

**DATA EVALUATION RECORD**

1. **CHEMICAL:** 100 Paraffine Oil
2. **TEST MATERIAL:** clear, light amber liquid CAS No. 64742-54-7
3. **STUDY TYPE:** §72-1(a) 96 Hour LC<sub>50</sub> for Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)

4. **CITATION:**

Author: G.A. Rausina and L.S. Glen  
 Title: 96-Hour Aquatic Toxicity Study in Rainbow Trout and Bluegill Sunfish with 100 Paraffine Oil  
 Date: May 27, 1983

Laboratory Report #: 1032

Any Other Study #:

Sponsor: Gulf Refining and Marketing Company

Laboratory: Gulf Life Sciences Center

MRID No.: 413688-34

5. **REVIEWED BY:**

Conchi Rodríguez  
 Biologist

Ecological Effects Branch

Environmental Fate and Effects Division (7507C)

Signature: *Conchi Rodriguez*

Date: 6/16/94

6. **APPROVED BY:**

Harry Craven  
 Supervisory Biologist

Ecological Effects Branch

Environmental Fate and Effects Division (7507C)

Signature: *Harry Craven*

Date: 6/16/94

7. **CONCLUSION:** The study is scientifically sound but does not fulfill the guideline requirements. It is classified as supplemental. Under the conditions of this study, no mortality was observed during the study. The LC<sub>50</sub> for the bluegill sunfish is >100 mg/l of 100 Paraffin Oil. 100 Paraffin Oil is classified as practically non-toxic.
8. **RECOMMENDATIONS:** The following additional information is required to upgrade the study: (1) purity of test material, (2) if this is the technical of the active ingredient or a typical end use product, (3) solubility of the test material, (4) the test vessels materials, and (5) loading.

9. **BACKGROUND**

10. MATERIALS AND METHODSA. Test Organisms

| Guideline Criteria                               | Reported Information        |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Species (Scientific Name)                        | <u>Lepomis macrochirus</u>  |
| Mean Weight<br>(0.5-5 grams)                     | 0.9-2.2 g                   |
| Mean Length(S.L. longest not ><br>2x shortest)   | 35-46 mm                    |
| Supplier   | Sea Plantation, Ohio        |
| All fish from same source (yes<br>or no)         | yes                         |
| All fish from the same year<br>class (yes or no) | not specified in the report |
| Other Comments                                   |                             |

B. Source/Acclimation

| Guideline Criteria  | Reported Information  |
|---|---|
| Acclimation Period<br>(minimum 14 days)   | Not specified, however fish<br>were received 19 days before<br>the beginning of the test. |
| Wild caught 7 day quarantine<br>(yes or no)   | Fish were not caught in the<br>wild.  |
| Check for signs of disease or<br>injury (yes or no, if yes<br>describe)   | Fish were observed for 7 days<br>prior to the beginning of the<br>study.                  |
| If diseased it can be treated<br>in 48-hr pretest no sign of<br>the disease remains (Report<br>hours prior to test in which<br>no sign of disease or N/A) | No diseases reported  |
| No feeding during the study<br>(When last fed)  | No feeding during test, when<br>last fed was not reported.                                |
| <3% mortality 48 hours prior<br>to testing (% mortality, if<br>any)   | No mortality reported.  |

C. Test System

| Guideline Criteria   | Reported Information                                 |
|--|--|
| Describe source of dilution water (prefer soft reconstituted water)  | Charcoal-filtered municipal water                    |
| Does water support test animals without observable signs of stress?  | Not reported.  |
| Was dechlorinated water used (not recommended)   | no   |
| Water Temperature<br>(Warm water-17°C or 22°C)<br>(Cold water-12°C)  | 17.7 - 18.0 °C                                       |
| pH   | 7.3 - 7.7  |
| Dissolved Oxygen<br>(Static 1 <sup>st</sup> 48 hrs 40%;<br>2 <sup>nd</sup> 48 hrs 60%; Flow-through<br>60%) (% of lowest conc. &<br>hour)  | At 72 hrs 98% (9.1 mg/l)<br>At 96 hrs 84% (7.8 mg/l) |
| Total hardness<br>(40 to 48 mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub> well<br>water)   | 101.6 mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>                         |
| Total Alkalinity   | 50.6 mg/l CaCO <sub>3</sub>                          |
| Specific Conductance   | 376.3 μmhos/cm                                       |
| Total Organic Carbon   | Not measured   |
| Test Aquaria<br>1. Material (glass or<br>stainless steel)<br>2. a. Static volume (18.9 L<br>(5 gal or 19000 cc) with 15 L<br>solution)<br>b. Static or flow-through<br>volume (300x600x300 = 54000<br>cc.) | 1. Material not reported<br>2. 25 liters             |
| Type of Dilution System<br>(Reproducible supply of<br>toxicant)  | N/A  |

K

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Flow rate<br>Consistent flow rate-meter systems calibrated before study and checked 2*24 hours<br>- 5 to 10 vol/24 hours | N/A   |
| Biomass Loading Rate<br>(Static no > 0.8 g/L ≤ 17°C;<br>>17°C 0.5g/L; Flow-through<br>1 g/L/24                           | Not reported.   |
| Photoperiod<br>(16 L & 8 D)  | 12 hours light, 12 hours day  |
| Solvents<br>1. (Do not exceed 0.5 ml/L for static tests)<br>2. (Do not exceed 0.1 ml/L for flow-through)                 | No solvents used.   |
| Other Comments   | Static renewal test. Renewed every 24 hours. A glass lid was on top of the vessels. Vessels were stirred vigorously throughout the day. |

D. Test Design

| Guideline Criteria  | Reported Information                |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Range Finding Test</b><br>(LC <sub>50</sub> >100 mg/L with 30 fish, no definitive test required.)  |                                     |
| <b>Definitive Test</b>  |                                     |
| Nominal Concentrations<br>(control+5 treatment levels; dosage should be 60% of the next highest concentration; concentrations should be geometric series) | 1 concentration<br>100 mg/l         |
| Controls<br>(Minimum control mortality; static 10%; flow-through 5%)  | No control mortality                |
| Number of Test Organisms;<br>(Minimum 10/level can be divided among containers)   | 20/level (two vessels with 10 fish) |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| All organisms must be randomly assigned to test vessels. (yes or no, describe if no)  | Yes   |
| Biological Observations (yes or no)   | Not reported  |
| Water Parameter Measurements<br>1. Temperature - record every 6 hrs; >1°C.<br>2. D.O. beginning, 48 hrs, end for control high, medium, and low dose.<br>3. pH beginning, 48 hrs, end for control, high, medium, and low dose. | 1. Recorded daily in all vessels.<br>2. Recorded daily in all vessels.<br>3. Recorded daily in all vessels. |
| Chemical Analysis (needed if aeration, volatile, insoluble, precipitate, not steel or glass, known to adsorb, and flow-through) (yes or no)   | No chemical analysis was done because samples were stored for an excessive period of time.                  |
| Other Comments  | N/A   |

11. REPORTED RESULTS

| Guideline Criteria   | Reported Information    |
|--|-------------------------|
| Mean Measured Concentrations (report conc.)                                | N/A                     |
| Recovery of Chemical (% recovery)  | N/A                     |
| Mortality & Observations (Describe observations & attach mortality tables) | No mortalities observed |
| Author's Comments  | No comments             |

12. STUDY AUTHOR'S CONCLUSIONS / QUALITY ASSURANCE MEASURES

"No mortality or unusual pharmacotoxic signs occurred among the Bluegill Sunfish that were exposed to 100 mg/l nominal concentration of 100 Paraffine Oil. Chemical Analysis of the test water was not performed"

This study was performed before the effective date of the EPA Good Laboratory Practice Standard.

13. REVIEWER'S DISCUSSION AND INTERPRETATION

A. Test Procedure

The following items did not meet the guideline criteria:

1. The test vessel material was not reported. The material should be stainless steel or glass.
2. Loading was not reported. Accepted loading rate is 0.5 g/l.
3. The purity of the test material was not indicated.

B. Statistical Analysis: No statistical analysis was performed because no mortalities occurred.

C. Discussion/Results: There is no indication of low solubility of the compound in the study. However, it was stated that the vessels were agitated vigorously several times during the day. This indicate that the solubility of 100 Paraffin Oil is low. A solvent should have been used.

It is not clear if the test material is a formulated product or the technical grade of the active ingredient. Information on the nature of the test material is needed.

The study is scientifically sound but does not fulfill the guideline requirements. It is classified as supplemental. Under the conditions of this study, no mortality was observed during the study. The LC50 for the bluegill sunfish is >100 mg/l of 100 Paraffin Oil. 100 Paraffin Oil is classified as practically non-toxic.

D. Adequacy of the Study:

1. Classification: Supplemental
2. Rational: Additional information on the purity of the test material, classification of the test material (technical or typical end use product), solubility, test vessels materials and loading must be provided
3. Repairability: Yes