

## STATE OF TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37243-0435

JAMES H. FYKE COMMISSIONER PHIL BREDESEN GOVERNOR

Via UPS EXPRESS

October 20, 2008

Mr. James I. Palmer, Jr. Regional Administrator US EPA, Region IV Atlanta Federal Center 61 Forsyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303

RE: Tennessee's Response to EPA's Recommended PM<sub>2.5</sub> Nonattainment Designations

Dear Mr. Palmer:

As the Commissioner of the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation, I am designated to file the recommended annual and 24-hour attainment designations for Tennessee as required by the Clean Air Act. Tennessee offers the following comments regarding the PM<sub>2.5</sub> nonattainment designations recommended by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as outlined in EPA's August 19, 2008, letter to Governor Bredesen. Current data trends indicate attainment to be achieved by all counties and partial areas described in this letter.

Knox, Anderson, Blount, Loudon, and Roane Counties

Tennessee accepts the proposed Greater Knoxville area boundaries, as described in the aforementioned letter, under one condition: EPA should not determine final designation of the Knoxville area boundaries until all data flag requests have been resolved. A number of flags have been requested yet no replies have been issued. Even if none of the flags are approved, Knox, Anderson, Blount, Loudon, and Roane counties are very likely to achieve attainment, based on 2006 through 2008 design values. Tennessee will submit 2008 data when it has been certified. The Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) will have scrubbers online at Bull Run Fossil Plant by the end of 2008 and, in two phases, at the Kingston Fossil Plant in 2009 and 2010.

Montgomery County

Montgomery County should be classified as "unclassifiable" by the December 18, 2008, deadline, and monitoring data support our declaration that Montgomery County will measure attainment. Ambient  $PM_{2.5}$  data for 2007 may be skewed by the impact of Georgia and Florida wildfires during 2007. The preliminary  $PM_{2.5}$  98<sup>th</sup> percentile value from January 1, 2008, to September 30, 2008, is  $28.1\mu g/m^3$ . For Montgomery County to even violate the standard, the 98<sup>th</sup> percentile concentration would have to be at  $36.8\mu g/m^3$ . In addition, projection through the end of 2008 indicates the design value for 2006 through 2008 would be  $32.6\mu g/m^3$ , well below the 24-Hour  $PM_{2.5}$  standard of  $35\mu g/m^3$ . Data for 2008 will be certified before the February, 2009, deadline to have these measurements considered.

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Humphreys and Stewart Counties

Stewart County and Humphreys County should be classified as "attainment." However, if EPA moves forward to designate Montgomery County nonattainment with respect to the 24-Hour PM<sub>25</sub> NAAOS, and if EPA determines that Humphreys and Stewart Counties are also nonattainment, then EPA should designate only significantly contributing portions of Humphreys and Stewart Counties.

EPA has proposed to designate Humphreys and Stewart Counties in their entirety as PM25 nonattainment areas, even though only Stewart County is located within the Clarksville, Tennessee metropolitan statistical area (MSA). EPA has previously concluded that a partial area of a county may be designated nonattainment if that partial area includes the point of concern. Tennessee believes this same situation exists for both counties of Humphreys and Stewart, if both are non-attaining.

The primary sources of concern are two coal-fired power plants: the TVA New Johnsonville Fossil Plant in Humphreys County and TVA Cumberland Fossil Plant in Stewart County. The proposed boundaries for the partial areas that include these power plants are census block groupings as listed in Table 1 and mapped in Attachment 1 (Humphreys County) and Attachment 2 (Stewart County). If EPA determines that Humphreys and Stewart Counties must be designated as nonattainment, the EPA should designate only the census block groupings indicated in Table 1 and the attachments.

Table 1: Census Block Groups

County	Census Block Groups
Humphreys	1070 (up to the northern boundary of the right-of-way U.S. 70), 1071, 1072, 1073, 1074
Stewart	2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043

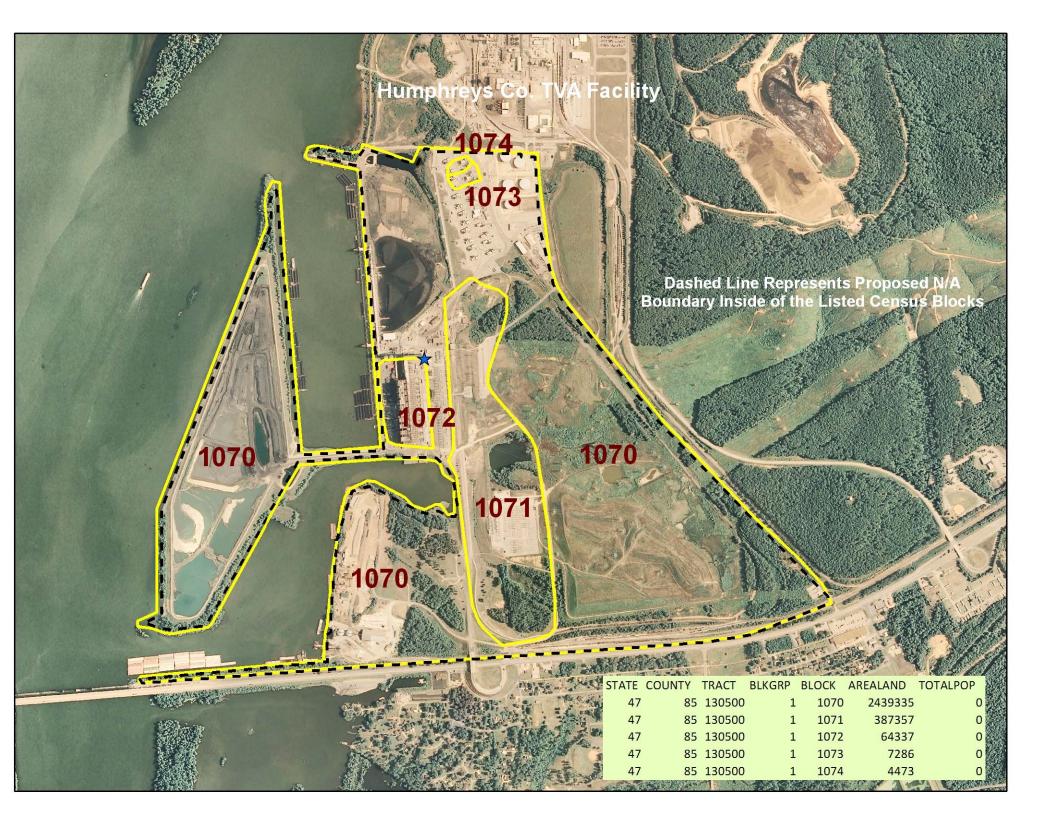
At each of the TVA power plants, SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>X</sub> emissions continue to decline, and any further control methodologies would be federally enforceable through operating permit conditions and continued NO<sub>x</sub> SIP Call provisions within Tennessee Air Pollution Control Regulations. As stated in TVA's letter to EPA, dated October 1, 2008, TVA Cumberland Fossil Plant in Stewart County has two combustion units with each unit's emissions controlled with low-NO<sub>X</sub> burners, selective catalytic reduction, electrostatic precipitators, and wet limestone scrubbers. Also, the TVA Johnsonville Fossil Plant in Humphreys County continues to utilize electrostatic precipitators and selective non-catalytic reduction as emission controls on all ten units.

In conclusion, Tennessee appreciates your time to assist us to preserve air quality in the Knoxville and Clarksville areas while moving forward with growth and development opportunities on behalf of the citizens we serve.

ames H. Fyke

## ATTACHMENT 1

Census Block Groupings for Humphreys County, TN



## **ATTACHMENT 2**

## **Census Block Groupings for Stewart County, TN**

