1162 1PM21 4-161.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Zineb (zine ethylene bisdithlogarbamate)
Gadmium Chloride

Thiram (letramethylthjuram disultide)
INGREDIENTS 大川田子 PREVENTS OR CONTROLS
LAWN DISEASES back panel for Š NET WEIGHT ? CAUTION .. 02 Est 4.N. CHILDREN EPA Reg 50 0 s 50 0 s 50 0 s 4.161

X 0 JAN Ω H $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ T 1986 叶 m U

\$

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
CAUTION
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
reep out of tento of Chatten Do not inhalf dust Allert control with state of control with state of control with state of control, and after use, wash soap and water. For cyes flush with pater.
Constringtion of algorithm becomes the tonic effects of throm

Const. reprien of alcohord polerages increases the round conductive and in amount ENVIRONMENTAL HAZAROS.

This destricte product is toric to fish. But not contaminate water by cleaning of equations of disposal of wastes. But or runoff from freated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water or wellatids.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Unicellibres FOR USE
It is a substitute of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent wire its type-in-

Do not receive reased crop with ecops other than those with registered thiram uses. Do not receiver treated areas within 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is worn.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, tood or feed by storage or disposal Storage Storage or a cool, dry place Pesticide Disposal Unused product that cannot be disposed of according to libed instructions should be disposed of according to Federal, state, and local regulations Container Disposal. Do not reuse empty bag. Wrap bag and put in trash collection

LAWN FUNGICIDE

There are many diseases that attack lawns. Disease damage may seriously injure a tann before the causalive organism is recognized. Therefore, well maintained golf courses and commercial barry receive preventive applications of lawn fungicide in addition to sound management. A preventive program should always be started while the lawn is in 800d con difion prior to sighs of disease

PREVENTION

PREVERSION

Remove waves, dead or fall grass and other debris before treatment. Measure site of fawn to the freated. He sure that correct amount of material is applied at the recommended rate over the measured area. Do not guess, unform application is essential. Mix 3 of (6 heaping fablespoops) in 25% to 3½ galans of water and apply to 3,000 sq. (7 or at the rate of 4 ths with sufficient water for coverage (50.80 gallons pently acre) and apply to ½ acre (21,780 sq. 1). Make first application during latter pail of April or early May before first symptoms of disease are expected. Local conditions will determine period when disease may be expected and applications may be gauded therefrom. Application every 3 to 4 weeks during season usually will suffice to prevent any serious outlineals of furt diseases. If an outleask should occur follow control directions.

Show Mold Apply in the fall after the first killing frost. A second freatment should be applied during mid winter whenever there is no snow on the grass. If snow mold occured the previous year, make an application during early spring and after the last snow has melled.

CONTROL

When damage to lawn has been identified as disease, control should be initiated to prevent expansion over entire tawn and to lessen total damage sustained. More lawn to height of 1½ inches. Remove and destroy clippings If lawn needs water apply same the day before application of fungicide. Mix 6 or (12 heaping tablespoons) in 2½ to 3½ gallions of water and apply to 1,000 sq. ft., or at the rate of 4 lbs. with 25 to 40 gallions of water and apply uniformly to ½ acce (10,870 sq. ft.). Repeat applications every 7-10 days during spring and summer months or until disease is controlled.

Buyer's Gustantee Limited to Label Claims

(e) 1971 & Mile. by BONIDE CHEMICAL CO., INC., Yorkville, N.Y. 13495

LAWN FUNGICIDE

There are many diseases that attack lawns. Disease damage may seriously injure a lawn before the causative organism is recognized. Therefore, well maintained golf courses and commercial lawns receive preventive applications of lawn fungicide in addition to sound management. A preventive program should always be started while the lawn is in good condition prior to signs of disease.

PREVENTION

Remove leaves, dead or tall grass and other debris before treatment. Measure size of lawn to be treated. Be sure that correct amount of material is applied at the recommended rate over the measured area. Do not guess, uniform application is essential. Mix 3 oz. (6 heaping tablespoons) in 2½ to 3½ gallons of water and apply to 1,000 sq. ft., or at the rate of 4 lbs. with sufficient water for coverage (50-80 gallons per ½ acre) and apply to ½ acre (21,780 sq. ft.). Make first application during latter part of April or early May before first symptoms of disease are expected. Local conditions will determine period when disease may be expected and applications may be guided therefrom.

Application every 3 to 4 weeks during season usually will suffice to prevent any serious outbreak of turf diseases. If an

outbreak should occur follow control directions.

>

NET WEIGHT 1 L'

Snow Mold: Apply in the fall after the first killing frost. A second treatment should be applied during mid-winter whenever there is no snow on the grass. If snow mold occured the previous year, make an application during early spring after the last snow has melted.

CONTROL

When damage to lawn has been identified as disease, control should be initiated to prevent expansion over entire lawn! and to lessen total damage sustained. Mow lawn to height of 1½ inches. Remove and destroy clippings. If lawn needs water: apply same the day before application of fungicide. Mix 6 oz. (12 heaping tablespoons) in 2½ to 3½ gallons of water and apply to 1,000 sq. ft., or at the rate of 4 lbs. with 25 to 40 gallons of water and apply uniformly to ½ acre (10,870 sq. ft.). Repeat applications every 7-10 days during spring and summer months or until disease is contrailed.

Buyer's Guarantee Limited to Label Claims

© 1971 & Mfg. by BONIDE CHEMICAL CO., INC., Yorkville, N.Y. 13495

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS. Zineb (zine ethyler y ''....' locarbamate) Cadmium Chloride Thriam (tetramethylthuram disutide) INERT INGREDIENTS: Est 4-N-1 EPA Reg. No. 4-16

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
CAUTION
CAUTION
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
Keep out of reach of children. Do not inhale dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing, to case of contact with skin, eyes, or clothing, to case of contact with skin, eyes, or clothing, and after use, wash thoroughly with soap and water for eyes flush with water. Consumption of alcoholic beverages increases the toxic effect of thiram.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS This pesticide product is toxic to fish. Do not contaminate water by clearing of equipment or disposal of wastes. Drift or runoft from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not rotate treated crop with crops other than those with registered thiram uses. Do not reenter treated areas within 24 hours following application unless protective clothing is worn.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do roll contaminate water, lood, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry place.

Pesticide Disposal: Unused product that cannot be disposed of according to label instructions should be disposed of according to Federal, state, and local regulations.

Container Disposal: Do not reuse empty bag. Wrap bag and put in trash collection.