

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Friday, March 10, 2006

<u>MEMORANDUM</u>

Subject: Acute Toxicity Review for EPA Reg. No.: 82874-R/ LM 1000 AF

DP Barcode: D322633

To: Marshall Swindell, PM 33/ Martha Terry

Regulatory Management Branch Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

From: Ian Blackwell, Biologist

Chemistry and Toxicology Team

Product Science Branch

Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

Through: Karen Hicks, Team Leader

Chemistry and Toxicology Team

Product Science Branch

Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

Michele E. Wingfield, Chief

Product Science Branch Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

Applicant: LuminOre Industrial and Marine Coatings, Inc.

FORMULATION FROM LABEL:

Active Ingredient(s):

Copper

Other Ingredient(s):

% by wt.

99.75 0.25

Total: 100.00%

1) <u>BACKGROUND</u>: LuminOre Industrial and Marine Coatings, Inc., has submitted a complete set of acute toxicity and primary irritation studies to support the registration of their product, "LM 1000 AF". The MRID Number is 466600-03.

While the registration product is named "LM 1000 AF", the test material is identified as "L-5500". Upon request, the registrant faxed a letter stating that L-5500 is LM 1000 AF.

The product is sold in three parts. Each of those parts was used in this testing. The product was mixed in accordance with the manufacturer's directions.

2) RECOMMENDATIONS: PSB findings are:

- a) The acute oral, acute dermal and acute inhalation toxicity studies are acceptable.
- b) The dermal sensitization, and, primary eye and skin irritation studies are acceptable.

The acute toxicity profile for File Symbol 82874-R is currently:

Study	MRID Number	Toxicity Category	Status	
Acute Oral Toxicity	466600-03	IV	Acceptable	
Acute Dermal Toxicity	city 466600-04 IV		Acceptable	
Acute Inhalation Toxicity	466600-05	īV	Acceptable	
Primary Eye Irritation	466600-06	III	Acceptable	
Primary Skin Irritation	466600-07	III	Acceptable	
Dermal Sensitization	466600-08	Nonsensitizer	Acceptable	

3) LABELING:

- a) The signal word is "CAUTION".
- b) The Precautionary Statements should state:

"Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling."

c) The First Aid statements should state:

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- · Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- · Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- · Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.

DATA REVIEW FOR ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY TESTING (§ 81-1, 870.1100)

Product Manager: 33

Reviewer: I. Blackwell

MRID No.: 466600-03

Study Completion Date: 5/2/5

Lab Study No.: 16752

Testing Laboratory: Product Safety Laboratories

Authors: Jennifer Durando, B.S.

Quality Assurance (40 CFR §160.12): Included

Test Material: L-5500; 3 part system: QuickCoat copper material,

QuickCoat binder, and MEKP.

Species: Sprague-Dawley rats

Age: 10 weeks Weight: 194-207 g

Source: Ace Animals, Inc.

Conclusion:

3. LD₅₀ (mg/kg):

Males = Not tested

Females> 5,000 mg/kg

Combined =

2. The estimated LD₅₀ is greater than 5,000 mg/kg b.w.

3. Toxicity Category: IV Classification: Acceptable

Procedure (Deviations from §81-1): None

Results.

	(Number Deaths/Number Tested)				
Dosage (mg/kg)	Males	Females	Combined		
5,000 mg/kg	Not tested	0/3	n/a		

Observations: No abnormalities were noted.

Gross Necropsy: No gross abnormalities were noted.

DATA REVIEW FOR ACUTE DERMAL TOXICITY TESTING (§81-2, 870.1200)

Product Manager: 33

Reviewer: I. Blackwell

MRID No.: 466600-04

Study Completion Date: 5/2/5

Lab Study No.: 16753

Testing Laboratory: Product Safety Laboratories

Author: Jennifer Durando, B.S.

Quality Assurance (40 CFR §160.12): Included

Test Material: L-5500; 3 part system: QuickCoat copper material,

QuickCoat binder, and MEKP.

Species: Sprague-Dawley rat

Weight:

Males= 250-264g

Age: 8-9 weeks

Females=175-204g

Source: Ace Animals, Inc.

Summary:

1. LD₅₀ (mg/kg):

Males > 5,000 mg/kg Females > 5,000 mg/kg Combined > 5,000 mg/kg

2. The estimated LD₅₀ is greater than 5,000 mg/kg b.w.

3. Toxicity Category:

IV

Classification: Acceptable

Procedure (Deviation From §81-2): None

Results:

Reported Mortality

	(NUMBER DEATHS/NUMBER TESTED)					
DOSAGE (mg/kg)	Males	Females	Combined			
5,000 mg/kg	0/5	0/5	0/10			

Observations: Brown stains at dose site, "mechanical damage occurred as a result of patch removal and the site was depilated" in 4 animals.

Gross Necropsy Findings: No gross abnormalities.

DATA REVIEW FOR ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY (§81-3, 870,1300)

Product Manager: 33

Reviewer: I. Blackweil

MRID No.: 466600-05

Study Completion Date: 5/2/5

Lab Study No.: 16754

Testing Laboratory: Product Safety Laboratories

Author: Jennifer Durando, B.S.

Quality Assurance (40 CFR §160.12): Included

Test Material: L-5500; 3 part system: QuickCoat copper material,

QuickCoat binder, and MEKP.

Concentration: 2.04 mg/L

Species: Sprague-Dawley rats, albino

Age: 9-10 weeks

Weight: Males = 318 - 352 g; Females = 209 - 232 g

Source: Ace Animals, Inc.

Summary:

1. LC₅₀ (mg/L):

Males > 2.04

Females > 2.04

Combined > 2.04

2. The estimated LC₅₀ is greater than 2.04 mg/L of air.

3. MMAD: 3.55 um

4. Toxicity Category:

IV Classification: Acceptable

Procedure (Deviation From §81-3): None

Results:

Reported Mortality

	(NUMBER DEATHS/NUMBER TESTED)				
Exposure Concentration	Males	Females	Combined		
2.04 mg/L	0/5	0/5	0/10		

Chamber Atmosphere						
Dose Level MMAD GSD Particles < 4.7						
2.04 mg/L	3.55 μm	2.25 μm	67.25%			

Chamber Environment				
Chamber Volume 150 liters				
Airflow	50.4 - 50.9 LPM			
Temperature	21-22° C			
Relative Humidity	38-67%			

Clinical Observations: "Active and healthy"

Gross Necropsy Findings: No gross abnormalities were noted.

DATA REVIEW FOR PRIMARY EYE IRRITATION TESTING (§81-4, 870.2400)

Product Manager: 33

Reviewer: I. Blackwell

MRID No.: 466600-06

Study Completion Date: 5/2/5

Lab Study No.: 16755

Testing Laboratory: Product Safety Laboratories

Author(s): Jennifer Durando, B.S.

Species: New Zealand White rabbit

Weight: Not reported

Age: Young adult

Source: Robinson Service, Inc.

Quality Assurance (40 CFR §160.12): Included

Test Material: L-5500; 3 part system: QuickCoat copper material,

QuickCoat binder, and MEKP.

Dosage: 0.1 mL

Summary:

1. Toxicity Category:

III

2. Classification: Acceptable

Procedure (Deviations From §81-4): None

Results:

	(number "positive"/number tested)							
Observations	Hour	ur Days						
	1	1	2	3	4	7	14	21
Corneal Opacity	0/3	3/3	3/3	2/3	0/3	0/3		
Iritis	3/3	3/3	3/3	0/3	0/3	0/3		
Conjunctivae	-							
Redness	3/3	3/3	3/3	1/3	0/3	0/3		
Chemosis	3/3	2/3	1/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	~ ~ ~	
Discharge	3/3	3/3	2/3	1/3	0/3	0/3		

 ^{- - - =} no observations at this point

DATA REVIEW FOR SKIN IRRITATION TESTING (§81-5, 870.2500)

Product Manager: 33

Reviewer: I. Blackwell

MRID No.: 466600-07

Study Completion Date: 5/2/5

Lab Study No.: 16756

Testing Laboratory: Product Safety Laboratories

Author: Jennifer Durando, B.S.

Quality Assurance (40 CFR §160.12): Included

Test Material: L-5500; 3 part system: QuickCoat copper material,

QuickCoat binder, and MEKP.

Dosage: 0.5 mL of prepared mixture

Species: New Zealand White rabbit

Weight: Not reported

Age: Young adult

Source: Robinson Services, Inc.

Summary:

1. Toxicity Category:

III

2. Classification: Acceptable

Procedure (Deviations From §81-5): None

Results: "For the first 72-hours after patch removal, all three treated sites exhibited well-defined to moderate erythema and very slight edema. Although the overall incidence and severity of irritation decreased thereafter, desquamation was noted for all treated sites between Days 7 and 14 and very slight erythema persisted for all animals through Day 14 (study termination). Some of the irritation observed during this study may be been the result of mechanical injury incurred during patch removal.

Special Comments: None

DATA REVIEW FOR DERMAL SENSITIZATION TESTING (§81-6, 870.2600)

Product Manager: 33

Reviewer: I. Blackwell

MRID No.: 466600-08

Study Completion Date: 5/2/5

Lab Study No.: 16757

Testing Laboratory: Product Safety Laboratories

Author: Jennifer Durando, B.S.

Quality Assurance (40 CFR §160.12): Included

Test Material: L-5500; 3 part system: QuickCoat copper material,

QuickCoat binder, and MEKP,

Positive Control Material: a-hexylcinnamaldehyde

Species: Hartley albino quinea

pigs

Weight: 314-402 g

Age: Young adult

Source: Elm Hill Breeding Labs

Method: Buehler Method

Summary:

1. This Product is not a dermal sensitizer.

2. Classification: Acceptable

Procedure (Deviation From §81-6): None

Procedure: A 75% w/w mixture of the prepared test substance in polyethylene glycol 400 was topically applied to twenty healthy test guinea pigs. This was applied once weekly for a three-week induction period. Twenty-seven days after induction, a challenge dose of the prepared test substance at its highest non-irritating concentration (HNIC, determined in the preliminary irritation screen to be a 50% w/w mixture of the prepared test substance in polyethylene glycol 400) was applied to a naïve site on each quinea pig.

Results:

Induction:

Twenty-four hours after the first induction treatment, 3/20 test material-induced animals displayed faint erythema, usually confluent erythema and 15/20 had very faint, usually nonconfluent erythema. Twenty-four hours after induction treatment #2, 17/20 animals displayed very faint, usually

nonconfluent erythema. Twenty-four hours after induction treatment #3, 11/20 animals displayed very faint, usually nonconfluent erythema.

Very faint to faint erythema was noted for all positive control test sites during the induction phase.

Challenge:

Twenty-four hours after challenge, 11/20 test material-induced animals displayed very faint, usually nonconfluent erythema. At this same point in the study, 5/10 naïve control animals displayed very faint, usually nonconfluent erythema.

Twenty-four hours after challenge, 6/10 positive control animals displayed faint erythema, usually confluent erythema, and, 3/10 displayed very faint erythema, usually non-confluent erythema.