted broadcast on the soil surface.

For control of cabbage looper and imported cabbage worms use 2-3 pounds active per acre or $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 quarts of this formulation. If cabbage loopers are present add 0.5 pound Parathion.

Do not apply after the heads begin to form.

Plants treated with toxaphene must not be fed to dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

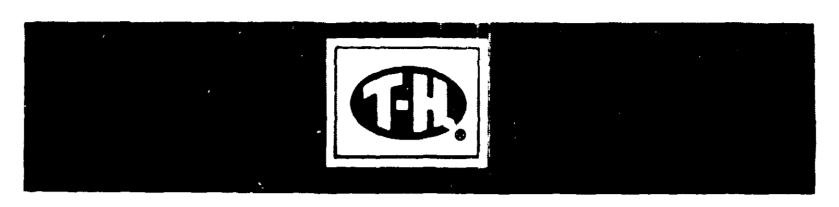
BEANS: To control Cutworms (soil) — apply 1 ½ quarts per acre on soil in late afternoon. Use sufficient water for adequate coverage per acre. Do not apply after pods begin to form.

Do not feed treated vines to dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

COLLARDS AND KALE: To control Cabbage Loopers — apply at the rate of 22/3 to 51/3 pints per acre. Apply no more than 4 times, nor more than 3 times after thinning. Do not apply within 28 days of harvest when 22 3 pints per acre are used. Do not apply within 35 days of harvest when 51/3 pints per acre are used.

TOMATOES: To control Tomato Hornworm, Tomato Fruitworm, Cutworm, Serpentine Leaf Miner, Flea Beetles, Cabbage Looper, Russet Mite, Colorado Potato Beetle — apply 1 quart to 5 1 3 pints per acre mixed with sufficient water to give good coverage. Make reapplications when necessary. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

SOYBEANS: For control of Velvetbean Caterpillar, Bollworm, Corn Earworm, Bean Leaf Beetles, Armyworms, Grasshoppers, Blister Beetle, Green Clover worm, use 1½ to 2 2 3 quarts of this material suitably diluted with water per acre, repeat as necessary. Do not apply less than 3 weeks before harvest. Do not feed plants treated with Toxaphene or ensilage made from treated plants, to poultry, dairy animals, or animals being finished for slaughter. Do not feed soybean mill trash to livestock or poul-



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GALLONS

TOXAPHENE 6 LB. EMULSION CONCENTRATE

(Contains 6 Lbs. Technical Toxaphene per gallon at 70° F.)

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Toxaphene-Technical Chlorinated Camphene
(67-69% Chlorine Content) 58.00%

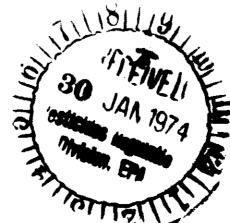
Xylene 31.55%
INERT INGREDIENTS: 10.45%

TOTAL 100.00%

WARNING KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

EPA REG. No. 148-1012

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE
NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME



This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

This product is toxic to bees and should not be applied when bees are actively visiting the area.

WARNING: May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get on skin, in eyes, or on clothing. Can be absorbed through skin. Wash thoroughly after using. Do not breathe spray mist. Avoid contamination of feed or foodstuffs. Do not use on dairy animals or in dairy barns. Do not use on curcurbits.

ANTIDOTE: Internal — Give sodium chloride 15 g. (one tablespoonful of table salt) in glass of warm water and repeat until vomit is clear. Call a doctor immediately.

External — Wash with soap and water.

PEANUTS: To control Fall Armyworm and Velvet Bean Caterpillar — apply at the rate of 1 quart to 1 1 3 quarts per acre. Use sufficient water to give adequate coverage per acre. Do not feed foliage to dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

CORN AND SORGHUM: To control Armyworm and Fall Armyworm — apply at the rate of 2 2/3 quarts per acre. Use sufficient water to give adequate coverage per acre. Do not feed treated plants or ensilage from treated plants to dairy or meat animals. On Sorghum, do not apply within 40 days of harvest. Do not apply more than once after heads start to form. Do not graze dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter on treated fields. Do not ensile treated forage.

WHEAT, BARLEY OATS AND RYE: To control climbing and surface feeding Cutworms, Armyworms. Grasshoppers, and Chinch Bugs — apply at the rate of 2 2/3 pints per acre. Use sufficient water to give adequate coverage per acre. Do not apply within one week of harvest on Wheat, Rye, and Oats; within 2 weeks of harvest on Barley.

Do not feed treated forage to dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

To prevent re-use destroy all containers when empty by punching holes in them and burying with wastes. In case of spillage, wash down with large amounts of water. Decontaminate areas and equipment by washing with a concentrate solution of alkali and detergent and rinse with water. Rinse equipment and dispose of wastes by burying in non-crop lands, away from water supplies.

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indi-