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DATA EVALUATION RECORD

§ 72-1 - ACUTE LC₅₀ TEST WITH A COLDWATER FISH

<u>PC_Code_No.</u>: 081301 1. **CHEMICAL:** Captan 2. TEST MATERIAL: THPAM Purity: 95% (A metabolite of Captan) 3. CITATION: H. Kelso, S.J. Kent, D.S. Morris, J.E. Authors: Caunter, and S.E. Magor THPAm: Acute Toxicity to Rainbow Trout <u>Title</u>: (Oncorhynchus mykiss) April 28, 1995 Study Completion Date: <u>Laboratory</u>: Brixham Environmental Laboratory, ZENECA Limited, Brixham, United Kingdom ZENECA Agrochemicals, Fernhurst, United Sponsor: Kingdom Laboratory Report ID: BL5445/B MRID No.: 447388-01 <u>DP Barcode</u>: D252798 **REVIEWED BY:** Karl Bullock, M.S., Associate Scientist, 4. Golder Associates Inc. APPROVED BY: Pim Kosalwat, Ph.D., Senior Scientist,

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- 5. <u>APPROVED BY</u>: Brian Montague, Fisheries Biologist Signature: Dur Montague Date: 6/17/99
- 6. <u>STUDY PARAMETERS</u>: V
 Age or Size of Test Organism: Control average: 40 mm
 Definitive Test Duration: 96 hours
 Study Method: Static renewal
 Type of Concentrations: Mean measured
- 7. <u>CONCLUSIONS</u>: This study is scientifically sound but does not fully meet USEPA guideline requirements for an acute toxicity limit test with a coldwater fish. Only 10 fish were subjected to the single concentration of test material instead of the required 30. The 96-hour LC_{50} was determined to be >126 ppm. The NOEC was determined to be 126 ppm.

Results Synopsis

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LC ₅₀ : >126 ppm	95% C.I.: N/A
NOEC: 126 ppm	Probit Slope: N/A
ADEQUACY OF THE STUDY:	

A. Classification: Supplemental

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1.	CHEMICAL: Captan	<u>PC Code No.</u> : 081301
2.		HPAM <u>Purity</u> : 95% A metabolite of Captan)
з.	CITATION:	
	Authors	· · · ·
	Title	Caunter, and S.E. Magor : THPAm: Acute Toxicity to Rainbow Trout
	14010	(Oncorhynchus mykiss)
<u>Stu</u>	dy Completion Date	- ,
	Laboratory	Brixham Environmental Laboratory, ZENECA Limited, Brixham, United Kingdom
	Sponsor	
		Kingdom
La	boratory Report ID	
	<u>MRID_No.</u> <u>DP_Barc</u> ode	
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4.		l Bullock, M.S., Associate Scientist, der Associates Inc.
	Signature: La	l bulle Date: 4/28/99
		Kosalwat, Ph.D., Senior Scientist, der Associates Inc.
		$d \rightarrow 0 + \dots + $
	Signature: 1	Josalwat Date: 4/29/99
5.	APPROVED BY:	· •
	Signature:	Date:
6.	STUDY PARAMETERS:	
	Age or Size of	Test Organism. Control avorago: 40 mm

Age or Size of Test Organism:
Definitive Test Duration:
Study Method:Control average: 40 mm96 hours
Study Method:
Type of Concentrations:96 hoursMean measured96 hours

7. <u>CONCLUSIONS</u>: This study is scientifically sound and meets the guideline requirements for an acute toxicity test with a coldwater fish. The 96-hour LC_{50} was determined to be >126 ppm, which classifies THPAM as practically non-toxic to the rainbow trout. The NOEC was determined to be 126 ppm.

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- B. Rationale: Inadequate number of test fish for this type of study.
- C. Repairability: N/A

9. <u>GUIDELINE DEVIATIONS</u>:

- 1. Only 10 fish were used in the treatment group; 30 fish are required for a limit test.
- 2. Dilution water was dechlorinated tap water with residual chlorine below the detection limit (<4 μ g/L).
- 3. The test temperature $(14.9 15.6^{\circ}C)$ was greater than recommended $(12^{\circ}C)$.
- 4. The pH (5.57 8.01) was outside of the preferred range (7.2 7.6).
- 5. Total hardness (33 mg/L as $CaCO_3$) was less than recommended (40 200 mg/L as $CaCO_3$).
- 6. The size of the test vessels (16.5 L) and fill volume (10 L) were slighly smaller than recommended (19 - 54 L size, 15 - 30 L fill volume).
- 10. <u>SUBMISSION PURPOSE</u>:Submitted to support reregistration of captan products.

11. MATERIALS AND METHODS:

A. Test Organisms

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<u>Species</u> Preferred species is the rainbow trout (<i>Oncorhynchus</i> <i>mykiss</i>)	Oncorhynchus mykiss
<u>Mean Weight</u>	Mean: 0.73 g
0.1-5 g	Range: 0.33 - 1.00 g
<u>Mean Standard Length</u>	Mean: 40 mm
Longest not > 2x shortest	Range: 35 - 44 mm

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Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<u>Mean Standard Length</u> Longest not > 2x shortest	Mean: 40 mm Range: 35 - 44 mm
<u>Supplier</u>	Exmoor Trout Farm, North Molton, UK
All fish from same source?	Yes
All fish from the same year class?	Yes

B. Source/Acclimation

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<u>Acclimation Period</u> Minimum 14 days	13 days
Wild caught organisms were quarantined for 7 days?	N/A
Were there signs of disease or injury?	No sickness or injury within the 13 days prior to testing
If treated for disease, was there no sign of the disease remaining during the 48 hours prior to testing?	N/A
<u>Feeding</u> No feeding during the study	Fish were last fed 48 hours before testing.
<pre>Pretest Mortality < 3% mortality 48 hours prior to testing</pre>	0% pretest mortality

C. Test System

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
<u>Source of dilution water</u> Soft reconstituted water or water from a natural source, not dechlorinated tap water	Dechlorinated tap water, filtered through activated carbon, an UV sterilizer, and a second set of 25 and $10-\mu m$ filters. Residual chlorine was below the detection limit (<4 $\mu g/L$).

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Does water support test animals without observable signs of stress?	Yes
<u>Water Temperature</u> 12°C	14.9 - 15.6°C
<u>рн</u> Prefer 7.2 to 7.6	Control: 7.33 - 8.01 Treatment: 5.57 - 6.01
Dissolved Oxygen Static: \geq 60% during 1 st 48 hrs and \geq 40% during 2 nd 48 hrs, flow-through: \geq 60%	\geq 93% of saturation during the test
Total Hardness Prefer 40 to 200 mg/L as $CaCO_3$	33 mg/L as $CaCO_3$
<pre>Test Aquaria 1. Material: Glass or stainless steel 2. Size: Volume of 18.9 L (5 gal) or 30 x 60 x 30 cm 3. Fill volume: 15-30 L of solution</pre>	Glass 16.5 L 10 L
Type of Dilution System Must provide reproducible supply of toxicant	Solutions were renewed after 48 hours.
Flow Rate Consistent flow rate of 5-10 vol/24 hours, meter systems calibrated before study and checked twice daily during test period	N/A
<u>Biomass Loading Rate</u> Static: ≤ 0.8 g/L at $\leq 17^{\circ}$ C, ≤ 0.5 g/L at $> 17^{\circ}$ C; flow- through: ≤ 1 g/L/day	0.73 g/L
<u>Photoperiod</u> 16 hours light, 8 hours dark	16 h light, 8 h dark
<u>Solvents</u> Not to exceed 0.5 mL/L for static tests or 0.1 mL/L for flow-through tests	Solvent: None Maximum conc.: N/A

D. Test Design

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Range Finding Test If LC ₅₀ >100 mg/L with 30 fish, then no definitive test is required.	No range 'finding tests were reported.
Nominal Concentrations of Definitive Test Control & 5 treatment levels; dosage should be 60% of the next highest concentration; concentrations should be in a geometric series	Control and 120 mg/L, not corrected for percent active ingredient.
Number of Test Organisms Minimum 10/level, may be di- vided among containers	10 fish per treatment level or control
Test organisms randomly or impartially assigned to test vessels?	Yes
Biological observations made every 24 hours?	Yes
<pre>Water Parameter Measurements 1. Temperature Measured constantly or, if water baths are used, every 6 hrs, may not vary > 1°C 2. DO and pH Measured at beginning of test and ever 48 h in the high, medium, and low doses and in the control</pre>	Temperature, DO, and pH measured at test initiation and daily thereafter in each test vessel. Temperature was also monitored hourly in the control.
<u>Chemical Analysis</u> Needed if solutions were aerated, if chemical was volatile, insoluble, or known to absorb, if precipitate formed, if containers were not steel or glass, or if flow- through system was used	Yes, solutions collected at 0, 48, and 96 hours and analyzed by HPLC.

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12. <u>REPORTED RESULTS</u>:

A. General Results

Guideline Criteria	Reported Information
Quality assurance and GLP compliance statements were included in the report?	Yes, OECD compliance.
Recovery of Chemical 1. % of nominal 2. Limit of detection 3. Method validation	 Measured concentrations ranged from 100 - 108% of nominal (average = 105%). 0.093 mg/L Quality control samples not reported.
<u>Control Mortality</u> Not more than 10% control organisms may die or show abnormal behavior.	0% mortality in the dilution water control group after 96 hours.
Raw data included?	Yes
Signs of toxicity (if any) were described?	No signs of toxicity were observed.

Measured Concentrations

	Toxicant Concentration (mg/L)					
Nominal	al 0 hour 48 hour		96 hour	Mean	% of	
	"New"	"old"	"New"	"Old"	Measured (SD)	Nominal
Control	<0.093	<0.093	<0.093	<0.093	<0.093	_
120	123	120	130	130	126 (5.2)	105

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Mortality

Concentrat	tion (mg/L)	Number of	Cun	ulative	Number D	ead
an a				Hour of	f Study	
Nominal	Mean Measured	Fish	24	48	72	96
Control	<0.093	10	0	0	0	0
120	126	10	0	0	0	0

Other Significant Results: No signs of test material toxicity were observed.

B. Statistical Results

Statistical method: Visual observation

96-hr LC₅₀: >120 mg/L 95% C.I.: Not determined

Probit Slope: N/A

NOEC: 120 mg/L

13. <u>VERIFICATION OF STATISTICAL RESULTS</u>:

Parameter	Result
Binomial Test LC ₅₀ (95% C.I.)	N/A
Moving Average Angle LC ₅₀ (95% C.I.)	N/A
Probit LC ₅₀ (95% C.I.)	N/A
Probit Slope	N/A
NOEC	126 ppm

14. <u>REVIEWER'S COMMENTS</u>: This study is scientifically sound and meets the guidelines for an acute toxicity test with a coldwater fish. The 96-hour <u>LC</u> of >126 ppm classifies THPAM as practically non-texic to the sainbow trout. The NOEC was determined to be 126 ppm. This study is classified as **Core**.

14. <u>REVIEWER'S COMMENTS</u>: This study is scientifically sound and but only partially meets the guidelines for an acute toxicity limit test with a coldwater fish. Only 10 test fish were subjected to the single concentration when 30 are required under current Agency guidelines for a limit test conducted in lieu of a normal multi-concentration study. The 96-hour LC₅₀ of >126 ppm classifies THPAM as practically non-toxic to the rainbow trout. The NOEC was determined to be 126 ppm. This study is classified as **Supplemental**. Though only supplemental a repeat of this study is not required as a second test would not be expected to change the overall toxicity results for this degradate.

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