**Text Searchable File** 

#### MRID No. 443322-27

### DATA EVALUATION RECORD § 72-1 - ACUTE LC<sub>50</sub> TEST WITH A COLDWATER FISH

1.5				
1.	CHEMICAL:	S-Dimethe	namid	<u>PC Code No.</u> : 120051
2.	TEST MATER	IAL: SAN Tech	1289H nical	<u>Purity:</u> 91.1% (S-dimethenamid) 96.3% (tot.dimethenamid)
3.	CITATION:			
		<u>Author</u> : <u>Title</u> :	William C. SAN 1289H T Through Acu Rainbow Tro	Graves and James P. Swigert Technical: A 96-hour Flow- Ite Toxicity Test with the Dut (Oncorhynchus mykiss)
Stu	<u>idy Completi</u>	<u>on Date</u> :	June 4, 199	)6
	Lap	oratory:	Wildlife If	The Doc Plainos II
T.a	horatory Re	port ID.	1311-163	o, Inc., Des Flaines, IL
	<u>M</u>	RID No.:	443322-27	
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4. • • • • •	<u>REVIEWED B</u>	Y: Karl B Golder	Mullock, M.S Associates	S., Associate Scientist, s, Inc.
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	APPROVED B	Y: Pim Ko Golder	salwat, Ph. Associates	.D., Senior Scientist, s, Inc.
	Signature:	P.Kos	Salwat	Date: 10/21/97
5.	APPROVED B	Y:		승규가 공장을 많이 많아야 한다. 것은 것
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	Signature:	foome	A So	Date: (118 19)
6.	STUDY PARA	METERS:	ton U.S	Sally 1/4/98
	Age or S Defi	ize of Tes nitive Tes St	t Organism t Duration udy Method	42-60 mm 96 hours Flow-through
	- У	he or couc	entrations	mean measured as could

7. <u>CONCLUSIONS</u>: This study is scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirements for an acute toxicity test with the rainbow trout. The 96-hour LC<sub>50</sub> was determined to be 6.3 ppm, which classifies SAN 1289H technical as moderately toxic to the rainbow trout. The NOEC was determined to be 3.7 ppm.

2013087

dimethenamid

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Results Synopsis

LC<sub>50</sub>: 6.3 ppm NOEC: 3.7 ppm 95% C.I.: 3.7-11 ppm Probit Slope: N/A

- 8. ADEQUACY OF THE STUDY:
  - A. Classification: Core.
  - B. Rationale: N/A.
  - C. Repairability: N/A.
- 9. <u>GUIDELINE DEVIATIONS</u>: The reported pH was higher and the acclimation period was shorter than recommended. These deviations are not believed to detract from the study's validity.
- 10. SUBMISSION PURPOSE:
- 11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:
  - A. Test Organisms

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
<u>Species</u> Preferred species is the rainbow trout ( <i>Oncorhynchus</i> mykiss)	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
<u>Mean Weight</u> 0.1-5 g	1.9 g		
<u>Mean Standard Length</u> Longest not > 2x shortest	Mean: 51 mm Range: 42-60 mm		
<u>Supplier</u>	Troutlodge Inc., Sumner, WA		
All fish from same source?	Yes		
All fish from the same year class?	Yes		

# B. Source/Acclimation

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<u>Acclimation Period</u> Minimum 14 days	113-day holding period, 52- hour acclimation period
Wild caught organisms were quarantined for 7 days?	N/A
Were there signs of disease or injury?	No sickness or injury within the 7 days prior to testing
If treated for disease, was there no sign of the disease remaining during the 48 hours prior to testing?	N/A
<u>Feeding</u> No feeding during the study	Last fed 52 hours prior to testing
<pre>Pretest Mortality &lt; 3% mortality 48 hours prior to testing</pre>	Pretest mortality not reported

# C. Test System

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<u>Source of dilution water</u> Soft reconstituted water or water from a natural source, not dechlorinated tap water	Well water, filtered and aerated before use.
Does water support test animals without observable signs of stress?	Yes
<u>Water Temperature</u> 12°C	11.8-12.5°C
<u> pH</u> Prefer 7.2 to 7.6	8.2-8.3
<b><u>Dissolved Oxygen</u></b> Static: $\geq 60$ % during 1 <sup>st</sup> 48 hrs and $\geq 40$ % during 2 <sup>nd</sup> 48 hrs, flow-through: $\geq 60$ %	≥81% of saturation during the test
Total Hardness Prefer 40 to 200 mg/L as $CaCO_3$	Mean: 124 mg/L as $CaCO_3$

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Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<pre>Test Aquaria 1. Material:     Glass or stainless steel 2. Size:     Volume of 18.9 L (5 gal) or     30 x 60 x 30 cm 3. Fill volume:     15-30 L of solution</pre>	Teflon-lined polyethylene 25-L 15 L
Type of Dilution System Must provide reproducible supply of toxicant	Continuous-flow diluter.
Flow Rate Consistent flow rate of 5-10 vol/24 hours, meter systems calibrated before study and checked twice daily during test period	Approximately 6 vol/24 hours, meter systems checked twice daily
<b><u>Biomass Loading Rate</u></b> Static: $\leq 0.8$ g/L at $\leq 17^{\circ}$ C, $\leq 0.5$ g/L at $> 17^{\circ}$ C; flow- through: $\leq 1$ g/L/day	0.22 g/L/day
<u>Photoperiod</u> 16 hours light, 8 hours dark	16 h light, 8 h dark
<u>Solvents</u> Not to exceed 0.5 mL/L for static tests or 0.1 mL/L for flow-through tests	Solvent: dimethylformamide Maximum conc.: 0.1 mL/L

D. Test Design

D. TESC DEBIGR			
Guideline Criteria	Reported Information		
Range Finding Test If LC <sub>50</sub> >100 mg/L with 30 fish, then no definitive test is required.	Nominal concentrations based upon results of one exploratory range finding toxicity test.		
Nominal Concentrations of Definitive Test Control & 5 treatment levels; dosage should be 60% of the next highest concentration; concentrations should be in a geometric series	Negative control, solvent control, 1.3, 2.2, 3.6, 6.0, and 10 mg/L, not corrected for purity.		
<u>Number of Test Organisms</u> Minimum 10/level, may be di- vided among containers	20 fish per treatment level or control		
Test organisms randomly or impartially assigned to test vessels?	Yes		
Biological observations made every 24 hours?	Yes		
Water Parameter Measurements <ol> <li><u>Temperature</u> Measured constantly or, if water baths are used, every 6 hrs, may not vary &gt; 1°C</li> <li><u>DO and pH</u> Measured at beginning of test and ever 48 h in the high, medium, and low doses and in the control</li> </ol>	Temperature measured in each chamber at test initiation and termination, and also monitored continuously in one negative control replicate. DO and pH measured every 24 hours in alternate replicates from each control and treatment group.		
<u>Chemical Analysis</u> Needed if solutions were aerated, if chemical was volatile, insoluble, or known to absorb, if precipitate formed, if containers were not steel or glass, or if flow- through system was used	Solutions collected at 0, 48, and 96 hours were analyzed by GC-ECD		

# 12. REPORTED RESULTS:

## A. General Results

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Quality assurance and GLP compliance statements were included in the report?	Yes
Recovery of Chemical	Mean recoveries for each concentration ranged from 103 to 110% of the nominal values.
<u>Control Mortality</u> Not more than 10% control organisms may die or show abnormal behavior.	0% mortality in both negative control and solvent control groups
Raw data included?	Yes
Signs of toxicity (if any) were described?	Yes, signs observed at the two highest concentrations

# Mortality

Concentra	tion (ppm)	Number of Fish	Cumulative Number Dead Hour of Study			
	Mean Measured*					
Nominal			24	48	72	96
Negative Control	ND	20	0	0	0	0
Solvent Control	ND	20	0	0	0	0
1.3	1.4	20	0	0	0	0
2.2	2.3	20	0	0	0	0
3.6	3.7	20	0	0	0	0
6.0	6.5	20	0	0	0	11
10.0	11.0	20	0	2	20	20

\* as total dimethenamid

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<u>Other Significant Results</u>: Signs of toxicity were limited to surfacing and lying on the bottom with little motion other than gill movement. These signs were noted in the 6.5 ppm group at 72 hours, and in the 11 ppm group at 48 hours.

#### B. Statistical Results

Statistical method: binomial method

96-hr LC <sub>50</sub> : 6.3 ppm	95% C.I.: 3.7-11	ppm
Probit Slope: N/A	NOEC: 3.7 ppm	Se Sa

### 13. VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS:

Parameter	Result
Binomial Test LC <sub>50</sub> (C.I.)	6.3 (3.7-11) ppm
Moving Average Angle LC <sub>50</sub> (95% C.I.)	N/A
Probit LC <sub>50</sub> (95% C.I.)	N/A
Probit Slope	N/A
NOEC	3.7 ppm

14. <u>REVIEWER'S COMMENTS</u>: This study is scientifically sound and fulfills the guideline requirements for an acute toxicity test with the rainbow trout. The 96-hour  $LC_{50}$  was determined to be 6.3 ppm, which classifies SAN 1289H Technical as moderately toxic to the rainbow trout. The NOEC was determined to be 3.7 ppm. This study is classified as **Core**.

Karl Bu	llock SAN 1289H RAINBOW T	ROUT 10-13-97		
CONC.	NUMBER NUMBER	PERCENT	BINOMIAL	3
	EXPOSED DEAD	DEAD	PROB. (PERCENT)	Ì.
11	20 20	100	9.536742E-05	
6.5	20 11	55	41.19014	
3.7	20	0	9.536742E-05	
2.3	20 0	0	9.536742E-05	
1.4	20 0	0	9.536742E-05	, ·

THE BINOMIAL TEST SHOWS THAT 3.7 AND 11 CAN BE USED AS STATISTICALLY SOUND CONSERVATIVE 95 PERCENT CONFIDENCE LIMITS, BECAUSE THE ACTUAL CONFIDENCE LEVEL ASSOCIATED WITH THESE LIMITS IS GREATER THAN 95 PERCENT.

AN APPROXIMATE LC50 FOR THIS SET OF DATA IS 6.262622

WHEN THERE ARE LESS THAN TWO CONCENTRATIONS AT WHICH THE PERCENT DEAD IS BETWEEN 0 AND 100, NEITHER THE MOVING AVERAGE NOR THE PROBIT METHOD CAN GIVE ANY STATISTICALLY SOUND RESULTS.