

DATA EVALUATION RECORD
AVIAN SINGLE-DOSE LD₅₀ TEST
GUIDELINE 71-1

1. CHEMICAL: XDE-105 (Spinosed or also known as Factor A and Factor D)

Shaughnessey #: 110003

2. TEST MATERIAL: XDE-105; Lot ACD13651; 88% potency as combined compounds; light grey to white solid

3. CITATION A. G. Murray 1992. The Toxicity of XDE-105 to Mallards in a 14-Day Acute Oral Study; Laboratory Project ID A00991; Lilly Research Laboratories, Greenfield, IN 46140; Submitted by DowElanco, Indianapolis, IN 46258-1189; MRID 43414528

4. REVIEWED BY:

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Signature: Joanne S. Edwards

Date: 3/14/95

5. APPROVED BY:

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Date: 3/24/95

6. CONCLUSIONS: This study is scientifically sound, but classified supplemental. For purposes of risk assessment, the single oral LD₅₀ for mallards exposed to XDE-105 is considered to be >1333 mg/kg, which classifies the test material as slightly toxic to birds.

7. ADEQUACY OF THE STUDY: Supplemental

8. RATIONAL FOR CLASSIFICATION: Birds were tripled dosed over a 6 hr period (pg 13 of report, attached). No explanation provided as to why administration wasn't through gelatin capsules or why dosing took place over 6 hrs. Since the authors indicated the second dose immediately followed the first, the EEB will consider for risk assessment purposes that the highest nominal is 1333 mg/kg (= 2/3 of the nominal 2000 mg/kg). The registrant has the option of repeating the study or accepting this approach.

9. BACKGROUND: New chemical EUP.

10. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

A. Test Organisms:

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Species: A wild waterfowl species, preferably the mallard (<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>), or an upland game bird species, preferably the bobwhite (<i>Colinus virginianus</i>).	mallard (<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>)
Age at beginning of test: At least 16 weeks old.	16 wks; initial body weights were 1131 ± 83 g (males) and 980 ± 66 g (females)
Supplier	Whistling Wings, Hanover, IL
Acclimation period: At least 15 days.	approx. 21 days

B. Test System:

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Pen facilities adequate?	yes; temperature in test room averaged 24 to 26 °C; relative humidity was maintained between 47% and 68%; stainless steel pens measured 57.5 X 76.2 X 40.6 cm (W X L X H); two birds Same sex) per pen
Photoperiod: 10-hr light : 14-hr dark is recommended.	10-hr light regime
Diet was nutritious and appropriate for species?	yes; analysis of diet formulation included in report
Feed withheld at least 15 hours prior to dosing?	yes (withheld approx. 17 hours)

C. Test Design:

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Range finding test?	yes
Definitive Test Nominal concentrations: At least five, in a geometric scale, unless LD ₅₀ > 2000 mg AI / kg.	50, 200, 500, 100, and 2,000 mg/kg a.i. (dosages were corrected for purity of test substance)
Controls: water control or vehicle control (if vehicle is used)	control group dosed with 10% aqueous acacia solution
Number of birds per group: 10 (strongly recommended)	6/sex/group; random assignment
Vehicle: Distilled water, corn oil, propylene glycol, 1% carboxymethylcellulose, or gum arabic.	10% acacia (= gum arabic)
Amount of vehicle per body weight: Constant volume/weight % of body weight, not to exceed 1% (1ml/100g).	dosages were adjusted to purity of test substance; see comment below.
Observations period: At least 14 days.	14 days

Comment: The authors stated that corn oil and water were determined to be unacceptable carriers, and that aqueous acacia was determined acceptable at concentrations of XDE-105 ≤80 mg/ml. The study authors administered the test material in three separate doses because of maximum dose volume requirements and the difficulties in maintaining suspensions of the material in the aqueous acacia solution. The total dose volume was 25 ml/kg of body weight, given as three 8.3 ml/kg doses. After the first dose was given a second was given immediately. The authors stated that the dosing time for the entire study was approx. 6 hours.

11. REPORTED RESULTS/QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
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Individual body weights measured at beginning of test, on day 14 and at end of test if extended beyond 14 days?	individual body weights were measured at initiation and on day 14
Mean feed consumption measured at beginning of test, on day 14, and at end of test if extended beyond 14 days?	determined for each pen for days 0-3, 3-6, 6-8, and 8-10, inclusively
Control Mortality: Not more than 10%	none
Raw data included?	no
Signs of toxicity (if any) were described?	yes

Mortality:

Nominal (mg/kg)	Control (10% acacia)	50	200	500	1000	2000
Measured (mg/kg)	-		-	-	-	
No. dead / no. exposed	0/10	0/10	0/10	0/10	0/10	0/10

Reported Statistical Results:

The LD₅₀ was determined to be >2000 mg/kg. A no observed effect dosage was not reported.

Assays

Assays of freshly prepared suspensions indicated that XDE-105 concentrations were 100% to 105% of nominal concentrations. The mean assayed concentrations of suspension samples that were taken prior top dosing and at the conclusion of the dosing period represented 100% to 104% of the nominal concentrations (Table 1, attached).

Signs of Mortality/Toxicity

No mortality or signs of toxicity occurred in birds receiving ≤2000 mg/kg.

Body Weight/Food Consumption

There was no significant difference between male controls and males receiving ≤ 2000 mg/kg. There was no significant difference between female controls and females receiving ≤ 2000 mg/kg. Mean body weight of females receiving ≥ 500 XDE-105mg/kg was significantly increased relative to control birds.

A GLP Compliance Statement was included in the report indicating the study was conducted under GLP. A Quality Assurance Statement was also included.

12. REVIEWER'S DISCUSSION AND INTERPRETATION

Verification of Statistical Results: No; there was no mortality in this study.

The single oral LD_{50} for mallards exposed to XDE-105 is calculated to be >1333 mg/kg (see reason below), which classifies the test material as slightly toxic to birds.

Guideline Deviations:

The following major deviation was noted:

The authors reported that the study employed triple dosing (three equal doses) over 6 hour period with the second dose given immediately (pg 13 of report, attached). No explanation was provided as to why administration was not through a standard route (i.e. gelatin capsules), as the test material is a solid. Also, the study authors did not explain why the dosing took place over a 6 hour period. Since the authors did indicate that the second dose was administered immediately following the first, the EEB considers the highest nominal to be 1333 mg/kg (= 2/3 of the nominal 2000 mg/kg).

Classification: Supplemental; does not have to be repeated if registrant is willing to accept lower LD_{50} value and toxicity classification "slightly toxic".

Rationale: Multiple dosing scheme employed in this study constitutes a major study deviation.

Repairability: No

13. COMPLETION OF ONE-LINER FOR STUDY: Yes

DER dated 3/24/95 (MRID 4244528)

Spinosad

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