PRODUCT PERFORMANCE / EFFICACY REVIEW

Mark Suarez, Entomologist - IB

DATE:

2 November 2006

EPA REG. NUMBER:

63823-LU

PRODUCT NAME:

TC 253

REGISTRANT:

Management Contract Services, Inc.

PM:

REVIEWER:

George LaRocca, PM 13 Bonaventure Akinlosotu

DECISION #:

DP BARCODE:

367048

330163

ACTION:

R31

ACTIVE INGREDIENT(S):

128897, lambda-Cyhalothrin......9.7%

TYPE:

Spray

OPPTS GUIDELINE(S):

810.1000

810.3000 810.3

MRID:

46831608

GLP ?:

No

SITES:

Indoors and Outdoors

PESTS:

Honeybee; Earwig; Cat flea; mealybug; Millipede; Southern House Mosquito; Clothes moth; Meal moth; Pillbug; Scale; Cellar Spider; Paper wasp; Whitefly

STUDY APPLICATION RATE:

0.9 mL direct contact aerosolized spray; 0.02853 lb AI/ft² applied to particle board 0.02853 lb AI/ft² applied to ceramic tile

LABEL APPLICATION RATE:

 $0.0001 \text{ lb AI/}\Omega^2 \text{ to } 0.0004 \text{ lb AI/}\Omega^2$

STUDY SUMMARY:

MRID 46831608. Uchima, ST. 2005. Laboratory Evaluation of the Experimental Product TC-253 Lambda Cyhalothrin CS V.2A in the Control of Common Pestiferous Arthropods. Unpublished. 49 pp.

The registrant submitted a series of data testing a 9.7% lambda cyhalothrin formulation against a variety of arthropod taxa. The laboratory studies tested the efficacy (i.e., mortality and mortality plus knockdown) of the undiluted formulation. The direct spray assays (application rate of 0.9 mL undiluted product) were conducted against a variety of arthropod pests (i.e., honeybee, earwig, cat flea, mealybug, millipede, southern house mosquito, clothes moth, meal moth, pillbug; scale, cellar spider; paper wasp, and whitefly). Residual efficacy studies were conducted by applying product (application rate of 0.02853 lb AI/ft²) to glazed ceramic tile and particle board and exposing either Indian meal math larvae or adults to for 1 to 24 hours to surfaces aged for up to 90 days.

The results reported for the contact kill studies are summarized below in Table 1. Generally, these data are not supportive of the desired claims for two reasons: the product performed poorly and the label application rate is not specified (see Appendix I).

The residual study was also deemed insufficient to support the desired claims. The product was tested against only Indian meal moth adults and larvae. The mortality observed was inconsistent and the information provided about the weathering of tile and particle board squares insufficient for complete analyses of the results.

ENTOMOLOGIST'S COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

The data submitted do not support any claims against arthropods of public health or economic importance. Data demonstrating that the product is efficacious at the label application rate may be submitted at a later date. Data may also be cited in support of the desired label claims.

Remove all claims against the pests listed below from the label:

- 1. Carpenter Ants
- 2. Fire Ants
- 3. Harvester Ants
- 4. Pharaoh Ants
- 5. Bed Bugs
- 6. Bees
- 7. Carpenter Bees
- 8. Centipedes
- 9. Chiggers
- 10. Cluster Flies
- 11. Cockroaches
- 12. Fleas
- 13. Flies
- 14. Hornets
- 15. House Flies
- 16. Mosquitoes

- 17. Scorpions
- 18. Spiders
- 19. Stable Flies
- 20. Termites
- 21. Ticks
- 22. Yellowjackets
- 23. Wasps
- 24. Wood-infesting Borers and Beetles
- 25. Black Widow Spiders
- 26. Brown Recluse Spiders
- 27. Wood Destroying Insects

Claims against the other pests listed, which are not of public health or economic concern, may be retained on the label. This includes "ants (except Carpenter, Fire, Harvester, or Pharaoh ants)" and "Spiders (except Black Widow or Brown Recluse spiders).

Common Name	Species	Mortality (>90%)	lity (6)	Control Mortality	ortality	Mortality + Knockdown (>90%)	ty + own 6)	Control Mortality + Knockdown	ortality lown
		Time	%	Time	%	Time	%	Time	%
European honeybee	Apis mellifera	4 HAT	100	24 HAT	0	5 MAT	100	24 HAT	0
European earwig	Forficula auricularia					20 MAT	100	24 HAT	0
Cat flea	Ctenocephalides felis					5 MAT	95	6 HAT	12.5
Longtailed mealybug	Pseudococcus longispinus					10 MAT	96	20 HAT	22.5
Millipede	Julus hesperus	20 HAT	100	20 HAT	30	1 HAT	95	10 HAT	25
Southern house mosquito	Culex quinquefasciatus					20 MAT	100	20 MAT	13
Webbing clothes moth	Tineola bisselliella					30 MAT	86	20 HAT	30
Indian meal moth	Plodia interpunctella				*	4 HAT	92	6 HAT	19
Pillbug	Armadillium vulgare	10 HAT	86	10 HAT	48	30 MAT	100	6НАТ	40
Brown soft scale	Coccu hesperidum								
Cellar spider	Pholcus phalangioides		10 STA 10 STA			20 Mat	06	24 HAT	0
European paper wasp	Polisted dominulus					10 MAT	95	24 HAT	0
Silverleaf whitefly	Bemesia agentifolii	20 HAT 100	100	20 HAT	100	6 HAT	100	6 HAT	20

Table 1. The effectiveness of the test formulation against the listed species. The time at which the specified mortality or knockdown plus mortality is indicated in MAT (minutes after treatment), HAT (hours after treatment), or DAT (days after treatment). Grayed blocks indicate that the reported metric never reached or exceeded 90%.

APPENDIX I.

Calculations

Contact Spray

Not specified.

Study Application Rate:

0.9 mL of 9.7% lambda Cyhalothrin formulation applied from a distance of 12"

Residual

Label Application Rate:

$$\frac{1 \text{gallon}}{1200 \text{ feet}^2} \times \frac{8 \text{lb}}{1 \text{gallon}_{\text{water}}} \times 0.015\% \cong \frac{0.0001 \text{lbAI}}{\text{gallon}}$$

Study Application Rate:

$$\frac{0.9mL}{9.6in^2} \times \frac{144in^2}{1ft^2} \times \frac{1 fl.oz.}{29.57mL} \times \frac{1 gallon}{128 fl.oz.} \times \frac{8lb}{1 gallon_{water}} \cong \frac{0.02853 lbAI}{ft^2}$$