Shaughnessy No.: 079401

Date Out of EAB: MAR | 1 1 1988

To:	S. Lewis Product Manager 50 Registration Division (TS-767C)	
From:	Frank Davido, Chief Thur Davido Field Studies and Special Projects Exposure Assessment Branch Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-7690	
THRU:	Paul F. Schuda, Chief Exposure Assessment Branch/HED (TS-	769C) Paul F. Johnson
Attached, please find the EAB review of		
Reg./File # : 179,975		
Chemical Name: Endosulfan		
Type Product : Insecticide Active Ingredient		
Product Name : THIODAN® TECHNICAL		
Company Name : American Hoechst Corporation		
Purpose : Question on substitution of a subchronic inhalation study		
for the inhalation exposure study of § 133-4		
Date I	Received: 10/2/1986	Action Code: 400
Date Co	ompleted: 3/11/88	EAB #(s) : 60870
Monitor	ring study requested:	Total Reviewing Time: 1 day
Monitoring study voluntarily:		
Deferra	eferrals to: Ecological Effects Branch	
	Residue Chemistry Branch	
Toxicology Branch		

#### REVIEW OF REENTRY DATA

#### 1. CHEMICAL:

Common name: ENDOSULFAN

Chemical name: 1,4,5,6,7,7-hexachloro-5-norbornene-2,3-

dimethanol cyclic sulfite

Structure:

Other names: Thiodan, cyclodan, and many others CAS# 115-29-7,

RTECS #RB9275000

#### 2. TEST MATERIAL:

THIODAN® Technical

### 3. STUDY/ACTION TYPE:

Waiver Request [Request to substitute a chronic inhalation toxicity study for an inhalation exposure study].

#### 4. STUDY IDENTIFICATION:

Studies entitled, "ENDOSULFAN REREGISTRATION NOVEMBER 1984 DATA REQUIREMENTS. THIODAN® TECHNICAL. EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER 8340-13. SECTION C (TOXICOLOGY)", and submitted by American Hoechst Corp. on January 9, 1985. Reg. File No., 079401; Accession Number, 256,114; Record No., 179,975; No MRID Number available.

#### 5. REVIEWED BY:

James D. Adams, PhD

Chemist

Field Studies and Special Projects Section #5

James D. adams

3/11/1988

#### 6. APPROVED BY:

Frank Davido, Chief

Field Studies and Special Projects Section

Exposure Assessment Branch, HED (TS-769)

3/11/1988

### 7. CONCLUSIONS:

The submitted toxicology data is not a substitute for inhalation exposure data, but it was not the intent of the registration standard to require that data. Inhalation exposure data does

not have to be submitted. It will be reviewed if the Registrant chooses to submit it.

#### 8. RECOMMENDATIONS:

The Registrant should be informed that neither inhalation nor dermal exposure data is required. Their intended study of disipation of dislodgeable foliar residues will suffice.

#### 9. BACKGROUND:

The Endosulfan Registration Standard was issued in November 1984. In response to that Standard, the Registrant has submitted, a subchronic inhalation toxicity study that had previously been submitted to satisfy toxicology data requirements and asks if this data will fulfill the fieldworker inhalation exposure data requirement.

# 10. DISCUSSION OF INDIVIDUAL TESTS OR STUDIES:

The Registrant has previously submitted a protocol for conduct of a dislodgeable residue study. That protocol was reviewed in EAB #60831. The data to be provided by that study would suffice for estimation of fieldworker exposure. [See my review EAB # 60831 of 11/3/87.] That is, the dislodgeable residues can be used with surrogate exposure data [e.g. the exposure correlation of Popendorf and Leffingwell (1982)] to estimate fieldworker exposure at intervals after pesticide application. Neither inhalation nor dermal exposure data are necessary, but they may be submitted as additional support for the Registrant's proposed reentry interval or as an alternative to the disslodgeable foliar data.

## 11. COMPLETION OF ONE-LINER:

Not applicable.

#### 12. CBI APPENDIX:

Not Applicable.