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Subject: TPTH -Revised Q_1^* , (3/4's Interspecies Scaling Factor), Female Wistar Rat Study

Caswell No.896E

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The revised unit risk, Q₁*(mg/kg/day)⁻¹ of Triphenyltin Hydroxide (TPTH), based upon fatal pituitary gland adenoma tumor rates is 1.83x10° in human equivalents (converted from animals to humans by use of the 3/4's scaling factor-1994, Tox_Risk, 3.5-K.Crump)*. The dose levels used in the rat study were 0, 5, 20 and 80 ppm of TPTH. The corresponding tumor rates in female rats 14/19, 20/29, 33/38 and 43/46. The memorandum, TPTH Qualitative Risk Assessment, Dietary Studies in Mice and Rats, B.Fisher: 11/28/89 contained the underlying data and statistical evaluation that was used for the above revision of the unit risk of TPTH.

See Memo - Deriving Q₁'s Using the Unified Interspecies Scaling Factors, P.A. Fenner-Crisp, Director-HED, 7/1/94.

cc: Caswell file

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Dose-Response Analysis

The estimate of unit risk, Q_1^* , was based upon fatal pituitary gland adenoma tumor rates in female rats.

Since the female rats had significant differential mortality with incremental doses of TPTH, the estimates of unit risk, Q_1 were obtained by the application of the Multi-Stage Weib model (Tox_Risk program, version 3.5 - K.Crump).

The resulting estimate of unit risk, Q, , is as follows:

Species, Strain, Sex

Tumor

Q (mg/kg/day) in Human Equivalents

Rat, Wistar, Female

Pituitary -

Adenoma (fatal)

1.83x10°

For the conversion to human equivalents, weights of .035 kg for the rats, 70 kg for humans and the 3/4's scaling factor were used.

It is to be noted that Q₁* (mg/kg/day)⁻¹ is an estimate of the upper bound on risk and that (as stated in the EPA Risk Assessment Guidelines) "the true value of the risk is unknown, and may be as low as zero."