

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

July 7, 1986

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT:

APPLICATION PRACTICE DATA NECESSARY FOR EBDC SPECIAL

REVIEW

FROM:

J. Dean Hansen, Plant Pathologist Science Support Branch Benefits and Use Division (TS-768C)

TO:

Edward Zager, Section Head

Special Registration Section #2

Residue Chemistry Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769C)

Application practice information is herewith supplied for mancozeb, maneb, and Metiram® as requested by your memorandum of May 27, 1986. This should assist you in making the necessary dietary exposure analyses.

APPLICATION PRACTICES FOR FOOD CROP USAGE FOR SELECTED EBDC FUNGICIDES (Mancozeb, Maneb, Metiram and Nabam)

Prepared by:

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and

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July 3, 1986

Application Practices for Food Crop Usage for Selected EBDC Fungicides (Mancozeb, Maneb, Metiram and Nabam)

Nabam (Usage and percentage of crop treated): According to usage data provided by The Economic Analysis Branch, nabam is not currently used on agricultural sites (Ballard, 1985). Nabam's applications are limited to use as a biocide for industrial sites such as cooling towers, paper mills and sugar mills. (For agricultural use, the standard practice was to tank mix nabam with zinc sulfate prior to application to form a product equivalent to zineb.) Thus agricultural use practices for nabam are not addressed in this report.

Mancozeb, Maneb and Metiram - Use Rates:

Use rates and number of applications for individual EBDC fungicides vary not only with the type and variety of crop, but also vary with the growth stage of the crop, the anticipated disease pressure, and the environmental conditions under which a crop is grown. For example, apples grown in the midwest require

under which a crop is grown. For example, apples grown in the midwest require more frequent applications of an EDBC fungicide than the apples grown in the Northwest, because environmental conditions in the midwest are more conducive to disease development than conditions in the Northwest. Therefore, dosage (number of applications times use rate) must be presented as a dosage range.

Sites:

The sites are representative of the major uses for mancozeb, maneb and metiram. These are presented in table 1A, 1B, 1C and 1D for mancozeb; 2A, 2B, 2C, 2D, 2E and 2F for maneb and 3A and 3B for metiram.

Percentage of Crops Treated:

The estimated percentage of crops treated with EBDC fungicide is based on 1979 estimates of the number of US acres receiving EBDC treatments and the total US acres in production. The 1979 estimates were obtained as part of the EBDC RPAR process and the US acreage production figures were obtained from the 1978 Census of Agriculture. It is assumed that the EBDC treated acreage has not significantly changed since 1979. This information is presented in table 4.

-2- EVA JULIAN LA CORALA ON E'S SITES, APPLICATION RATES, AND USE PRACTICES FOR EBDC'S

Table 1A.

(For representative crops for which MANCOZEB is registered)

Carrots Alternaria leaf spot	Caprifigs (internal fruit rot)(Fusarium) Molds	Cantaloupe Downy mildew	Cabbage Downy mildew Alternaria	Bananas Cercospora leaf spot	Asparagus Rust	Apples Fruit rots Leaf spots Twig blight
1.2-1.6 lb/A	3.3 1b/100 gal (as a dip)	1.6-2.4 lb/A	0.8-2.4 lb/A	1.6-3.4 lb/A	1.6-2.4 lb/A	NUMBER NUMBER POUNDS/ACRES FOUNDS/ACRES MINIMUM O.8-24 15/100 gal 5 (200-600 gal/A)
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12		14	ø	16	44	NUMBER SEASONAL APPLICATIONS AINIMUM MAXIMUM 5 12
7.2 to 19.2		12.8 to 33.6	4.8 to 21.6	12.8 to 54.4	6.4 to 9.6	DOSAGE RANGE A.I. (No. appl. x rate) (pounds) 8 to 120
0 day PHI. 7 to 10 day interval Begin at first disease occurrence.	After 4 to 5 loads, replace mixture.	5 day PHI. 5 to 7 day intervals.	7 day PHI. 3 to 10 day intervals.	0 days PHI. Begin when disease first appears and repeat at 2 to 3 week intervals.	Apply to field after harvest.	PREHARVEST INTERVALS (PHI) AND LIMITATIONS 21 days PHI. for a few states. 30 days PHI. for all others through 10 pounds per acre. Delayed dormant and cover sprays.

(For representative crops for which MANCOZEB is registered)

Onion Blotch Blast and Downy mildew	Melons (Misc) Downy mildew	Grapes Black rot Bunch rot	Fennel	Cucumber Downy mildew	Cranberries	Crabapples Fruit rots Leaf spots Twig blight	Celery Blights (Transplant to harvest= 85 to 100 days)	CROP
2.4 1b/A	1.6-2.4 lb/A	1.2-3.4 lb/A	1.57-1.7 1b/A	1.57-2.5 lb/A	2.4-5.0 lb/A	0.8-1.7 lb/100 gal (200-500 gal/A)	1.6-1.7 lb/A	USE RATES A.I. FOUNDS/ACRES
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14.4 to 19.2	12.8 to 33.6	3.6 to 20.4	11 to 20.4	9.4 to 37.5	12 to 60	8 to 120	11.2 to 20.4	DOSAGE RANGE A.I. (No. appl. x rate)
7 day PHI. Begin when disease first becomes visible.	5 day PHI. 5 to 7 day intervals.	66 day PHI. for all states except CA. For CA: Do not apply after fruit sets.	7 day PHI. Apply at emergence and at 7 day intervals.	5 day PHI. Begin when first true leaf emerges or at first disease occurrence, then every 5 to 14 days.	30 day PHI.	15 days PH1, through 8.4 pounds per acre Delayed dormant and foliar applications	14 day PHI. Field application every 7 to 10 days. Or: Every 3 to 5 days for plant-bed.	PREHARVEST INTERVALS (PHI)

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Table 1C.

SITES, APPLICATION RATES, AND USE PRACTICES FOR EBDC'S (cont'd)

(For representative crops for which MANCOZEB is registered)

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Quince Fruit rots Leaf spots Twig blight	Potato Blights	Pineapple	Pears Fruit rots Leaf spots Twig blight	Peanuts Cercospora leaf spot	Papaya Anthracnose Phytophthora fruit rot	Onion Blotch Downy mildew Blast	CROP BO
0.8-1.7 lb/100 gal (200-500 gal/A)	0.8-1.6 lb/A	25.2-27 lb/100 gal/N (at planting)	0.8-1.7 1b/100 gal (200-500 gal/A)	0.8-1.7 1b/A	1.57-2.1 1b/A	1.6-2.4 lb/A	USE RATES A.I. FOUNDS/ACRES
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12	v	anting)	12	14	14	©	ASONAL TIONS MAXIMUM
8 to 120	9.6-14.4	25.960 27	8 to 120	4.8 to 23.8	9.4 to 29.4	9.6 to 19.2	(No. appl. x rate)
15 days PHI. through 8.4 pounds per acre Delayed domnant and foliar applications	0 days PHI. Apply when plants are 4 to 6 inches tall.	Preplant dip for treatment of plant-ing material	15 days PHI. through 8.4 pounds per acre Delayed dormant and foliar applications	14 day PHI. 7 to 14 day interval.	O days PHI. Apply at flowering to crown, blossom area, central column and developing fruit.	7 day PHI. 7 day interval.	PREHARVEST INTERVALS (PHI)

Table 1D.

SITES, APPLICATION RATES, AND USE PRACTICES FOR EBDC'S (cont'd)

(For representative crops for which MANCOZEB is registered)

Watermelons Downy mildew	Tomato Blights	Sugar beet Cercospora leaf spot	Sweet Corn Rust	Sweet Corn Helminthosporium	Squash, summer Downy mildew	CROP
1.6-2.4 lb/A	1.2-2.4 lb/A	1.2-1.7 lb/A	1.2 1b/A	1.2 lb/A	1.57-2.5 lb/A	USE RATES A.I. FOUNDS/ACRES
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14	15	12	v	18	15	ASONAL TIONS MAXIMUM
12.8 to 33.6	4.8 to 36	4.8 to 20.4	2.4 to 6	18 to 21.6	12.6 to 37.5	DOSAGE RANGE A.I. (No. appl. x rate) (pounds)
5 day PHI. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals.	5 day PHI. Begin application when the first fruit clusters are visible and continue every 7 to 12 days.	14 day PHI. Apply at first disease occurrence. Repeat at 7-10 day intervals.	7 day PHI. Begin when disease appears and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals.	7 day PHI. 4 to 7 day intervals.	5 day PHI. Begin when first true leaf emerges or at first disease occurrence, then every 5 to 14 days.	PREHARVEST INTERVALS (PHI) AND LIMITATIONS

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Table 4. Estimated Percentage of Food Crops Treated with EBDC Fungicides

Estimated	Total	Percentage of
Acres Treated	us acres	Crop Treated
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		2
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		41
2,300	141,439	1.6
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		42
		19
· •	·-	39
•	· •	68
66,900	253,020	26
9,000	72,144	12
52,600	127,697	41
24,000	87,247	27
1,156,000	1,395,150	85
58,400	341,374	17
7,000	33,031	21
	674,128	27
		34
141,000	181,436	77
	8,975,538	4
50,000	1,317,141	3.8
275,000	1,434,353	19
10,000	1,248,823	<1
1,000,000	54,457,876	1.9
15,000	- pang pinan state state	
	184,000	Acres Treated US Acres 184,000 577,000 <500