



## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Ms Pat Dinnen Syngenta Crop Protection P.O.BOX 18300 Greensboro, NC 27419

JAN 15 2010

Subject: Label Notification(s) for Pesticide Registration Notice 2007-4

Dear Registrant:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 2007-4 dated September 8, 2009 for:

EPA Registration 100-879 Barricade ® G Herbicide

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 2007-4 and finds that the label change(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN-2007-4. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on nonrefillable containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Banza Djapao of my staff at 703-305-7269.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Date

September 8, 2009

Typed Name

Pat Dinnen

## Certification with Respect to Label Integrity

Version: 9/11/02

I certify that the information (including, but not limited to, text, tables, and graphics) contained in the electronic file identified below by file name and submitted with this certification is the same information as that on the paper copies of these documents included with this submission.

PROPOSED LABEL			
EPA Registration #	Date Submitted to EPA	Electronic file name	
100-879	9/8/2009	000100-00879.20090908.BAR-G_PRN2007-4_SEP2009.pdf	

I certify that the statements that I have made on this form are true, accurate, and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statements may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.

Pat Dinnen	September 8, 2009
Signature	Date
Pat Dinnen	_
Name (typed)	
Label Group Leader	_
Title	

Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. P.O. Box 18300 Greensboro, NC 27419-8300 www.syngenta.com

# syngenta

#### **FedEx**

September 8, 2009

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Attention: Ms. Linda Arrington

SUBJECT: BARRICADE® G HERBICIDE
EPA REG. NO. 100-879
NOTIFICATION OF LABEL CHANGE PER PR NOTICE 2007-4

Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. is submitting Notification for Barricade G Herbicide, EPA Reg. No. 100-879. Syngenta is amending the Storage and Disposal section of the label by Notification according to the directions stated in PR Notice 2007-4.

#### Attached are:

- One copy of the label with the changes clearly marked
- One unmarked copy of the label
- A CD of the unmarked copy of the label for "Electronic Comparison and Review"
- Certificate with Respect to Label Integrity Form
- Completed EPA Form 8570-1

Thank you in advance for approving this Notification. If you have any questions, please contact me at 336-632-2494.

Sincerely,	,,,, ,,,,,	,
Pat alinnen	) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) )	,
Pat Dinnen Label Group Leader Regulatory Affairs		
Enclosures		
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Barricade® G

## **NOTIFICATION**

**HERBICIDE** 

JAN 1 5 2010

Active Ingredient:

Prodiamine (CAS No. 29091-21-2)	
Other Ingredients:	98.0%
Total	100.0%

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns and sod nurseries
- container, field grown and landscape ornamentals
- conifer and hardwood seedling nurseries
- established perennial and wildflower plantings
- plants grown for cut foliage production
- noncrop areas on or surrounding managed rights-of-way for transportation systems and utilities (including roadways, roadsides, railways and equipment yards)
- facilities including substations, tank farms, pumping stations, parking and storage areas, and ungrazed fencerows
- Christmas tree farms

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

#### CAUTION

See additional Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use in attached booklet.

EPA Reg. No. 100-879

EPA Est. No. SCP 879A

**Net Contents** 

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	FIRST AID
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing.
	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air.
	If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

## **HOT LINE NUMBER**

For 24 Hour Medical Emergency Assistance (Human or Animal) or Chemical Emergency Assistance (Spill, Leak, Fire, or Accident), Call

1-800-888-8372

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

## **Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals**

#### CAUTION

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

## **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

## **WPS USES:**

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) who handle this pesticide for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170), in general, agricultural-plant uses are covered -- must wear:

; ;; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

#### Mixers and Loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

#### **NON-WPS USES:**

Mixers and loaders who handle this pesticide for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) -- in general, only agricultural-plant uses are covered by the WPS -- must wear:

Waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## **Engineering Controls Statements**

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

## **User Safety Recommendations:**

## **Users should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- After handling this product, immediately wash the outside of gloves before removing them, then remove gloves and all other PPE. Immediately wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

## **Environmental Hazards**

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

## CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**NOTICE:** Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product should be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of SYNGENTA CROP PROTECTION, Inc. or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold SYNGENTA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

SYNGENTA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or SYNGENTA, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. SYNGENTA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

In no event shall SYNGENTA or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF SYNGENTA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF SYNGENTA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

SYNGENTA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of syngenta.

## 10/26

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

Barricade G is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns and sod nurseries
- container, field grown and landscape ornamentals
- conifer and hardwood seedling nurseries
- established perennial and wildflower plantings

- plants grown for cut foliage production
- noncrop areas on or surrounding managed rights-of-way for transportation systems and utilities (including roadways, railways and equipment yards)
- facilities including substations, tank farms, pumping stations, parking and storage areas, and ungrazed fencerows
- Christmas tree farms

Barricade G controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when Barricade G is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with Barricade G.

Do not apply aerially.

Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

## **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS**

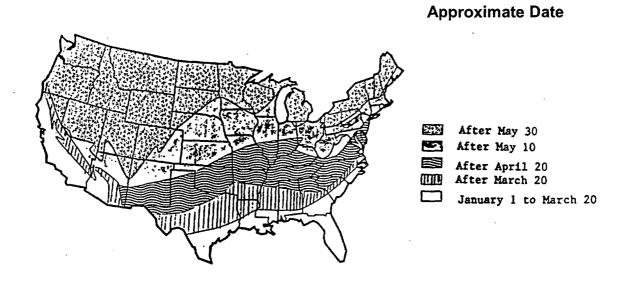
Apply uniformly with suitable, calibrated application equipment.

## **ESTABLISHED TURF**

Barricade G is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of Barricade G that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when Barricade G is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass, seed germination dates.

#### **CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES**



## **Use Precautions**

The following precautions apply to the use of Barricade G in turf grasses and lawns:

- 1. Application of Barricade G may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses.
- 2. Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if Barricade G is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- 3. Do not cut (harvest) treated sod before 120 days after application. Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- 4. Application of Barricade G to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- 5. Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- 6. Do not apply Barricade G to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.

## Rates of Application

Barricade G may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. Barricade G will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by Barricade G is related to the rate applied. Use higher rates of Barricade G to achieve higher levels of weed control but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified below.

## **Maximum Annual Rates**

Barricade G is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Application Rate of Barricade G/Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species		
Turf Species	lbs. product/A	
Bermudagrass <sup>2</sup>	75	
Bahiagrass		
Centipedegrass		
Seashore Paspalum		
St. Augustinegrass		
Tall Fescue (including turf-type)		
Zoysia	_	
Buffalograss	50	
Kentucky Bluegrass		
Perennial Ryegrass		
Creeping Red Fescue	37	
Creeping Bentgrass	33	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> May be used on newly-sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed, , , 26 lbs./A. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded.

## **Weeds Controlled**

When used in accordance with this label Barricade G is approved for control of the following weeds:

Barnyardgrass

Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua)

Carpetweed

Chickweed, Common

Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed)

Crabgrass (Large, Smooth)

Crowfootgrass Cupgrass, Woolly Foxtails, Annual Goosegrass<sup>1</sup>

Henbit Itchgrass

Johnsongrass (from seed)

Junglerice

Knotweed

Kochia

Lambsquarter, Common

Lovegrass

Panicum, (Texas, Fall, Browntop)

Pigweed

Purslane, Common Pusley, Florida Rescuegrass<sup>3</sup> Shepherd's Purse<sup>2</sup> Signalgrass, Broadleaf

Speedwell, Persian Sprangletop Spurge, Prostrate

Witchgrass

Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied, of does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each surface species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

## When to Apply After Overseeding Turf

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if Barricade G is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In many areas a single application of 33 to 75 lbs./A Barricade G will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 33 to 50 lbs./A followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Application Rates Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the **Maximum Application Rates Table** above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Suppression only.

## When to Overseed After Application

Barricade G will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

Barricade G Rate (lbs./A)	Months Before Overseeding		
Product	North	Transition	South
25	4	4	4
33	5	4	4
37	6	5	5
40		6	6
50		7	7
57			9
65	~~-		10
75			12

## CONTAINER, FIELD GROWN, AND LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

Barricade G may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in the culture of ornamentals (including Christmas tree farms, established perennial and wildflower plantings).

#### **Use Rates**

Apply Barricade G at 33-75 lbs./A in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 75 lbs./A.

## APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION

## **All Applications**

Barricade G is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when Barricade Gasactivated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when Barricade G is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of Barricade G, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Apply Barricade G to dry foliage only. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off of plant foliage and activate Barricade G in the soil.

## **Established Container, Field Nursery Stock or Landscape Plants**

Barricade G may be applied at any time to established container or field nursery stock as a broadcast or over-the-top application.

## **Newly-Transplanted Container or Field Nursery Stock**

Barricade G may be applied to newly-transplanted container or field nursery stock. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying Barricade G. Apply Barricade G after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

## **Shadehouses and Uncovered Polyhouses**

In addition to outdoor locations, Barricade G may be applied in shadehouses and uncovered polyhouses. Uncovered polyhouses must remain open for a minimum of 7 days and 2 irrigations totaling at least ½ inch of water after application.

## **Bare Ground Applications For Container Placement**

Barricade G may be applied to **soil** (including mulch, gravel, wood chips, or other permeable base) upon which containerized ornamentals are placed. Only shallow cultivation or hand weeding, if necessary, after application, should be performed so as to minimize exposure of untreated soil.

## **Tolerant Ornamental Species**

Barricade G will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to Barricade G. Barricade G is approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2. Barricade G may be applied over the top of the listed species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to Barricade G.

## Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

#### Scientific name

#### Common name

Abies spp.

Acer palmatum Acer platanoides

Actinidia chinensis

Agapanthus africanus

Arctostaphylos densiflora

Arctotheca calendula Aucuba japonica

Berberis gladwynensis

Berberis julianae Berberis mentorensis Berberis thunbergii Berberis verruculosa Buxus microphylla

Callistemon viminalis

Calluna vulgaris

Carpobrotus edulis

Cassia artemisioides

Ceanothus rigidus Chamaecvparis pisifera

Clevera japonica

Citrus spp. Cornus florida Cornus stolonifera

Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster apiculatus

Cotoneaster buxifolius

Cotoneaster dammeri Cotoneaster microphyllus

Crataegus spp.

Cupressus sempervirens

Delosperma alba Dodonaea viscosa Elaeagnus pungens Euonymus fortunei

Euonymus japonica

Fir species\*\*

(Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)

Japanese Maple Norway Maple

Kiwi\*

Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)

Vine Hill Manzanita

Cape Weed

Japanese Aucuba

Barberry

Wintergreen Barberry

Mentor Barberry Japanese Barberry Warty Barberry Japanese Boxwood Weeping Bottlebrush

Scotch Heather

Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)

Feathery Cassia

Wild Lilac **False Cypress** 

Cleyera

Citrus species\* Flowering Dogwood American Dogwood Pampas Grass

Cranberry Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster

**Bearberry Cotoneaster** Rockspray Cotoneaster

Hawthorne Italian Cypress

White Trailing Ice Plant

Hop Bush Silverberry Wintercreeper

Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)



<sup>\*</sup>Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Not for use on container grown plants.

Euonymus kiautschovicks Fatsia japonica Forsythia intermedia Forsythia viridissima Gardenia iasminoides Gladiolus spp. Hedera helix Hibiscus Hibiscus Rosa-sinensis llex cornuta llex crenata llex opaca llex pernyi Ilex vomitoria Iris spp. Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis Juniperus conferta Juniperus horizontalis Juglans spp. Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Liqustrum amurense Ligustrum japonicum Ligustrum lucidum Lirope muscari Lonicera japonica Lonicera tatarica Magnolia spp. Malephora luteola Malus spp. Nandina domestica Narcissus spp. Nerium spp. Olea europaea Ophiopogon japonicus

#### Common name

Spreading Euonymus Japanese Aralia Border Forsythia Greenstem Forsythia Gardenia. Cape-Jasmine Gladiolus species\*\* English Ivy Rose of Sharon\*\* Chinese Hibiscus Chinese Holly Japanese Holly American Holly Holly Yaupon Holly Iris species\*\* Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper Shore Juniper Creeping Juniper Walnut\* Shrimp Plant Crape Myrtle **Amur Privet** Japanese Privet Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf) Big Blue Lillyturf Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle Magnolia species\*\* Ice Plant Crabapple\* Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species\*\* Oleander Olive\* Mondo Grass Trailing African Daisy Sourwood Avocado\*

Osteospermum fruticosum

Oxvdendrum arboreum

Persea americana

<sup>\*</sup>Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Not for use on container grown plants.

## Common name

Photinia fraseri Picea spp. Pieris japonica Pinus brutia Pinus canariensis Pinus elliottii Slash Pine Aleppo Pine Pinus halepensis Austrian Black Pine Pinus nigra Pinus palustris Pinus radiata Eastern White Pine Pinus strobus Pinus sylvestris Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine Pinus taeda Pinus thunbergiana

Pinus virginiana Pistacia spp.

Pittosporum rhombifolium

Pittosporum tobira

Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus

Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii

Pyrus spp. Quercus rubra Rhaphiolepis indica

Rosa banksiae

Santolina virens Sedum album

Rosmarinus officinalis

Rumohra adiantiformis

Syzygium paniculatum

Rhododendron (including Azalea)

Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)

Spruce species\*\* (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)

Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub

Calabrian Pine Canary Island Pine

Longleaf Pine Monterey Pine

Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine Pistachio\*

Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew **English Laurel** 

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and

Prune\* Douglas Fir\*\* Firethorn Scarlet

Firethorn Firethorn

Bradford Pear spp.

Oak species Indian Hawthorne

'Coral Bells'

'Formosa' 'Hino-crimson'

'PJM'

'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose

Rosemary\*

Leatherleaf Fern

Stonecrop

Japanese Boxcherry

\*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Not for use on container grown plants.

Taxus cuspidata Taxus media Thuja occidentalis Trachelospermum asiaticum Tsuga canadensis Tulipa spp. Viburnum japonicum Viburnum odoratissimum Viburnum plicatum Viburnum rigidum Viburnum tinus Viburnum trilobum Viburnum wrightii Vinca major Vinca minor Vitis spp. Weigela florida Yucca aloifolia

Yucca filamentosa

#### Common name

Japanese Yew Yew American Arborvitae Star Jasmine Canada Hemlock Tulip species Japanese Viburnum Sweet Viburnum Japanese Snowball Canary Island Viburnum Laurustinus Cranberry Bush Leatherleaf Viburnum Vinca Dwarf Periwinkle Grape\* Old Fashioned Weigela Spanish Bayonet Yucca, Adam's Needle



<sup>\*</sup>Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Not for use on container grown plants.

## Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except CA

## Scientific name

Abelia grandiflora

Achillea spp.

Agapanthus orientalis

Akebia quinata
Allium cernuum
Anemone hybrida
Aquilegia spp.

Artemisia spp. Aster spp. Aster X frikartii

Athyrium filix-femina

Begonia spp. Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides

Bougainvillea spp.

Buddleia davidii Callistemon citrinus

Campanula carpatica

Campis X tagliabuana

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrysanthemum nipponicum

Coreopsis spp.
Crocosmia spp.
Delosperma spp.
Delphinium spp.

Dianthus deltoides

Dianthus gratianopolitanus

Echinacea pupurea Forsythia suspensa

Gaillardia spp. Gaura spp.

Hibiscus spp.

Gentiana dahurica Geranium cinereum Gypsophila repens Helianthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp. Heucherella spp.

#### Common name

Abelia: Sherwood Yarrow: King Edward

Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion

Japanese Anemone Aquilegia: Red and Gold

Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome

Lady Fern; Fern Lady

Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Snowbank Bougainvillea

Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red

Crimson Bottlebrush

Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips)

Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise, Moonbeam

Lucifer

Cooperi Pink Larkspur; Blue Elf

Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'

Cheddar Pink

Coneflower, Purple; Magnus

Weeping Forsythia

Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'

Gentian Cranesbill Baby's Breath Sunrose

Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love ေ

Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom Mallow; Disco Belle White

22/26

## Scientific name

Hosta plantaginea Hosta sieboldiana

Houttuynia cordata var. variegata

Hydrangea macrophylla

Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica

Juniperus davurica

Lagerstromia indica x fauriei

Lantana montevidensis

Lavender spp.

Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense

Lilium spp.

Lirope muscari var. variegata

Lirope spicata Lobelia cardinalis Loropetalum chinense

Lythrum spp.

Miscanthus sinensis Oenothera missourensis Osmanthus heterophyllus

Paeonia suffruticosa Pennisetum setaceum Perovskia atriplicifolia Physostegia virginiana

Quercus shumardii Rhaphiolepis umbellata

Rhododendron (including azalea)

Rudbeckia spp. Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum cauticola

Sedum dasyphyllum

#### Common name

Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)

Hosta, 'Searsucker'

Bigleaf Hydrangea

Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong

Siberian Iris; Cabernet

Parsoni

Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora

Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead

**Edelweiss** 

Chinese Privet; Variegata

Lily: Jazz

Lirope, Variegated Lirope, Creeping

Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink

Burgundy

Loosestrife; Modern Pink Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Evening Primrose

Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide

Tree Peony

Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Dragonhead, False; Vivid Oak, Shumard's Red Yedda Hawthorne 'Delaware Valley White'

'Flame Creeper'
'Girard Crimson'
'George L. Tabor'

Wakeiebisu White Gumpo

Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum

Saxifrage; Purple Dome

Pincushion Flower Stonecrop; Lidakense

Stonecrop

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Sedum spurium Spiraea bumalda Syzyglum paniculatum

Teucrium spp.

Thalictrum dipterocarpum

Veronica spp.

Viburnum suspensum

## Common name

Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Spirea: Anthony Waterer Australian Brushcherry

Germander Meadow Rue

Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border

Arrowood Viburnum

## **CONIFER AND HARDWOOD SEEDLING NURSERIES**

Barricade G may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in conifer and hardwood seedling nurseries.

Barricade G may be applied to conifer and hardwood seedling nurseries any time after the soil has settled around newly transplanted seedlings, liners, or bare root plants.

Apply Barricade G at 33-75 lbs./A in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 75 lbs./A.

**Southern Pine Seedbeds:** To assist in the establishment of Southern pine seedbeds, a preemergence application should be made just after seeding. Applications made after emergence of the pine seedlings should not be made until a minimum of three weeks after the time when most seedlings have shed their seedcoat. Pines are tolerant to preemergence and postemergence applications of Barricade G.

**Dosage**: Apply 25 lbs. (0.50 lb. active) of Barricade G per broadcast acre. Broadcast to beds and irrigate with approximately ½ inch of sprinkler irrigation.

Most effective weed control will be obtained when Barricade G is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Hardwood Seedbeds: Apply Barricade G at a rate of 25 to 50 lbs. (0:50 to 1.0 lbs.) active) to the following seedlings that are at least 6 weeks old (from time of 50% germination):

- Oak (Quercus spp.)
- Sweetgum
- Green Ash

Use higher rate (50 lbs.) when a longer control period (3 to 4 months) is desired or under conditions of higher anticipated weed pressure. The lower rate (25 lbs.) will provide 2 to 3 months of weed control. Broadcast to beds and irrigate with approximately ½ inch of sprinkler irrigation.

## **CUT FOLIAGE PRODUCTION**

Barricade G may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in leatherleaf fern, (Rumohra adiantiformis), asparagus fern (aka treefern, Asparagus virgatus), Pittosporum species, Euonymus species, aspidistra (Aspidistra elatior), and Ruscus hypopyllum.

Apply Barricade G to dry foliage only.

Apply Barricade G as a broadcast or directed treatment to established foliage production beds at a rate of 100-132 lbs./A in the fall followed by 2 to 3 lbs./A in the spring. The choice of rate should depend upon anticipated weed pressure and spectrum. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 198 lbs./A.

One-half inch irrigation should be applied immediately following application to activate Barricade G in the soil and remove visible product residues.

## **Application Precautions**

Application of Barricade G directly to rapidly growing tissues or buds may cause deformation or injury. To reduce injury potential under these circumstances, immediately wash Barricade G from plant surfaces onto soil.

Do not apply to newly transplanted ferns until after the plants have become established and begin to grow.

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Stachys flordana Oxalis pes-caprae Digitaria spp. Vicia sativa	) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) ) )		
	Oxalis pes-caprae Digitaria spp.	Stachys flordana Oxalis pes-caprae Digitaria spp.	

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## **Weeds Suppressed**

Wandering-Jew

Zebrina pendual

## **VEGETATION MANAGEMENT**

Barricade G may be applied to soil surfaces for preemergence control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in noncropland areas on or surrounding:

- noncrop areas on or surrounding managed rights-of-way for transportation systems and utilities (including roadways, roadsides, railways, and equipment yards)
- facilities including substations, tank farms, pumping stations, parking and storage areas, and ungrazed fencerows

Barricade G provides preemergence control of germinating weed seeds. Most effective weed control will be obtained when Barricade G is activated by at least 0.5 inch rainfall or irrigation, or shallow incorporation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Apply Barricade G at 35 lbs./A in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer periods of control. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 75 lbs./A.

## **NEW PLANTINGS, REPLANTING AND CROP ROTATION**

If areas are to be seeded, do not apply Barricade G until seeded plants are up and well established.

Nursery, landscape, or noncropland areas treated with Barricade G should be rotated only to ornamental species listed on this label for 1 year following application unless the following test has shown species safety:

Before planting a species not listed on this label it is recommended that several test? strips of an indicator plant such as wheat, sorghum or corn be sown into the treated area. If the indicator plants germinate and grow normally to a height of 12 inches with normal root development, it is safe to plant.

In areas disturbed by new plantings or replanting of labeled species, it may be necessary to retreat exposed soil to maintain satisfactory weed control.

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## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

## **Pesticide Storage**

Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

## **Pesticide Disposal**

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

## Container <del>Disposal</del><u>Handling</u>

Paper bags: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty container into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or at an by incineration facility; or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning-locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-800-888-8372, day or night.

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For non-emergency (e.g. current product information) call Syngenta Crop Protection at 1-800-334-9481.

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**SCP 879A** 

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